IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

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THE

Bombay Gazette

No. 56,042.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

ALWAYS ASK FOR

ZIG-ZAG

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 4.30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
29th Aug.	SALSETTE ..	6700	MONGOLIA ...	10000
6th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
13th ,,	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA...	10500
20th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	...
27th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
4th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
18th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE...	6000	MOREA.....	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

21st Feb.	CALEDONIA..	800	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	...	...
7th Mar	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	...	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE....	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
4th Apl.	HIMALAYA...	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	... ...	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE ...	6000	MONGOLIA....	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA...	8000	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE, "A" rate.	"B" rate.	RETURN. "A" rate.	"B" rate
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	594 or	495	891 or	742-8
,, LONDON	627 or	523	940-8 or	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE.)

Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for

MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL, &c.

OUTWARD SAILING 1913.

STEAMERS.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about	Call M'selles or Naples about	Arrive Bombay about	Arrive Karachi about
City of Glasgow	6529	.....	.....	22 Aug.	.....
Trafford Hall*	5321	12 Aug.	.....	6 Sept.	.....
City of Lahore*	6875	3 Sept.	11 Sept.	23 ,,	.....
City of Poona†....	7467	20 ,,	27 ,,	.....	12 Oct.
City of Sparta*....	5415	25 ,,	3 Oct.	18 Oct	.....
City of London†.....	9000	2 Oct.	8 ,,	22-23 ,,	.....
City of Benares.....	6975	8 ,,	... ,,	.....	31 Oct.
City of Calcutta†....	7630	11 ,,	18 ,,	3 Nov	.....
City of York*	7810	21 ,,	29 ,,	13 ,,	.....
Trafford Hall*.....	5321	12 ,,	21 ,,	7 Dec.	.....

* Calling at Naples.
† Calling at Marseilles.
Excepting the Trafford Hall, all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class passengers.

FARES,	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	861	429	649
London viâ Marseilles.....	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employes, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, and Tea Planters etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardness.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fans fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi, and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Norddeutscher Lloyd and Cunard Line.

Most of the above Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For passages and full particulars, apply to :—
Bombay—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons Agency.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

Empress Pale

AND

Housewife's Friend

Fine Household Soaps.

Can be obtained everywhere

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers Tons Sailing Date Time Route viâ.
Dwarka.....1695 Thurs. 28th August 9 a.m. direct.
Linga .....2185 Friday 29th Aug. ‡ 6 a.m. direct.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dwarka," 1,195 tons, on Thursday 28th August, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S. "Bankura," 3,159, tons, on Thursday the 28th August, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
*Palamcotta	3413 Thursday	4th Sept.
†Lindula	3358 ,,	18th Sept.
*Pentakota	3419 ,,	2nd Oct.
†Pundua	3305 ,,	16th Oct.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR COAST PORTS, COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "Chindwara" 5,192 tons, on or about 30th August 1913.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY,
26th August, 1913.

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... £ 400,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-HOLDERS ..... £ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :—
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BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	,,	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur.
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liuyoang	Tiltling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. CO.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Marienbad..	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Sept.
Gablonz.....	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Oct.
Habsburg....	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Oct.
Marienbad...	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Nov.
Cleopatra ...	4039 ..	...	16th Nov.
Gablonz.....	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Dec.
Habsburg ...	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Dec.
Marienbad .	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Jan. 14.
Cleopatra ...	4039..	....	16th Jan. ,,
Semiramis ..	3999..	P. Pavissich	1st Feb. ,,

Homeward Passenger Season 1914.

(ACCELERATED SERVICE.)

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Gablonz.....	8000	G. Gilhuber ...	10th Feb.
*Habsburg ...	3979	E. Seberich ...	16th Feb.
Cleopatra	4039	.....	1st Mar.
Marienbad ...	8000	B. Bednarz ...	10th Mar.
*Semiramis ...	3999	P. Pavissich ...	16th Mar.
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber ...	1st April.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich ...	10th April
*Cleopatra ...	4039	.....	16th April
Marienbad.....	8000	B. Bednarz ...	1st May.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavissich...	10th May.
*Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber..	16th May.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich...	1st June.

* Call at Karachi on the 18th and leave on the 20th.

ORDINARY SERVICE viâ KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about 191
Nippon	..6350	E. Tarabochia	28th Dec. 1914.
Fr. Ferdinand.	6046	A. Leva	...28th Jan.
China	6017	E. Tarabochia	26th Feb.
Vorwaerts	5990	S. Cilunak	...28th Mar.
Austria	7583	D. Cosulich	... 1st May.
Nippon	..6350	N. Giurovich	30th May.
Persia	5845	G. Bartole	...30th June.
Fr. Ferdinand.	6046	A. Leva	... 1st Aug.

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice	Rs. 500	
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 750	
,, London via Trieste ..	Rs. 579 to	644*
To London via Trieste and back	,, 908 to..	1038*

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs. 350	
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 525	
,, London via Trieste ..	,, 429 to	449†
,, London via Trieste and back	,, 682 to	722†

*Fares according to class of Railway.
†Fares according to route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs. 450	
,, Trieste or Venice and back	,, 675	
,, London via Trieste ..	,, 529 to	594*
To London via Trieste and back	833 to	963†

*Fares according to Route and Class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and return tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren, and other routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Marittima Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN viâ COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about
Persia.....	5895	G. Bartole	5th Sept. 1913

For further particulars regarding passages apply to—

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S.N. Co.
52, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE).
BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
President	3310	Schutt	28th Augt. 1913
*Konig	4900	Coltzan	17th Sept. 1913
Markgref	3680	Jantzen	2nd Oct. 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

* Wireless Telegraphy and Twin screw.

For rates and particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & CO.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street,
Bombay, 25th August, 1913.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of The "Bombay Gazette," Ld.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Murree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHARE-HOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
88, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Amritsar	Hongkong	New York
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Puket
Bombay	Karachi	Rangoon
Calcutta	Klang	Saigon
Canton	Kobe	Seremban
Cebu	Kuala	Shanghai
Colombo	Lumpur	Singapore
Delhi	Madras	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Taiping, (F.M.S.)
Hamburg	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Medan	Yokohama

Correspondents in all the principal cities of the world.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.
Office Hours, 10.30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
SATURDAY, 10.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

Capital authorised	Rbls 55,000,000	
Do. subscribed	,, 45,000,000	=say £4,745,000
,, subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Govt. Kouping Taels	3,500,000	=say £ 455,000
Reserve Funds	Rbls. 23,300,000	=say £2,455,000
		7,655,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON OFFICE:—64, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent. per annum on balances up to 1 lac; above that by special arrangement. Fixed deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security, and all descriptions of Banking business transacted.

G. B. ADAMSON,
Manager

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AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.

Apply for particulars and sample to the MANAGER, Industry, Shambazar Calcutta.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai ,, Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	,,	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE :—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

CANVAS

David Corsar & Sons

Best Flax Canvas

For full particulars apply :—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,

BANK STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

WATCHES OF QUALITY.

Our Popular Watch.
Nickel Rs. 15, Silver Open Face Rs. 25, Htg. Rs. 28, Half Htg. Rs. 30.

Waltham American Lever Watch.
Nickel Crystal Face Rs. 22-8, as used by Railway Companies.

Our Original Campaign Watch.
Nickel Crystal Face Rs 25, Silver Crystal Face Rs. 40.
Silver Hunting Rs. 45, Silver Half Hunting Rs. 45.
Gold Crystal face Rs. 200, Htg. Rs. 235, Half Htg. Rs 240.

Our Square Watch.—For pocket or table use.
Sterling Silver Rs. 70. 18 Carat Gold Rs. 375.

Our "Extra Flat" Dress Watch.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 55, Htg. Rs. 55, Half Htg. Rs.60.
Gold Crystal face Rs. 200, Htg. Rs. 235, Half Htg. Rs. 245.

Our "Portfolio" Watches.
Cases in Lizzard, Crushed Morocco, Crocodile and long grain, with 30 hours or Eight-day movements from Rs. 22-8 to Rs. 48.

Our "Lentille" Pocket Watch.
Silver Case Rs. 40, Gun Metal Rs. 32.

Our "Military" Pocket Watch.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 45, Hunting case Rs. 50, Half Htg. Rs. 50.

Our "Standard" Gold Watch No. 2.
Gold 18ct. Crystal face Rs. 200, Hunting case Rs. 240, Half Htg. Rs. 240.

Our "Standard" Gold Watch No. 1.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 300, Htg Rs. 320, Half Htg. Rs. 325.

Our "Coventry" Watch English-made.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 70, Hunting Rs. 75, Half Htg. Rs. 80.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 275, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 300.

The "Kew" English Watch, made on the model lines of the English Watch by the same manufacturer which secured highest result at the Royal Observatory Kew.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 95, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 105.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 350, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 375.

The Super-Excellent English Watch.
The acme of horological perfection.
B Quality, small size, Silver Crystal face Rs. 110, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 115.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 450, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 500.
A Quality, Silver Crystal face Rs. 175, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 200.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 550, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 600.

Wrist Watch.
The "Military Model." Leather enclosed model which in wear discloses dial only of watch.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 37-8, Gold from Rs. 110.
The "Ideal" with light leather wristlet attached, disclosing in wear, entire watch.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 37-8, Gold from Rs. 130.
The "Marque." The movement of this wrist watch screws into the case and being dust and air-proof obviates the risk of dust or perspiration affecting the movement.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 40, 18 Carat Gold Rs. 160.
Wrist watches in a variety of gold and jewelled models with fine leather straps, silk fastenings, gold milanese web bracelets, &c, from Rs. 90.

A GUARANTEE GIVEN WITH EVERY WATCH WE SELL.

DISCOUNT, 10 per cent. on above prices for cash.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, ETC., BOMBAY AND POONA.

AFTERNOON TEA CAKES

MONGINI BROTHERS'

SPECIALITIES.

CONVERSATION	MOKA
POLONAIS	SUBLIME
MILLE-FEUILLE	ST. HONORE
VENITIEN	YOLANDA
CAPRICE	PISTACHIO
NOISETTE	PARADISE
IDEAL	JAPONAIS

N. B.—Orders should be Registered before 9 A.M. on the day on which they are required PANETTONI every THURSDAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLIVE OIL.

What we offer is the pure, genuine and unadulterated produce of the Olives and it is unquestionably the best for the Table and the Kitchen.

			Rs.	As.
OLIVE OIL, the best produce of Lucca (bottled in Bombay)		per bottle...	1	4
Do.	in original tins of 10 Kilos	per tin...	19	0
Do.	do. 5 ,,	,, ...	9	8
Do.	do. 2 ,,	,, ...	4	0
Do.	do. 1 ,,	,, ...	2	0
SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the best and the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can also be taken as a medicine with the best of results; bottled in Italy by Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, Rs. 3 per bottle. In half litre bottles..			1	12
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in litre bottle, per bottle ..			2	12
In half litre bottle, per bottle			1	8

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—
"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—
9½ inch by 4½ inch...Re. 1 per hundred
9½ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per ,,
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charger Rs. 3 per 1,000.
6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PRINTING PRESS.

THE SOLE MANAGEMENT of a Printing Press WANTED, by a European thoroughly capable of taking full charge of Newspaper or Jobbing Office. A practical man in all departments. Highest credentials both Indian and English. Disengaged in about five months. Apply "R. H." "Bombay Gazette."

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

SCRAP IRON.

OFFERS are invited for the PURCHASE of 5,000 Tons of SCRAP WROUGHT IRON and CAST STEEL SCRAP. Of the 5,000 tons, 3,000 tons will be first class scrap and 2,000 tons second class scrap, including cast steel. The first class scrap consists of boiler sheets, tender tank plates, pieces of flat, round and angle iron, Locomotive fire bars, panel plates, under-frames, &c., and second class consists of small pieces of iron and steel including rivets, bolts, dog spikes, buffer sockets and small cuttings, wheel centres, cast steel wheels, crossings &c., &c. The purchaser must be prepared to take delivery of the whole quantity within two months from date of acceptance of offer and pay 50 per cent. of total cost 15 days after his offer is accepted and the remainder before any delivery of any portion of the quantity mentioned can be made.

2. In the event of the purchaser desiring to export any portion of the scrap out of India the quantity to be exported will be delivered in Wagons at ships-side at Kiamari and carried at the cost of the purchaser at condemned Railway Material Rate of freight from such places as the scrap is now lying. The bulk of the scrap is at Lahore and a portion at Sukkur and Karachi If necessary, the quantity intended for export will be collected at Karachi Stores Yard, till a steamer is ready to take the scrap, but this must be done within the two months mentioned in para 1 and loading charges into wagons at Karachi Stores Yard must be paid by the purchaser at the rate of 3 annas per ton.

3. No selection whatever of the scrap offered will be allowed. The Chief Storekeeper of the Railway will determine the description of scrap that will be classed as first class and as second class, and his decision shall be final. Steel trough sleepers are not included in the lots of Scrap Iron offered for sale.

4. Intending purchasers must remit in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes, the sum of Rs. 5,000 to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, as earnest money with a covering letter stating that the amount has been remitted in connection with tender for purchase of scrap iron and his receipt attached to the Form of tender. This amount will be wholly forfeited to the Railway in the event of the purchaser failing to execute the necessary agreement within 7 days after acceptance of tenders. Offers will not be considered unless earnest money shall have been paid before the tenders are opened.

5. The rate quoted must be per ton and tenderers can quote either for first or second class scrap or for both Form of tender showing conditions of sale etc. can be obtained from the CHIEF STOREKEEPER, North Western Railway, on payment of Rs. 2.

6. Covers containing offers which should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for purchase of scrap iron" must be addressed to the Agent, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, and must reach his office on or before 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, September 24th, at which place, time and date they will be opened in the presence of any tenderers who wish to be present.

7. The Agent does not bind himself to accept any offer and reserves the right to reject part or whole of the offers submitted.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, the 20th August, 1913.

THE DELHI AND NORTHERN INDIA FLOUR MILLS CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, No. 17 and 18, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 2nd September, at 3-30 P. M., (S. T.) to transact the following business :—

1.—To Receive the Director's Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1913.

2.—To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.

3.—To appoint an Auditor and to fix his remuneration.

4.—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 24th August to the 2nd September both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 15th August, 1913.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, the 26th August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Pabani House, Cooperage, Fort, opposite the Bandstand, valuable and handsome household furniture (some pieces by Wimbridge and Dewji Canjee), such as dining-room chairs, mirror sideboard, dinner waggons, meatsafe, teapoys, rich glass and porcelain ware, upholstered sofas and easy chairs, large cabinet writing tables, rich engravings table ornaments, iron and brass bedsteads marble top dressing and washhand tables, mirror door almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes and hanging presses, rich carpets, etc

The property of R. Tilemann, Esq., of Messrs. Schroder Smith and Co., proceeding to Europe.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view from 9 a.m. (S.T.), to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 26th August, 1913.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

LOAN NOTIFICATION.

Particulars and conditions of two 4 per cent. Loans having a currency of 40 years each.

(1) The first Instalment of Rs. 35 Lakhs, of the 70 Lakhs Loan for Reduplication of the Tansa Water Works Main and other Auxiliary works, repayable in 40 years ending 1st June 1954.

(2) The first instalment of Rs. 10 Lakhs of the 20 Lakhs Loan for Street Improvements, repayable in 40 years ending 1st May 1955.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India, the Municipal Commissioner, on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, hereby invites tenders for the above Loans.

2. The Loans are to be raised on the security of the General Revenues of the Bombay Municipality, subject to any prior charges in respect of balances of previous Loans not yet fully paid off.

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the above Loans will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, up to 12 o'clock, (noon) Bombay Time, on TUESDAY, the 9th September, 1913. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500.

4. Each tender must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and enclosed in a sealed cover, superscribed,

(I) "Tender for Rs. 35 Lakhs of the 70 Lakhs Loan for Reduplication of Tansa Main."

(II) "Tenders for Rs. 10 Lakhs of the 20 Lakhs Loan for Street Improvements."

The superscription should be strictly adhered to.

5. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in Rupees or Rupees and Annas; it must not contain a fraction of an anna; if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender or tenders and further reserves to himself the right to accept the whole, or such portion only, as he may think proper, of any sum tendered for.

7. Tenderers, whose tenders are accepted, will have to pay into the Chief Accountant's Office the whole amount of the tender not later than the

(1) 30th November 1913 in respect of the loan for 35 Lakhs for the Reduplication of Tansa Main.

(2) 31st October 1913 in respect of the loan for 10 Lakhs for Street Improvements.

8 In the event of any of the above Loans being over-subscribed the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders, provided that no allotment will be made in respect of any portion of a tender thus distributable which amounts to less than Rs. 500.

DEPOSITS.

9. A sum equal to 2 per cent. on the par value of the debentures tendered for must be deposited with each tender. A separate deposit must be made in respect of each tender. Interest will not accrue until payment of the tendered amount in full is made, as specified in clause 7.

10. Deposits must be in one of the following forms:—

(a) Cash or Currency Notes.

(b) A cheque drawn in favour of the Municipal Commissioner on a Bank in Bombay.

(c) Government promissory Notes, Municipal, Port Trust, or Bombay Improvement Trust Debentures, blank endorsed.

11. Deposits not being Government Promissory Notes, or Municipal, Port Trust or Bombay Improvement Trust Debentures, will, in the case of tenders accepted either wholly or in part, be credited in part payment of the total amount of an accepted tender.

12. If, after the acceptance of any tender either wholly or in part, the allotment is not fully taken up by the date specified above, the deposit in connection with the tender will be forfeited.

13. Deposits on tenders which may not be accepted, either wholly or in part, will be returned without interest, on application to the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

14. Interest will be paid half-yearly in Bombay at the rate of four per cent. per annum, and a sufficient sum will be set aside annually and invested, in such manner as may be authorised by the law for the time being in force, to provide for the payment of the whole of the principal of the Loans on the dates of repayments mentioned above.

15. Interest will accrue on accepted tendered amounts only from the dates of payment in full into the Chief Accountant's Office, and will be paid in Bombay, by the Bank of Bombay, or such other Agent or Agents as may be appointed by the Corporation from time to time in that behalf, as follows :—

(1) With regard to the Loan of Rs. 35 lakhs for Reduplication of Tansa Main, from the date of payment in full to the 30th November 1913, on 1st December 1913 and thereafter on the 1st June and 1st December of each year.

(2) With regard to the 10 lakhs Loan for Street Improvements, from the date of payment in full to the 31st October 1913, on 1st November 1913 and thereafter on the 1st May and 1st November of each year.

16. To each tenderer, whose tender is accepted either wholly or in part, and who pays the amount of the accepted tender on or before the dates specified in clause 7 above, scrip receipts for payments made will be granted by the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality. Debentures will be issued in exchange for such receipts as soon as possible.

17. Forms of tender can be obtained on application at the Chief Accountant's Office.

J. CRERAR,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 22nd August, 1913.

LONDON
HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
(Near the Houses of Parliament.)
FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the
PROPRIETOR.
Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS"
LONDON.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds Library, Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest designs made and supplied,—Chuckla, No. 6.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

VARIETIES.

THE EXCELSIOR TRIO in a Pantomime Act. A charming little Dancing Scena.

MLLE. BENZONI and MLLE. DORION. French Ballet Dancers. Their last appearance in Bombay.

PICTURE PROGRAMME.

INSTRUCTIVE.
Pathe's Gazette.
U. S. ARTILLERY.

COMIC.
Hop it.
Bobby and Tiny Tim.

"SATAN, THE RED DEVIL."

The last part of this famous film introduces us to modern Melodrama. It is a striking story of industrial strife.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

BANKS.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up) „ 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)... „ 36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES :—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES :—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.
FORT, BOMBAY.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A waranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

THE WORLD'S ALL.
OUR ATANK NIGRAH PILLS ARE
THE WORLD'S ALL
as they give strength and vigour much desired. They are in use throughout the World, amongst rich and poor, males, and females, young and old. They require no observance of diet, and in all seasons blessing the users with memory, energy, good appetite, etc., thus restoring them to full health.

Re. 1 for a tin with 32 Pills.

Available Everywhere.
Or from :—
VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar, (India,)
KALBADEVI,
BOMBAY.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

TO-NIGHT!

NEW PROGRAMME. 3 STAR DRAMAS.

A DAUGHTER OF THE RED-SKINS.

A Thrilling and Exciting American War Drama.

LADY GODIVA

A Splendid Historical Picture-Portrayal, after the Poem by Lord Tennyson.

THELLY'S HEART. Coloured Drama.

WIFFLES IN A PANIC. Laughter all the way.

3 SHOWS OF 1¼ HOURS.

7 to 8-15 ; 8-30 to 9-45 ; 10 to 11-15.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

MALARIA FEVER AND INFLUENZA.

THE OLD REMEDY THAT IS STILL THE MOST CERTAIN CURE, IS

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS.
On Sale everywhere. Price Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY DADAR BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 5.

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths

FROM

1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA), LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
FORT,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

SHELL MEANS SATISFACTION

SHELL MEANS SPEED

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKCS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

G MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

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REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 ½ inch by 3½ inch Rupee 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10. Apply to Box No. 414, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office;

BRASSO

Liquid Metal Polish.

The Best Polish in the Market for brass work and all kinds of Metals.

Obtainable from all shops.

If you have a

MOTOR CAR

keep it bright with

BRASSO

Manufactured only by

RECKITT & SONS.
HULL, ENGLAND.

CEMENT

Phaeton Brand.

Guaranteed best English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY
(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6
Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED.

WANTED, BOOK-KEEPER, for Central Provinces. Must be thoroughly competent and conversant with up-to-date methods of book-keeping. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating salary required, to—
THE KATNI CEMENT and INDUSTRIAL Co., Ltd.,
Cox's Building, Hornby Rd., Bombay.

WANTED.—A RELIABLE ELECTRICIAN to take charge of a small installation. Must be able to attend to lighting, fans and motors. Write stating full particulars to Box No. 952 care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—By young Lady POST as COMPANION to European or Indian Lady. Apply Box No. 921, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A SMART CONTRACTOR, for the sale of Newspapers. Applicants must be prepared to deposit Rs. 100 as security on appointment or applications will not be considered. Apply with full particulars to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—ROOM and BOARD, with private family, for European gentleman. Moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 950, "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.

MILD STEEL TUG—One year old, English built, 54' by 12½' by 6', C. S. C. Engines, large boiler, steam winch, £2,000.

TEAK STEAM LAUNCH.—Copper fastened throughout, 38' by 8' by 5'. Perfectly new (Lloyd's tested) boiler and new C. S. C. Engines £450.

Apply Box No. 10, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—(1) A FLAT, on Second Floor, in Harbour View, No. 7, Colaba Causeway. Monthly Rent Rs. 70.

(2). FOURTH FLOOR, in House, No. 20, Church Gate Street. Monthly Rent Rs. 50.

(3) BUNGLI, on top floor, in House, No. 42-44, Custom House Road. Monthly Rent Rs. 25.

Apply to—
JAFFUR CASSUM MOOSA,
Jail Road, Umerkhari,
Agakhan's Chawl.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free N. from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

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Yearly	Rs. 20
Half-yearly	„ 11
Quarterly	„ 6
Monthly	„ 2
SINGLE COPY	ONE ANNA.

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Yearly	Rs. 26 0
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N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always the made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette,"

See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... „	0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per Inch.
Second Insertion ... „	3-8 do.
Third Insertion ... „	3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ... „	2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ... „	2-0 do.
Minimum charge ... „	6-0 do.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Surada, 3,400 tons, Captain R. S. B. Butler, sailed yesterday for Angerhead (Java) with ballast.

The Steamer Soyo Maru, 2,923 tons, Captain T. Maki, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via Madras, with the same bottom and a general Cargo.

The steamer Sildra, 2097 tons, Captain A. Bryn, will sail to-days for Calcutta with ballast.

The Steamer Strathlyon, 2846 tons, J. Carr, will sail to-day for Hamburg and Dunkirk with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Saturday, 23rd August, 1913, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Fox ..... Capt Caulfield ..... R Navy
H M S Alert .....Comdr Wood ..... R Navy
H M S Philomel...Comdr G P G Ballard...R N
H M S Espiegle...Comdr Nunn.....R N
H M S Lawrence .. Lt Comdr Finnis...R I M
R I M S Dufferin ..Comdr E J Headlam...R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton ...R I M
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr W C Taylor R I M
R I M S Investigator...Capt Hickman...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Aug. 25.

BrinKburn.....2440 Proctor .....K N & Co.
Bankura ..... 1205 Whytehead ..M M and Co
Chin ..... 4160 Tocque.....China...P & O Co
Dwarka ..... 789 Moxon .....M M and Co
Hild.....1144 Salvesan.....F F C and Co
Islami.....1604 Hughes..... T M & Co
Khosrua.....2410 Hannah .....Jeddah..... T M and Co
Kola ...570 Minnett .....M M and Co
Massilia...3250 Tomson.....W and A G and Co
Maria Valerie..... 2343 Galovich.. A L S N Co
Nurani.....2370 Atkin .....T M and Co
Redbridge ... .2444 Vassey .....L'pool... W and A G and Co
Rysbergen..... ..... Burgen..... .....
Saaed..... 157 Bonsfield.....Port Said..... Arab Strs Ld
Sildra.....5097 Bryn .....The Bombay Co
Samset.....3302 Hatch...The Standard Oil Co
Strathearn..... 2845 Braddon.....K N & Co
Urlana ..... 3383 Pratt.....M M and Co
Uhenfels ... 3568 Olbronn ...W & A G and Co
Ujina .....3426 Hill .....M M and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 25.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Des.	Date.	Agents.
A Iran	4036	Peabody	...Dunkirk	2-9	K N and Co
G & R Wartenfels	2334	Reimers	...Karachi...	29-8	...W & A G & Co
D&E Chanda	3960	Gut-Cunningham			M M &Co
F Kawachi Maru	3821	Ohrishansen	...Kobe	28-8	...N Y Kais a
H Banca	3791	Gerwood	.....P and O Co
K Kanzler	1865	Schepp	...A Strandes & Co
M Croetsfels	3383	Sacken	..W & A G & Co
N Strathcarron	2606	Hutchinson	..T M & Co
O Umgeni	1667	Hogger	...Port Said...	27-8	...W & A G and Co
P Strathgyle	2337	Brown	...Philadelphia...	28-6	...I F & Co
Hoseinee	934	Fanning	...T Morrison & Co

Off side K

President	2086	Schutt	.....Durban.....		A Strandes and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Ula	3423	Oliver	.....		M M and Co
2 Massilia	3210	Thomson	...L'pool...	1-9	...W and A G and Co
3 Fort Salid	3385	Batto	..Genoa.....	30-8	M Italiana
3 Strathlyon	2846	Carr	...Dunkirk...	25-8	K N and Co
4 Bassano	2782	Boxhall	.....Hull...	23-8	..J Finlay & Co
6 City of Sparta	3498	McNeil	27-8	KN & Co
7 Tannenfels	3411	Gerdes	.....Hamburg	28-8	..W and A G and Co
8 Marienthal	4775	Bednas	.....Trieste	1-9	...A L S N Co
9 Assaye	4359	Coldwell	...Shanghai...	27-8	P and O Co
10 & 11 City of York	5022	Bumner	...	28-6	KN and Co
12&13 Arabia	4098	Palmer	...London.....		P and O Co
12&13 Caledonia	3429	Dowell	...London...	23-8	P & O Co
14 Linga	951	Manley	.....Karachi.....		M M & Co
15 Schildturm	3026	Cleppenburg	.....		W and A G and Co
16 Amatonga	2093	Wooster	...L'pool...	28-8	K N & Co

H W P D

Indravati	524	Samsoodin	.....Bo S N Co
Netravati	699	Falcera	.....bo S N Co
Sabarmati	524	Samsoodin	...Bo S N Co

Off side P

Badria	1613	Fisher	.....Arab Strs Ld

ARRIVALS

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination
25	H M S Fox...	Caulfield ...	Colom

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels	Commanders.	From
25	Sarada.....	Butler	Angerhead
	Soyo Maru ...	Maki	Calcutta

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Sildra Byn for Calcutta.
" Strathlyon Carr for Hamburg etc.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Dwarka for Persian Gulf.
" Massilia for Liverpool etc.
" Singu for Rangoon.
" Rysburgen for Rangoon.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Natal Line Co's. steamer "Umsinga," arrived Weymouth from Bombay on the morning of the 23rd instant.

The German East Africa Line Co's. steamer "Konig," left Mombasa for Bombay on Sunday.

The Messageries Line Co's. steamer "Sydney," left Colombo for Bombay on August 24 and she is expected here on Wednesday 27 at 7 a. m.

DAILY EXPORTS—AUG. 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Sparta s—20,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co ; 1,684 cwts linseed cake, 1,652 cwts cottonseed cake, K Devchand and Co.

Massilia s—200 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons ; 2,400 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 10 bales wool, M Dagha ; 200 bales cotton Gaddum and Co ; 1,620 cwts till cake, S Pestonjee and ; 3,639 cwts linseed oil cakes, Breul and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of York s—506 cwts mustared seed 25 cwts appricoteseed, R Jiwandas and Co ; 500 cwts groundnuts (unshelled) 500 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers ; 200 mustardseed, Volkart Bros ; 7,200 wheat Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 6,500 cwt wheat, K Devchand and Co.

Massilia s—100 cwts cashewnuts, M Jaferbhoy ; 2,973 cwts wheat 1,980 cwts linseed, 900 cwts mustaedseed, 7,890 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Schildturn s—120 cases goat skins, E N Stein.

FOR HULL.

Strathearn s—3,100 cwts cottonseed, 3,280 cwts cottonseed, B S Lloyd and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Brinkburn s—550 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 4,004 cwts linseed C Boggian. and Co.

Iran s—220 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, 24,000 linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Brinkburn s—141 bales hemp, F Khoodchand.

FOR HAMBURG.

Strathbyon s—100 cwts cottonseed oil cake meal, Indian Cotton Oil Co.

DAILY IMPORTS—AUG. 25.

Steamer Port Said from Genoa Agents Marittima Italiana—1,334 cratis 5,200 crates 2,500 bundles flooring tiles, 700 bundles marble tiles, 114 cases haberdashery, 354 cases caps, 7 cases medicines, 550 bags almonds, 2,385 bags 400 baskets potatoes, 2 bags rice, 12 bundles hides, 43 bundles skins, 2 bales hemp canvas, 85 cases twine, 93 cases canvas shoes, 188 cases brass wire, 41 cases copperwire, 30 cases pelitery roots, 5 cases yellow metal sheathing 64 cases 1 cask wine, 371 cases vermouth, 60 bags red earth, 40 cases dry roots, 363 cases 18 drums 16 barrels colours 3 cases horns 8 cases 3 tubs cheese 4 cases chocolate, 3 cases confectionery, 3 cases 2 bags provisions 104 cases 2 bales paper, 5 bags nuts, 500 bags cumminseed 79 cases m e o shells, 100 cases slates, 305 slabs 73 sheets 975 marble, 50 cases sugar, 36 cases combs, 642 cases cotton goods, 13 cases cotton and silk goods, 9 cases silk goods, 12 cases cotton and woolen goods, 4 cases woollen goods, 2 cases woollen and silk goods, 98 cases mixed piece goods, 4 cases 130 bales, cotton yarn, 3 bales khaki drills, 29 bales silk waste yarn.

Steamer Rijsbergen from Basein Agents. M M and Co.—71,890 bags rice.

Steamer Dwarka from Persian Gulf Agents, M M and Co.—30 bags galls 383 bags almonds, 4 crates dates, 25 baskets wet dates 15 bundles green dates, 16 bundles empty gas cylender 3 bundles specie.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E. V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 26th August, 1913.

757. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

Dress.—Mufti.

758. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range at Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, will be open for practice every Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

759. Machine Gun.—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A. B. S. Hayne, at Head-Quarters, today Tuesday the 26th instant, at 6-45 p.m.

II. The Machine Gun Class of "F" Company will parade every Wednesdays at 7 a.m. at Head-Quarters.

760. Recruits Parade.—"G" Company Recruits will parade on Wednesday the 27th instant at 7-30 a.m. at the Bombay Gymkhana.

Dress.—Mufti.

Arms and Accoutrements will be issued on the parade ground.

II. All Recruits of the current season will parade at the Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, every Fridays at 6-30 p.m.

761. Musketry.—The Range is reserved for Spoon Shoot on Sunday 31st August Distance.—700 yards 600 yards Figures 4 a d 3.

762 Lectures.—In accordance with Brigade Order No 194 dated 23rd July 1913, Major W H W Hope, R G A will give a lecture today the 26th August 1913 at the R G A Lecture Room at 7-15 p. m.

Subject.—The operations in Italy during 1805 and the effect of the Naval actions at Trafalgar in the same.

All Officers and members of Volunteer Units are invited to be present.

Dress.—Plain Clothes.

II The Adjutant will, give a lecture on Thursday, the 28th instant, at, 7 p m at Head-Quarters.

Subject.—Attack

All ranks are invited to attend.

763 Promotions.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions in "H" Company with effect from this date:—

No 6885 Corpl P Fox to be Sergt
No 6841 L-Cpl N Goddard do
No 6567 „ L Hayter do
No 6868 „ E Gill do
No 6854 „ W Casling to be Corporal
No 6607 „ R Murray do
No 6879 Cadet C Cribb to be Lance Corpl
No 6800 „ M Cubes do
No 6744 „ J Morris do
No 6877 „ M Sauerman do
No 6884 „ C Sinclair do
No 6873 „ C Thomas do

(8d.) F. H. JAMES, Captain, Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 25th August, 1913.

196 Semaphore Signalling Class—Tuesday 26th instant The Semaphore Signalling Class will parade at Head Quarters at 7 p m

197 Educational Lecture—The following is published for information :—

Tuesday 26th instant at 7-15 p m at R G A Lecture Room Major W H W Hope R G A will deliver a lecture on:—

"The operations in Italy during 1805 and the effect of the Naval Actions at Trafalgar in the same."

(3d). A. D CURTIS, Lieut. R.G.A. Offg. Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY CAPTAIN STANLEY REED, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 23th August, 1913.

1. Riding School for Recruits and members of the Corps daily from 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Mufti.

2. There will be the usual drill at the Town Hall to-day Tuesday the 26th instant from 6 p.m. All Recruits are requested to attend.

(3d). D. W. WILSON, Lieut. Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 24th Aug. to 6 a.m. on the 25th August :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	0	0
Total mortality from all causes		70

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LENGACHER—On August 25th, at Wellington House, Apollo Bander, Bombay, to Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Lengacher, a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

YULE—At Rockcliff, Mussoorie, on the 3rd August, the wife of Captain G. U. Yule, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

BINNY—At Hindhead, Surrey, on the 14th August, the wife of Captain A. J. M. Binny, 1st D. Y. O. Lancers, of a daughter.

MANOLESCUE—At Simla, on the 19th August, the wife of Mr. E. Manolescue, Jind State, of a son.

DEATH.

COEN—At Lucknow, on the 5th August, William John Coen, C. E., in his sixty-ninth year.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Improvement Trust, 4 p.m.
Funeral Lodge Service by Lodge Rising Sun 506 S. C. in memory of the late Mr. P. B. Jeejeebhoy at Freemasons' Hall, Fort, at 6-45-p m. (S. T.).
Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30 only.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim : Dare difficulties and you ll overcome them.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette," with the outward mails of the 15th inst., left Aden, at 6 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay, at 5 a.m., on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday, at 2-30 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	1-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Col. R. E. P. Pigott, C. I. E., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Batln., B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6-15 p.m. this evening :—

Hungarian March ...Hunyadi Laslo.....Erkelf
Overture ...La Rine Blanche .....Metra
Valse.....Sobre Las Olas.....Rosas
Selection ...Patience .....Sullivan
Barcarolle...Contes D'Hoffmann ..Offenbach
Serenade ...O Sole Mio ....Capua
Dans Ancient .....La Cinquantaine .....Laid
Two Step...I'll Dance thine sad breaks ... ...Joyce

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—A lecture on "Hygiene" was delivered by Dr. C. Coutinho at the Bombay Educational Society's School on Saturday last, the Principal presiding. The lecture was illustrated with magic lantern slides.

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel R. C. H. Barnard, V. D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p. m. to-day.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Mauritius, via Tuticorin and Colombo per s.s. "Lightning" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. to-day.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. "Assaye" will be closed at the General Post Office at 10.30 a. m. to-morrow. Parcel mail for China closes at 10 a. m. on the same day.—Mails consisting of specially superscribed correspondence for Ceylon, Singapore, China and Japan per s. s. "Kawachi Maru" will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p. m. to-morrow.—A mail for Egypt and Europe consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Messageries Maritimes s. s. "Sydney" will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 3 p. m. on Wednesday the 27th instant. Letters, &c., for Aden, and Berbera, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Daresalam, Tanga, Ibo and Mozambique will also be despatched by this steamer. Parcel mail for France closes at 2-30 p. m. the same day.

In connection with the Postal Service between Southern India and Ceylon, all unregistered mails interchanged between India and Ceylon, will be carried by the new Railway route, which should be opened on the 1st January next. The daily steamer service between Tuticorin and Ceylon will be maintained for very large foreign mails, namely, mails to and from Australia, Further East and South Africa. Parcels and money orders will also be dealt with at Tuticorin.

WEATHER IN INDIA.

SOME LARGE FALLS OF RAIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

The depression continues to move rapidly. Its centre this morning was near Jodhpur in Rajputana. It has not given heavy general rain, but some large local falls are reported from Central India west, and north Gujrat. The Bay current has not been giving much rain, and the activity of the Arabian Sea current shows a tendency to decrease. There are indications of the formation of another depression at the head of the Bay.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Rajputana, Central India west, and Mysore; fairly general in Gujrat and the Central Provinces; Local in Assam and West Coast. A few falls also occurred in Bengal and Orissa, the United Provinces, Sind, South Bombay, and the Deccan.

The principal amounts are: Victoria Point and Tavoy, three inches; Diamond Island two; Allahabad and Jhansi, one; Meerut, a half ; Kotah, four; Udaipur, one; Mount Abu, three; Deesa, seven; Surat, two; Ahmedabad, one and a half; Neemuch, three; Belgaum, three-quarters; Mercara one-and-a-half.

Forecast :—An increase of rainfall in North-West India.

AT SEA.

The steamer 'Rysbergen,' Captain J. Burgen, which arrived in harbour on Sunday from Bassein reports having experienced light S. W. and W. Winds.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer 'Dwarka,' Captain W. Moxon, which arrived in harbour on Sunday from Busreh via Karachi met with strong monsoon weather.

STORM SIGNAL.

The Port Officer, Bombay, has received the following telegram on August 25th from the Meteorological Department, Simla :—

Depression crossing head of peninsula may give strong winds on coast between Karachi and Bombay commencing this evening.

LATER.

Depression now near Jodhpur winds likely to increase to-day on Sind coast.

Appended is Monday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Name of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the last 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Roshire 24th	95·3	82·0	...	0·00
Jask	101·3	85·8	...	0·00
Muskat 24th	102·3	85·1	...	0·00
Multan	97·8	74·5	...	7·37
Rawalpindi	99·4	79·1	...	13·63
Lahore	101·4	83·2	...	15·04
Sirsa	98·3	82·0	...	14·91
Ambala	...	...	..	...
Delhi	97·0	79·8	...	12·80
Agra	96·5	80·0	...	6·97
Mainpuri	95·3	80·6	...	8·41
Jhansi	91·6	75·0	1·05	8·49
Cawnpore	93·6	79·0	..	14·54
Allahabad	91·1	77·0	0·99	19·11
Jacobabad	108·1	80·8	0·2	1·61
Karachi	87·0	77·0	0·04	19·66
Ajmer	96·6	76·2	0·65	8·97
Jaipur	94·2	73·1	...	11·42
Kotah	79·6	74·6	3·93	14·11
Bhuj	89·9	79·4	0·05	23·61
Dwarka	...	...	...	
Verawal	81·1	75·8	0·77	24·31
Rajkot	84·1	73·8	0·11	25·05
Bhavnagar Para.	87·5	74·8	0·06	31·25
Surat	85·9	75·6	2·25	33·34
Ahmedabad	83·6	74·7	1·51	27·32
Deesa	87·8	73·4	7·04	30·43
Neemuch	79·9	71·5	2·23	21·79
Indore	74·1	70·1	0·35	34·72
Jubbulpore	81·8	72·8	0·40	26·70
Saugor	83·3	70·1	...	20·98
Hoshangabad	81·1	72·4	0·25	33·79
Khandwa	...	...	...	...
Akola	82·2	71·5	6·04	20·22
Amraoti	75·8	70·3	0·24	29·71
Nagpur	81·1	72·8	...	40·43
Chanda	82·5	72·5	0·02	40·78
Raipur	81·7	73·6	0·02	31·20
BOMBAY	84·1	78·7	0·03	62·89
Ratnagiri	84·8	75·9	0·07	62·10
Mormugao	84·0	73·7	0·31	78·48
Karwar	82·7	77·0	0·15	79·06
Malegaon	80·9	70·6	0·04	11·42
Ahmednagar	78·1	67·0	...	17·74
Poona	82·0	69·8	0·06	21·55
Sholapur	89·8	68·6	...	10·8
Bijapur	85·7	67·8	...	8·80
Belgaum	77·3	69·5	0·82	29·71
Aurangabad	78·4	67·5	0·05	15·57
Nizamabad (Indur)	83·4	70·2	...	33·64
Hyderabad	79·3	69·7	...	12·75
Mangalore	85·3	74·8	0·34	73·14
Calicut	82·8	74·1	0·22	63·37
Cochin	84·2	76·7	...	62·66
Colombo	86·5	76·0	...	12·40
Masulipatam	93·8	78·2	...	7·20
Ballary	87·5	74·3	...	8·07
Cuddapah	94·5	76·5	...	5·28
Madras	99·0	81·5	...	3·94
Bangalore	81·8	64·3	...	9·36
Coimbatore	87·4	70·8	...	2·33
Trichinopoly	98·1	77·8	...	1·95
Negapatam	95·7	76·7	...	4·46

Bombay Local Rainfalls : J J H = 0·00 (75·95) ; G T H=0·00 (7·56) ; St G H=0·01 (73·42) ; C P=0·03 (62·39).

RAINFALL STATISTICS IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.	Esplanade.	St G. Hos.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts
Previously registered	75·95	72·56	73·42
Monday, 25th Aug...	0·00	0·00	0·00
Total.....	75·95	72·56	73·42
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.			

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. August 25.

Station.	Last 24 hours. to date.	Total. 1911	Total. 1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	0·00	69·99	41·27	44·77

BOOT FACTORY, SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 25th August	Total up-to-date.
In. cts.	In. cts.
0 7	73 58

CASTLE-ROCK.

Temperature.		Rainfall.	
Max.	Min.	Past 24 hours.	From 1st June to date.
		In. Ct.	In. Cts.
70	66	4 35	172 45

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 25th AUG.

Amritsar.—Bright no sign of rain. Cotton plants want fine weather. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton picking partially begun. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well, but more rain wanted generally after a fortnight.

Hansi.—Bright no sign of rain. Cotton plants want more rain. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening and are suffering from hot winds.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally.

Agra.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants in flower.

Cawnpore.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Beawar.—Looks like rain. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Amraoti.—Rain general over district. Cotton crop prospects improving.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Looks like rain. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Cotton plants healthy. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Looks like rain. Cotton plants want more rain. More rain needed in Dhulia Taluka.

Jalgaon.—Looks like rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory, and continue favourable.

Broach.—Showery. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory.

Viramgam.—Showery. Rain general over district. Continues cloudy.

Wadhwan.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton plants flourishing Cotton larger area sown this year. Cotton crop excellent.

Bhavnagar.—Showery. Rain general over district sufficient rain fallen generally. Cotton plants flourishing.

Barsi.—More rain wanted generally. Showery.

Sholapur.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. More rain wanted generally. Food-grains suffering from want of rain All crops suffering from little rain.

Summary of observations, recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 25th August, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is in excess in the north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the extreme southern districts; Jhansi has had 1.05" and Alladabad 0·99". Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is normal. Maximum temperature is in excess in the extreme north-western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been general in the southern half of Rajputana; Ajmer has had 0·65" and Kotah 3·93". In Sind Jacobabad reports 0·22" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded in east Rajputana and lower Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual and temperature is in defect at Kotah. Day temperature is in excess at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West—Rainfall has been general in Gujarat and west Central India; Surat has had 2.25, Ahmedabad 1.51, Deesa 7.02, Neemuch 2·83 and Indore 0.35. In Kathiawar Rajkot records 0.11 of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect in west Central India and at Ahmedabad, Bhavangar Para and Rajkot.

The Central Provinces—Nearly general rain has fallen in the northern half of the division and local rain in Berar; Jubbulpore has had 0·40" Hoshangabad 0·25," Khandwa 0·34 and Amraoti 0·24." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in defect.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the South Konkan; Mormugao has had 0·31" and Karwar 0·15 Cloud has decreased and skies are only lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad. Belgaum records 0·82" of rain. Skies are moderately cluded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect in Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—The depression has moved in a west-north-westerly direction and its centre is to-day in the neighbourhood of Deesa. With the westward advance of the depression rainfall has decreased considerably in the Central Provinces, and been insignificant in the north Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad. There has been, on the other hand, a considerable increase of rainfall in Gujarat, west Central India and south Rajputana; precipitation has been widespread and generally heavy in these areas, Deesa reporting a fall of 7·02" Rainfall has extended also to upper Sind. Nearly general rain has fallen in the south United Provinces and between Mormugao and Calicut on the west Coast and local rain in the south Bombay Deccan. The depression may continue to move in a nearly west-north-westerly direction.

Nearly general rain is likely in Gujarat; fairly general rain in Kathiawar, west central India and south Rajputana; local rain in Sind and the Central and the south United Provinces and on the west Coast of the Peninsula; some showers in the Bombay Deccan.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time) on the 25th August 1913, was 29·923 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneriod, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8·45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

The Colombo Pilots have been supplied with uniforms. The uniform is white with shoulder cords of the same colour, with brass buttons. With the uniforms, which resemble those of the Police, are worn white sun hats of a somewhat similar shape to the Elwood.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

The next meeting of the Goods Classification Committee of the Indian Railway Conference Association will be held at Simla from September 17 to 20 next.

Good accounts have been received from Home regarding the health of Brigadier-General Sir Rollo Grimston Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops. A marked improvement has occurred.

Government have decided that single Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and married men, unaccompanied by their families, proceeding to England on "Payment Furlough" who are entitled to the higher accommodation but for whom no room in the 2nd class is available, may at their own request or with their consent be allotted 3rd class accommodation, with 2nd class messing and use of the 2nd class saloon and deck in special cases under the authority of the General Officer Commanding the port of embarkation.

It has been decided that in future the list of recipients of meritorious service medals and medals for long service and good conduct will be published in India Army Orders annually on January 1st. Recommendations for the above medals will accordingly be submitted by officers commanding units so as to reach Divisional Head-quarters on July 1st and will be transmitted to Army Headquarters on October 1st. Recommendations in respect of Indian combatants of artillery units should reach Divisional Headquarters by September 1st.

The news telegraphed from Egpyt regarding the lowness of the Nile will not cause any surprise, says the *Pioneer*, as it has been known for weeks past that the river level was abnormally low. The authorities at Cairo have lately been in communication with the Indian Meteorological department regarding the course of the monsoon in this country and have learned of the long break that has only just come to a close. This has probably confirmed them in the view that a rapid and consistent rise of the Blue Nile next month is impossible.

The latest news from Dir seems to point to an effort on the part of the Nawab to regain possession of his territory, and to oust his brother Mian Gul from Dir fort. The Nawab after his flight northwards to Drosh in Chitral rested for some little time, and then disappeared into Bajour. He had probably a considerable sum of ready money at his disposal and with this he has managed to get an armed following together. He has also a large number of adherents in Dir itself, and the usual intrigues have been again set on foot. Mian Gul, however, is a man of far more character and resource than his elder brother, and he is not likely to abandon the country without some fighting. He can always fall back upon his fort in Bajour if he is hard pressed. The Government of India have wisely not taken sides in the dispute, their only concern being that the road to Chitral should be kept open in view of the forthcoming autumn reliefs. This is to the interest of both brothers, for they know that an interruption of communications between Chakdarrah and Drosh might have serious consequences. We need not, therefore, expect any trouble on the road when the relief movement begins, though precautions may have to be taken to guard against unexpected developments from the Bajour side.

Regarding the outbreak of cholera in the Central Jails at Lahore the "Civil and Military Gazette" states that only five cases have occurred altogether among the convicts. It was felt, however, to be necessary to move the prisoners out into camp and this has been done, a strong guard of over 160 policemen being posted round the encampment to prevent any of the prisoners escaping. There has been no untoward incident so far—a fact that reflects considerable credit on the police who have had the responsible duty of looking after some 1,600 prisoners. No further cases of cholera have occurred and the prisoners will in all probability, if all goes well, be moved back into the jails in the course of the next few days. A similar outbreak occurred in the Lunatic Asylum, there being, altogether four cases among the inmates. The outbreak of cholera in an institution of this sort is, of course, a very serious matter owing to the difficulty of controlling the actions of lunatics, but fortunately owing to the precautions taken it was promptly suppressed.

The financial condition of the Dufferin Hospital at Karachi is the subject of a long article in the *Sind Gazette*, which says "the ugly truth must now be declared that the hospital can no longer pay its way, and if rescue does not come soon there will have to be a closing of doors." The hospital is used almost entirely by Indian women and children, but the paper thinks that Indians are probably not aware of its circumstances. "Four essential points need, therefore, to be enforced," it adds. The first is that the Dufferin Hospital is not a Government hospital, and cannot look to Government for any help beyond the aforementioned grant of Rs. 5,000 a year (which is not of course a maintenance allowance but only a mark of the Government's good-will towards an institution doing an undoubted good work). The second point is that this so-called Dufferin Hospital is not a "Dufferin" hospital at all in the sense that it has the resources of the opulent Dufferin Fund at its back. True, at the beginning the Dufferin Fund contributed towards the original cost of the building, but the Dufferin Fund now subscribes not a single *pice* towards the working expenses, nor does it exercise any control over the hospital. The third point is that their is no other women's and children's hospital in Karachi which opens its doors free to all Ind

MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

MONDAY EVENING, [Aug. 25th 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURES.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 22nd Aug. 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	23	88,170
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	25	29,777

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

Bank of Ben. rate since 7th Aug.	4 p.c.
Bank of Bom. „ „ 7th Aug.	4 „
Bank of Mad. „ „ 8th July	5 „

The Cash balance of the Bank of Bombay is 12 lakhs up.

The market is steady and rates are unchanged. Some business is reported in T. T. for Septs. at 1-4 1-32 and Oct. at 3-4 1-16 but otherwise there is little doing.

EXCHANGE :—

We quote:—

T. T. on London Ready	...1s. 4d.
Demand Draft Mail	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Credit 3 months sight	...1s. 4 1-4d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d. Jan.-Feb.
Do. do Francs Ready	...170 3-4
Do. do Marks „	...139
Hongkong 60 days' sig.	...147 1-4
Shanghai „	200
Japan „	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market is closed to-day.

BULLION.—

On Saturday the London market for bar silver was 1-8 higher both for ready and forward at 27 7-16 and 27 5-8 respectively. New York was 1-8 up at 59 1-2. The local market is closed to-day for Gokul Ashtami.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—

The following are the latest telegrams received here :—

HABERSHAM KING.—(Through Messrs. Breul and Co.) "General and well devided rains have fallen in Arkansas, Tennessee and the Northern parts of Mississippi and Alabama, the north eastern quarter of the cotton Belt, which are beneficial. The rains have been in time to prevent any serious damage. The drought in North West Texas and Oklahoma has been continued enough to stop the growth, which will result in the shedding of all except nearly matured bolls when the rains come. Elsewhere conditions are generally favourable."

GRUNING AND Co.—"Draught continues. Cotton is shedding badly."

HORNBY HOMEBRYK.—"Rains have fallen in Texas, but only insufficient. Important authority states that the damage in Central Texas is irreparable."

NORDEN AND Co :—"General soaking rain is required. We have had only local showers."

WELD AND Co —"Liverpool market quiet, steady but featureless. Very little hedge selling South is offering very sparingly. Ourprivate reports show that rains are so far totally inadequate. New York market closed steady on considerable short-covering on the failure of rains in Texas, and new buying. Our private reports indicate a few scattered rains, but complaints of continued crop deterioration." Our travelling man wires from Texas:—"It is getting very late for rains to do much good. Nothing but continued soaking rains in North, East Central and West Texas will give Texas anything more than a moderate crop."

WELD AND Co:—(2nd telegram) "Good rains have taken place at Columbus (Georgia). In Texas the weather is partly cloudy with showers at Houston. Oklahoma cloudy."

The American markets on Saturday closed with a fairly sharp advance of 21 and 23 points in New York, and 16 and 15 points in New Orleans. The rise was due to a continuance of unfavourable weather reports from the drought districts, and complaints of deterioration of the crop The local market has been partially closed for the Gokal Ashtami holiday. Some business has been done in the bazaar in new crop, but at Colaba the ready market was entirely closed. Rates are nominal as under.

Messrs A Stern and Co. cable this evening:—"Drought continues Very hot."

QUOTATIONS:—

OLD CROP.

	Rs.	
Fine M. G. Khamgaon Akola...	251	Sept
Good Sawginned Dharwar ...	283	do
Good M. G. Coompta ...	271	do
Good M. G. Westerns ...	272 3	do
Good H. G. Westerns ...	288-9	do
Good M. G. Miraj ...	291	do

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach ...	288 1-2	Mar.
Fine M. G. Wardha Hinganghat ...	290	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	287	„
„ „ Yeotmal ...	283	„
„ „ Dhamangaon ...	279	„
„ „ Khamgaon Akola	276	„
„ „ Amraoti ...	277	„
„ „ Khandesh ...	260	„
F. G. „ Khandesh ...	242	„
Fine „ Bengal ...	248	„
F. G. Bengal	237	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER —

Opening Tone ...	Steady
Estimated Sales ...	6,000
Total Imports ...	8,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·40	6·33	6 39
+11	+12	+12
Nov.-Dec.	**Dec.-Jan.**	**Jan.-Feb.**
6 25	6 25	6 25
+12	+12	+12
Feb.-Mar.	**March-April.**	**April-May.**
6·25	6 28	6·28
+11	+12	+11

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

These markets are more of less closed to-day for Gokal Ashtami.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. on Saturday :—

Cotton	...	470	bales.
Wheat	...	25,259	cwts.
Linseed	...	17,876	„
Rapeseed	...	2652	„
Gingellyseed	...	1,967	„
Poppyseed	...	597	„
Groundnuts	...	276	„
Castorseed	...	2,741	„
Rice	...	3,528	„
Myrabolams	...	463	„
Cottonseed	...	5,581	„
Mowraseed	...	9,128	„
Gram	...	735	„
Joowar	...	1,669	„
Maize	...	nil	„
Barley	...	343	„

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 23rd August 1913, as compared with the statement for the week ending 15th Aug. 1913 :—

Liabilities.	Aug. 15. Rs.	Aug. 23 Rs.
Capital ...	10000000	10000000
Reserve Fund ...	10600000	10600000
Public Deposits at Head Office...	12730297	12987552
Public Deposits at Branches...		
Other Deposits ...	101557264	102143425
Post Bills ...	8162	7924
Sundries ...	2261762	2262990
	1371874 5	138301891
Assets.		
Govt. Securities ...	19871768	19708137
Other authorised Securities ...	698603	698608
Credits on Govt. and other authorised securities ...	151911 0	1385816 0
Loans do. do....	37234703	3560502
Bills discounted and purchased ...	23050811	2283734 5
Dead Stock...	264685	264685
Stamps...	4694	4606
Bullion...	387191	356309
Balances with other Banks ...	801788	931873
Sundries ...	97202	99467
Cash ...	39364915	40812109
Rupees...	137187485	138001891

MANCHESTER WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutton & Co., write from Manchester, on Aug. 7 :—

Cotton Figures from August 31st. last to last Friday.

	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	766,000	791,000
Liverpool Stock. American cotton ...	566,000	634 000
American deft Spinners for the week...	43,000	55,000
American into sight for the week ...	22,000	24,000
American into sight for the season ...	13,516,000	15,708,000
Receipts at American Ports ...	9,791,300	11,800,000
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton ...	2,531,000	2,103 000
Visible Supply. American cotton	1,206,000	1,589,000
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton...	157,000	113,000
Visible Supply. East Indian (Surat) ...	163,000	187,000
Visible Supply. East Indian (Bombay Green)... ...	771,000	519 000
Visible supply. Other kinds of cotton ...	164,000	95,000

The prices for Mid American Current Month during the week are as follows :—August 1st 6.32, August 5th 6.26½, 6th 6.20½ and to-day at noon 6.23 Spot Mid American being quoted August 1st 6.57, August 5th 6.46, 6th.6-43, and to-day 6.49.

Since our last report we have had a sharp fall in prices of the raw material which seems to have restricted trading and caused some uneasiness on the part of buyers—our Markets were closed for the August holidays on Saturday and Monday and with the holidays in general now being out their height, the effect is felt here and generally things are quiet,

The Bureau report of the condition of crop published on Friday last, just as the market was closing, put the average condition on July 25th, at 79.5 and this figure cannot be anything but disappointing and a decline of over two points on the previous months bring the level back to where it was in May, and considering the weather reports which were so good in all sections except Texas and Oklahama this decline was not expected. The fact that the Crop condition is only three points better than last year with Texes deteriorating badly every day is now beginning to attract attention but is quite in the usual order of things that prices should go the opposite way to what is expected and instead of prices getting stronger on this rather bullish report there has been a general ease. Reports of rain in the dry parts of Texes are put forward as the reason for this ease in price but we think one must look further than this and that same is more an excuse than a reason. The Bureau reports however cannot be disregarded and it seems from these that there will be about an average yield per acre and there is a good acreage this year.

The greatest amount of enquiry at the moment seems to be from India, ann the nice business having been done for Bombay seems to suggest that the boycott in that market is at an end, in fact we hear that this is so. The difficulty with India in a falling market is that much greater concession in prices are demanded than the actual ease in the market represents and business is in consequence somewhat difficult to negotiate. Prices are of course a little easier but a lower level for cotton is not the same as a lower level for piece goods, and although the reductions have been sufficient to help some business through the reductions have not been sufficiently large to warrant any general buying.

The China outlook is showing very little improvement and we hear that a resumption this week of the auctions at Shanghai is unlikely.

The monthly report of the growing Egytian crop is quite favourable. The temperatures during July have been good, the plant is fairly well developed and in some localities in a better condition than 1912. There is an appearance of worms reported in some districts, but only in small quantities, and the damage done is insignificent while the water supply is sufficient.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	365
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 „	283
Bank of Bombay...	500	500	13 „	1670
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 „	68
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 „	1710
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 „	1480
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 „	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 „	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 „	13
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9 „	175
People's Bank of India ...	100	100	10	27
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	64½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	14
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£30
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 „	86
Mercantile Bank(a)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	dl25	dl.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ „	615

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi)...	1100	1100	45	825
Bombay Cotton ...	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore...	200	200	6 p c	128
Broach City ...	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22 1-2	1280
Godavery Valley...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Sabhapatty ...	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P and M	250	250	15	...
Hingolee	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton ...	125	125	10	132½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co ...	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpura Cotton	125	125	7 1-2	...
Mahuva...	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg ...	250	250	15	240
New East India ...	1000	600	75	830
New Mofussil Co...	400	400	60	885
New Berar	500	500	40	540
New Prince of Wales	500	500	30	755
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	650
Surat City ...	200	200	20	245
Volkart U P Co. Ld	600	600	50	690
Wadhwan G. and P	150	150	12	N

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	3500	500	25	910
Alliance ...	1000	1000	...	75
Berar Mfg ...	200	200	...	70
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	2324
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ...	250	250	15	745
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	585
Century ...	100	100	3	271
Central India ...	500	500	70	2324
China ...	1000	1000	...	750
Chho Silk ...	500	500	20	425
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1432
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	400
Connaught ...	300	300	..	175
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	700
Crescent ...	100	100	20	145
Currimbhoy ...	250	250	12½	265
Crown ...	500	500	20	500
David ...	450	250	10	5683
Emperor Edward..	500	500	10	509
Empress ...	500	500	...	145
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	190
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	635
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1630
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	3521
God Mouse ...	500	500	yr. 20	475
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	660
Hy o w a r d and Bullough ...	500	500	15	400
Hyderabad ...	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton ...	500	500	...	110
Indian Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	480
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	60	1000
James Greaves ...	500	500	...	200
Jamsed Mfg ...	250	250	5	135
Jivraj Baloo ...	1000	1000	...	420
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	250
Khandesh ...	1000	610	25	850
Khatow Makonjee...	1000	1000	45	1390
Kohinoor ...	500	500	15	8021
Leopold ...	...	...	...	...
Laksmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1445
Madras United ...	1000	1000	50	2175
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	65	1475
Maneckji Petit ...	1000	1000	80	3175
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	60	3200
Mysore Spinning...	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning...	30	30	...	...
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	6	200
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	35	1080
Phoenix ...	100	100	6	170
Presidency ...	100	1000	...	200
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	50	7272
Sassoon Silk ...	500	500	yr. 35	350
Sholapur ...	100	1000	125	4300
S Mahratha ...	250	250	15	57½
Standard Mills ...	500	500	25	1427½
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	125
Swan... ...	250	250	10	310
Swadesh ...	500	500	25	1585
Textile	500	500	70	1420
Vishnu Cotton do	500	500	Nil	470
Western India ...	1000	1000	25	620

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Ry	500	500	8 p c	680½
Amritsar-Patty ...	100	100	6 „	137
Sindh Light Rys Ltd (Mirpur Khas... Jhudo Feeder) ...	100	100	6 „	16p
Do. Mirpur Khas—Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	
Tanti-Valley Ry Co.	500	500	4½ „	591½
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	100	6½ „	d 133
Central Provinces.	25		4	96
Gujrat Railway ...	100		4	119

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown and Co... ...	100	100	6 p. c.	155
All India Ut. Co. Ld ...	100	20	5 „	12½
Bamanlua ...	10	10	...	4
Back Bay Bath ...	50	50	3 p. c.	28
Badham Pile... ...	70	70	7 p. c.	100
Baroda Tram. Co...	100	100	4 p. c.	60
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p. c.	670
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co Ld...O.	£10	£10	Nil	188
Do. do P	£10	£10	6 p. c.	174
Bombay Ice Mfg ...	100	100	2 p. c.	20
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	930
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p. c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co.O.	250	250	7-8	240
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	272½
Central I. M. Co., Ld	10	10	8½	27½
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	100
Empire of I. L. A...	500	80	30 p c.	300
John Roberts and Co... ...	100	100	5 p. c.	200
Josts Fans Supply Co	100	100	10 p.c.	205
Kemp and Co	200	175	12½ „	90
Karachi Landing.	200	75	12	183
Marcks and Co ...	100	100	8	115
Marsland Price and Co ... ...O.	100	100	4 p c.	90
Do. do P	100	100	7 p. c.	73
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co	200	50	20 p. c.	430
Oriental Mining ...	...	...	...	...
Phillips and Co ...	40	40	10 p.c.	38
Port Canning Co...	2000	1000	yr. 42	835d
Shivrajpore Syn. etc.	10	10	...	22
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co	100	100	5	70 x 0
Soundy and Co ...	100	100	...	2d
Tata I. St. Co. D. Ld P.	75	85	...	86
Thacker and Co ...	80	80	...	152½
Tephone Co	150	150	...	175
Treasnerand Co...	500	50	30 p. c.	215½

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 26.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

For Dismissal under Rule 746.

35-13,1317-12—Payne Mahomed Suleh Cassum and Co vs Goolam Hoosein Bundeally Somji—Motichand.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal

6-13, 684-11—Payne S H Batlivala vs J M Wadia Captain.

11-13, 485-12—Mulji N R Shroff vs The Advocate General of B'Bay Ardeshir.

15-13, 835-12—Dubash, J I Sayani vs. Abdul Latiff Haji Sumar Tyabji

16-13, 383-99—Payne Noor Mahomed Haji Ismail Crawford.

17-13-693-12—Little and Co The G I P Ry Co vs. The Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay and anr Crawford B and C.

18-13-1298-12—Edg G W and Co Purshotam Ambalal and anr vs Shri Manoo alias Matoo Betiji Maharaj Sunderdas and Co.

19-13-656-12—Bhai K and G Diwan Bahadur Kasturchand Aberhand vs Gulabchand Manalal and Co a firm and anr Payne and Co.

20-13-238-12—Mehta & D Manecklal Dharamsey and ors vs Kursondas Heerji a

21-13—525-12—Jehangir M and S Tullockchand Hookamchand vs Hanmanbux Ramcoover, Motichand and D.

22-13—819-12—Unwalla P and P Valibai widow vs Gokuldas Karsondas Madhowji, K and C.

25-13—1-13—Payne and Co, Andrew Yule and Co vs Ardeshir Bomanji Dubash, Pestonji R K and Co.

27-13, 1-19—Bicknell M R and Co. Gulam Husein Essaji vs Andrew Yule and Co. Payne and Co.

26-13, 66-12—Little and Co. The London County Westminster Bank Ltd vs The Bank of Bombay, Crawford B and Co.

12-13, 1050-11—Payne and Co. Tribowandas M Nathubai and others vs Mahomedally Lookmanji Sullemanji. Jehangir and S.

Before the Hon. Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1276-12—Chitnis M and K Manaji Cooverji Shirki vs Merwanji Jehangir Vakil Subnis and G

1201-12—Subnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Cooverji Shirki, Chitnis M and K.

Testamentary Suits.

6-12—Bhimji and Co. Jeewandas Doongersi vs Bai Jevibai Sunderdas.

17-12—Little and Co, Vulabhdas Ramji vs Khimji Keshowji, Tyabji.

5-13—Payne Mohonlal Joohraj vs Ranchordas Bhicandas Vacha,

6-13—Mansukhlal, Jeewandas Damodar vs Bai Lilabai Pestonji.

9-13 Jehangir, Hoorbai vs Ahmed Haji Kadermia, Mulla

10-13—Payne, Abdulla Abdul Rehman vs Mahomed Abdul Rehman, Manekdal.

Long Causes,

666-11—Jamshedji R and D, Sada Pang and Co, vs Shivnarayen Parbulal, Edgelow G W and Co.

301-13—Patell and Eze. Roque Eetevao Pereira alias Bock Estevao Pereira vs. Rozario Mathias do Silva alias Rodgers Mathias de Silva and others Patell and Eze. Bhimjee and Co.

303-13—Patell and Eze. Roque Estevao Pereira alias Roque Eetevao Pereira vs Roger Mathias de Silva and another, Patell and Eze. Bhmji and Co.

312-13—Motichand and D. Nemchand Nathabai vs Dayabhai Mancharam and another. Ardashir H D and Co.

262-13—Pestonji R K and Co. Bai Jiwanbai, widow vs Amboobai widow and others. Madhavji K C Edg. G W and Do.

441-09—Little and Co. Mathuradas Goculdas vs Tolcram Girdharidas and another. Jamsetji R and D.

891-12—Mulla and M. Abdul Aziz Valli Mahomed vs Khatvzabai. Tyabji D and C.

939-12—Sm. B and Co. Parvatibai widow vs Gopal Sudkoji Boh and others. vacha and Co. Payne and Co.

486-13—Wadia G Co. Purka Dolla and Co. a firm vs Goolam Hossein Abdoolally and others. Patell and Ez. Mans J H and Co.

1317-12—Matubhai—Gulam Hoosein Bindeally Somji vs Mahomed Suleh Cassum and Co—Payne.

223-06—Payne and Co, The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Moose Haji Hassum, Bhai Shanker. For further hearing.

620-13—Unwala J R Dubash vs The Hon'ble The Advocate General of Bombay Little.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Short Causes.

445-12—Madhowji Madhowji Verji vs Ramdas Mulji.

195-13—Bhai Shanker Poonamchand Tulsiram vs Muntaz Jehan Began Cragie.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

197-12—Payne—E M Vallibhoy vs Essaji Moosaji, Jehangir and S.

569-10—Jehangir and S. Essaji Moosaji vs Isaji Tajbhoy Ardeshir.

398-11—Jehangir Ramadas Gubraji vs Soondanji Arjoon Madhowji.

148-11—Bhaishanker Gomabai vs Khimji Goculdas Daphtary.

1214-12—Dubash and Co., Ganpat Govindrao vs Yemnabai widow and others Daph F and D D J Mantri.

1351-12—Jehangir M and S H K Fadivany vs Nawab Karmalia Jung and others Back M R and Co Daph F and D.

917-12—Vachha and Co Bapuji Dossabhoy Patel vs Cassamalli Jairajbhoy Pirbhoy and anothers Payne and Co.

14-13—Raghavaya N and Co Mahomed Rahimtoolla vs Abdul Razak Haji Mahomed and another Ard H D and Co.

512-12—Jehangir M and S Bayabai widow vs Abdulla Joosub and others.

1225-12—Edg G W and Co Rundolph De Souza vs Augustino De Souza and others Sunderdas and Co Motichand Mulla and Mulla and D.

774-12—Little, H A K Vasi vs S A H Vasi Edgelow.

20-13—Ardeshir, Nanakram Devidat vs Parbhulal Harilal, Edgelow.

1332-12—Edgelow, Pragji Nanji vs Narotum Gordhandas, Payne.

1333-12—Edgelow, Pragji Nanji vs Narotum Gordhandas, Payne.

776-12—Matubhai J and M Kesserbai vs Gopinath Jiwan Keni D J Mantri.

455-11—Mulla and Mulla Adamji Ammarbhoy and others vs Abdeally Lukhmanji Payne and Co.

1165-12—Unwalla P and P Hiralal Radhakisson, vs The B B and C I Ry Co Crawford B and Co.

1352-12—Mulla and Mulla Premabai widow vs Sultan Amin Smetham B and Co.

1193-12—Vachha Manekchand Orkarji vs Nurmadashanker Hargivan Hiralal and Co.

585-11—Shamrao Takhmuvan Kevalram vs Pitamber Akheram Jamsetji.

347-12—Malvi Laximbai vs Ahmedbhoy Hubibhoy Payne.

386-13—Dikshit Manaji C R Shirke vs Govindhandas Dwarkadas.

448-13—Mulji Pranjivandas Shivlal vs The Secretary of State for India in Council—E F Nichalson.

532-13—Captain Vasanji Tojpal vs Tricumji Tokersey Subnis.

578-13—Amir Amichandbhoy Javerdas vs Manilal Manecklal.

593-13—Mehur Shambhulal Tulsidas vs Goswami Shri Ganchyomialji Ramanlalji Maharaj Tyabji.

627-13—Mulji The Bombay United Spg and Wg Co Ltd vs Jammabai.

662-13—Raghavanja Dwarkadas Ramcoover vs Kaviram Lovawala.

690-13—Jehangir Dharamsey Assoo and Co vs J E Mistry.

700-13—Vachha Lhimji Bhaja and Co vs Karsandas Lakhmidas.

705-13—Jamsetji K F Sidhaw vs A S Engineer.

706-13—Madhowji S G Ranaday vs The Goculdas Collianji Cotton Press Co Ltd Pestonji.

709-13—Captain Esmail Haji Nur Mahomed vs The Allahabad Bank Ltd Crawford.

710-13—Tyabji Sanelal Lallubhai vs R W Sethna.

717-13—Bhaishanker Pirojaha Palanji vs R A Samat.

Long Causes.

1021-12—Munsukhlal Jan Mahomed Abdulla Datu vs Datoo Jaffer Mirza.

42-12—Malvi Hurnandrai Fulchand vs Chhajjoo Ram and Son, Payne.

508-12—Captain The Advocate General of Bombay vs Dinkar Khanderao Shamrao

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

212-12—Matubhai, Chapsey Purbat vs The Advocate-General of Bombay Little.

For hearing on Exception to Acting Commissioner's Report.

468-08—Payne, Shanker Chimnaji vs Dhondiba Panduji, Smetham.

461-10—Jamsetji Ramlal Himatlal vs Gopal Najawdas Nadirsha.

Short Cause.

581-13—Dubash, K P Khareghat vs K G Bhayasaheb Gaikwad, Subnis.

Long Causes.

1014-12—Surajnul Syed Naru Syed Hoosein Nalband vs Mariambai Jamsetji.

1230-12—Hiralal, Rajabalikanji vs Bai Sonabai, Jamsetji.

696-12—Little M R Dubash vs Bai Sonabai Jamsetji.

895-12—Bhaishanker The Laxmidas Khimji Spg and Wg Co Ltd vs Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal. Bicknell.

150-12—Subnis K M Mohik vs G M Mohik Shamrao.

724-12—Dubash Bhogilal Maganlal vs Ranchordas Varjiwandas Hiralal.

1324-12—Jamsetji Hiralal Gordhandas vs Jugmohundas Damodardas Madhowji.

142-09—Bhaishanker Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs Bamonji Rustomji Mulla.

74-13—Dikshet Y V Nene vs Koshavrao, Bhanji and others Judah.

1346-12—Judah and S. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs. Damoderdas Rangildas and others Diksit and P: Mulji K. and Th.

748-12—Hiralal and Co, Jamnadas Dewkaram vs. Mulji Jetha and Co Pestonji R. K. and Co.

539-12—Mulla and M. Radhakissondas Dewarkadas vs. Motilal Rupchand and others Diksit and P; Mulji K. and Th.

317-12—Patell and E. Bai Amtobai widow vs. Javerbai and others Payne and Co; Little and Co.

1175-10—Shamrao M and H. Wamanrao vs. Tribhowandas M. Nathoobhoy Surajmal and Co.

83-13—Mulla and M. Messrs Naranji Jetha and Co. vs Jamnabai widow Dastur and Co.

42-13—Raghowaya N. and Co. Manilal Chotalal vs. Surajmal Leherchand and others. Surajmal and Co.

58-13—Khanderao L and M Ranchordas Tribowandas vs. Motiram Janga dhar and another. Judah and S.

97-13—Captain and V. Haji Ahmed Salley Mahomed vs. Dada Ibrahim and another. Nadirsha and D; Sabnis and G.

98-13—Nadirsha and D. Dada Ebrahim and another vs. Haji Ahmed Salley Mahomed Captain and V.

1280-12—Dikshit, Khanderao Nana Morobs vs Vasantrao Nana Moroba, Daphtary.

189-12—Manekdal, Ronchordas Harjivan vs Abubacker Abdul Rahman, Little

226.13—Unwala S D Dadyste vs Saleman Abul Mahed and Co Captain.

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THE WORLD OF SPORT.

FOOTBALL.

B. A. C. DEFEAT THE RAILWAYMEN.

The meeting between the Railwaymen and the Bombay Athletic Club in the third round of the Rovers' Tournament provided football of an uninteresting character. The game was a slow one and the Railwaymen in particular appeared to be quite off colour. Ridley and Bamber were absentees from the team and were missed. The forward line appeared to lack life and vigour and the attacking movements were few and far between.

The B. A. C. made several changes in their team. Harwood returned to outside right and did well in that position. Moir at outside left also gave the Railwaymen plenty of work and sent in some good centres. In the second half a shot from him was headed through by Murray.

THE GAME.

The Bombay Athletic kicked off, defending the Bandstand end. Moir was the first to show up on their left wing. The Railwaymen then secured possession and attacked for a short while. Finnigan came through and took a long shot that went wide. A foul against the Railway kept the B. A. C. up. Harwood took the ball up the wing and centred but Murray missed the shot for goal. The Athletic were doing most of the attacking till Jackson got away on the G. I. P. right wing and passed to Fletcher who shot high. Twenty-five minutes from the start of play Harwood outpaced all opposition and getting close in had no difficulty in netting the ball (1-0) He again attacked from the kick off and centred to Murray who was given off-side. Fletcher of the Ry. twice missed an open goal. Hands against the B. A. C. just outside their penalty area saw Eagle put in a shot that came to nothing. Half time arrived with the score :—

B. A. C.....1 goal.
G. I. P. Railway..... nil.

THE SECOND HALF.

Early in the second moiety the Railway secured a corner. Hands against them drove them back. Downes got going for the B. A. C. and passed out to Harwood who missed his kick completely. An attack of sorts by the Railwaymen was driven back by James who cleared with a tall kick. Murray was given off-side. About seven minutes from the start of the second half a good shot for goal from Moir was headed through by Murray (2—0). The B. A. C. were pressing continually and though not often getting really dangerous located themselves in the opposing penalty area frequently. Downes had a good opportunity but made a feeble effort. A few minutes later, however, he put in a hot shot that was just wide of the mark. Templeton was given off-side. The Railway secured a corner and then a free kick as the result of a foul. Harwood got away and gave Dawson a shot to clear and the whistle blew for full time with the score standing :

Bombay Athletic Club... 2 goals
G. I. P. Ry..... nil.

The following were the teams :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—(Red and white).—Dawson (goal), Eagle and Peel (backs), Boult, Mine and Bryan (halves), Jackson, Patterson, Fletcher, McDonald and Alcock (forwards).

BOMBAY ATHLETIC CLUB.—(Black and white)—Navin (goal), James and James (backs), Butt, Finnigan and Clarke (halves), Harwood, Templeton, Murray, Downes and Moir (forwards).

REFEREE : Sergt Major Ashenhurst.

LESLIE CUP COMPETITION.

The Inniskillings and the Durham Light Infantry competed in the Leslie Cup competition. The Durhams won easily. Result :—

1st	Stead	Durhams
2nd	Rennard	,,
3rd	Kilgour	,,
4th	Dickson	Inniskillings
5th	Jenkin	,,
6th	Collins	,,

Stead's time for the distance was 14 secs.

THIS EVENING'S GAME.

Royal Scots vs. Sherwood Foresters.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS IN AMERICA.

Philadelphia, Aug. 9.

The match between the Germanton Club and the Australians resulted in favour of the former. The total scores were—Germanton, 271 for seven wickets ; Australians, 270. Germanton played 12 men. Bardsley scored 70 runs, but the general showing of the team was much below the average.

New York, Aug. 10.

The Australians yesterday opened a two days' match against a West Indian eleven, the venue being the Celtic Park, Long Island. In the first innings the home team scored 13 runs, and the Australians responded with 212 for the loss of nine wickets. Macartney took seven wickets for 7 runs. On the second day Australians added 1 run to their score, and the West Indian team made 61 in their second attempt. The Australians thus won by an innings and 139 runs.

LORD WILLINGDON AT CRICKET.

VICTORY FOR GOVERNMENT HOUSE TEAM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

Poona, Aug. 25.

The Government House eleven to-day defeated Mr. Patell's team by 49 runs on the first innings. Mr. Patell's team represented various communities rather then the strength of Indian cricket in the Presidency, and the Government House side, which was captained by Lord Willingdon, could not be called strong. Capt. K. O. Goldie also turned out and played a vigorous innings, but the great features of the day's cricket were the fine bowling performance of Greig, who took eight wickets for 24 runs, and Haughton's batting. The latter made 42 which included three 6's and four 4's. Beyond these the game was tame, but a most pleasant day was spent, Their Excellencies taking a great interest in the sport. It might be mentioned that the Governor brought off a very fine catch Scores :

MR. PATELL'S ELEVEN.

Wadia, l-b-w, b Greig ...	2
Kaikina, b Greig	23
Dr Kanga, c and b Greig ...	10
Commissariatwallah, c Ritson, b Greig...	0
Parekh c and b Greig ...	9
A Aziz, b Haughton ...	4
P. J Chenoy b Greig ...	15
Sangira, b Haughton ...	0
Nowroji, not out	5
P J Patell, st Goldie b Greig...	1
Dawood Nansy, c Haughton b Greig...	1
Framjee Patell (did not bat)...	0
Extras	4
Total ...	74

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Greig, c and b Kanga ...	11
General Aitken, c and b Kanga	3
K. O. Goldie, b Aziz ...	26
Lord Willingdon, c Nowroji, b Kanga...	5
Haughton, b Parekh ...	42
Capt Ritson, b Aziz... ...	0
Rosher, run out	3
Colmore, c Kanga, b Parekh ...	10
Stephenson, c Kanga, b Parekh	9
Wilson, st Chenoy, b Nowroji...	6
Gibson, not out	0
Jackson, l-b-w, b Parekh ...	1
Extras	7
Total ...123	

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

MR. PATELL'S XI.

Greig	8 wkts	for	24	runs.
Haughton.	2 ,,	,,	25	,,
Rosher ...	0 ,,	,,	16	,,
Wilson ...	0 ,,	,,	5	,,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Kanga ...	3 wkts	for	32	runs.
Parekh ...	4 ,,	,,	49	,,
Aziz	2 ,,	,,	12	,,
Naoroji ...	1 ,,	,,	0	,,
Commissariatwallah.	0 ,,	,,	13	,,

GRICKET IN BOMBAY.

BOMBAY POLICE vs. BOMBAY VOL. ARTILLERY.

Played on Sunday at the Oval. Scores :—

B. V. ARTILLERY.

Heam, c Edwards	2
Graveston, b Jones	0
Forbes, b Jones	17
Barker, b Jones	12
Navin, c Jones	3
Johnstone, run out	0
A Curtis, not out	12
Banks, b Jones	0
Gow Thorne, c Ferguson ...	2
J Hykoop, b Sargon	7
E Hykoop, c Smyth	0
Extras	17
Total ...	72

BOMBAY POLICE.

O'Keeffe, b Navin	26
Edward, c Navin	0
Smith, c Navin	0
Smyth, c Barker	4
Canty & L, b Navin	17
Sargon, b Barker	3
Ferguson c Navin	3
Jones, not out	3
Canty, c Newby	
Extras	12
Total ...	68

BANK OF BOMBAY vs. EASTERN BANK.

Played at the Oval on Sunday. scores :—

BANK BOMBAY.

R B Shroff	43
B L Chandbhai	15
B Mistry	25
N S Guzder	2
M Trionekar	35
C G Kirtikar	3
J P St Anne...	7
B H Lochhead	24
S Gonsalves	0
B A Talpade	0
J Miranda	2
Extras	13
Total ...	165

EASTERN BANK.

B Rao	27
Gandiy	0
Mistry	3
Kakiobad	9
Driver	1
Wadia	4
Kaka	1
D'Souza	2
Rege	0
Devis	5
J Nanji	2
Extras	nil.
Total ...	54

E. D. SASSOON & CO. vs. MR. MAZGONWALLA TEAM.

A return match between these teams was played on the Oval (Elphinstone College ground, on Sunday and resulted in a win for the former by 93 runs.

E D SASSOON & CO. C. C.

Nissim Misry ...	7
Ebraham ...	4
N A Khodaji ...	1
J Souza ...	10
M D Pai, not out.	106
M V Tolat ...	5
A Judah ...	0
S B Hayeem ...	1
J Daniel ...	2
M Soul ...	0
S Ezekiel ...	8
Extras ...	14
Total...	158

MR. MAZGONWALLA'S C C.

K R Mehta ...	0
J Guard ...	9
P Guard ...	29
K Mullanferoz ...	2
C Mogralia ...	8
J B Amaria ...	11
R Titina ...	6
E Asli ...	0
H Guard ...	0
P Colabawalla, not out ...	1
S Mazagonwalla.	0
Extras ...	4
Total...	65

PARSI BARONET C. C. vs. GUNDEVI.

This match was played on the Esplanade ground on 24th August.

PARSI BARONET C. C.

W M Raja, run out	10
B Fatakia, b Katruk	0
B Mehta, c Bejanj	5
Merhomji, b	7
P Pagdiwala, c Mehta... ...	8
Cama R, l-b-w	0
F Gariwalla, b	3
Antia, b	4
Masanee, b	9
L Mehta, b	5
P Daruwalla, not out	2
Extras... ...	nil.
Total ...	50

GUNDEVI.

M R Guzder, b B Fatakia ...	8
M C Kapadia, c Daruwala, b Merhomji	1
M Byramji, b Merhomji ...	40
W Motiwala, b Antia... ...	14
S C Guzder, b Merhomji ...	18
M Katruk, l-b-w Antia ...	0
M Bajanji, st Daruwala b Merhomji	0
J Vakil, c Fatakia, b Antia ...	0
W Mobedjina, c Fatakia, b Merhomji	0
F Katruk, c Raja, b Merhomji ...	17
Extras... ...	6
Total ...	107

NEW MAHARASHTRA vs. CATHOLIC INSTITUTE.

A cricket match was played at Dadar on Sunday last between the New Maharashtra Cricket Club, Dadar, and the Catholic Institute Cricket Club, Dadar, and resulted in a win for the former by 53 runs.
Scores :—

NEW MAHARASHTRA.

Pedneker, b Lobo	4
Navalkar, b Philicks ...	7
Sabnis, run out	28
Aras (capt), run out ...	24
Mainkar, c and b Philicks ...	24
Govitriker, b Lobo ...	3
Potdar, b Philicks... ...	1
Suratkar, b Philicks ...	0
Dalvi, c and b J D'Souza ...	6
Vaishampayan, not out ...	3
Naik, b Lobo	8
Extras	12
Total ...120	

CATHOLIC INSTITUTE.

D'Monte, c Pedneker, b Sabnis	19
J D'Mello, b Sabnis ...	0
P Veledores, c Pedneker, b Sabnis...	18
J Lobo, run out	7
J D'Souza, b Naik ...	2
Amenda, b Sabnis... ...	0
S Rodrigues, b Sabnis ...	0
D'Monte, b Sabnis ...	1
E Mirazo, c Potdar, b Sabnis..	5
A Rodrigues, not out ...	9
Visazo, c and b Sabnis ...	0
Extras	6
Total ...	67

HINDU GYMKHANA vs. ISLAM GYMKHANA.

The following are the results of this match played on the Hindu Gymkhana ground yesterday :—

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Babul b Mullaji	10
S S Dongre c C M Ali, b Tumboowalla	27
L H Semper b Nazir Husain ...	31
Ganpat b Tumboowalla ...	8
N G Prabhakar b Nazir Husain	9
Kharwa b Tumboowalla ...	0
V S Dongre c C M Ali b Tumboowalla	0
Sheoram not out	17
Munsif not out	2
Seshachari c Vali Ahmed b Tumboowalla	7
W A Shete L B W b Nazir Husain	1
Extra... ...	18
Total... ...	130

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

S N Patel b Semper	2
S A Razack b Semper... ...	3
K H Contractor b Semper ...	16
C M Ali C Babul b Sheoram...	17
Nazir Husain b Semper ...	0
Vali Ahmed c Ganpat b Sheoram	0
Abdul Aziz b Sheoram... ...	27
Tumboowalla not out	27
Mullaji b Semper	0
Pir Mahomed c Shete b Sheoram	14
Shuffi C Tyabji b	1
Extra... ...	11
Total... ...	118

BOMBAY GUN CLUB.

A meeting of the above Club was held at Mahim on Sunday, an excellent muster of members being present. The opening shoot was a 10 bird handicap sweep. D. W. Johnstone with 9 killes and 1 handicap returned the only possible and took the sweep.

Another sweep followed, A. O. Baurle with 7 kills and 3 handicap points won the first prize, and A. R. S. Hayne the second prize.

The entries for the medals presented by the City Bird Shooting Association were then taken, the conditions being that 8 shoots are held at consecutive meetings of the Club, the shooter making the highest aggregate, inclusive of handicap, with six selected shoots, is entitled to the gold medal, and the next highest score to a bronze medal E. H. Burt and W. S. Rogers were seen to advantage, and tried for the top score, and also divided the sweepstake which was shot for in conjunction with the medal.

The Kynoch Cup was then shot for, and after an excitement shoot J. Moore was returned winner with 7 kills plus handicap. A.W. Noble and E. H. Burt tried for second place and divided the sweep.

The final event was a spoon competition at unknown traps and angles, gun to be below to armpit, and traps to be sprung at the option of the puller without the word "Pull" being given. H. A. W. Brent, with 8 kills and handicap, was the winner, —a good score considering the gale of wind that was blowing which rendered the birds, during the course of the morning, any thing but easy.

POONA RACES.

HORSES LEFT IN FOR TO-MORROW'S MEET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Poona, Aug. 25.

The following horses are left in for the fifth extra meeting on Wednesday:—

The Summer Plate—Division 1, about 5 furlongs. Kempion, Lumination, Polish, Ute, Paul, Pry, Dalmatia, Chetham, Hoppner, Lithosian, Pretty Good Sort, Malmsey, Borambil, Sugar, Loaf.

Summer Plate.—Division 2. Macann, —Monaleen II, Madrina, Borgie, Starborn, Lady Anne, Lady Douglas, Lord Reay, Impecunious, Vic's Pride, Glengary, Lanceolar Russley, Rose II, Eustace Boomey.

The top weights not accepting weights to be raised 5lbs.

The Hadapsur, Plate.—Division 1-7 furlongs. Abdul Malik, Thank You, Baloz, Lookman, Ginnea, Mohur, Raspberry Bahlool, Tofic, Pasha, Minerva, Ream, Kharanman, British King.

Two top weights not accepting weights raised to 6lbs.

The Hadspur Plate—Division. Beynazeer, Zigomar, Dilkush, Tenebreuse, Best Chance, Fado, Maidania, Shot, Silk, Accident, Mat Hot Baig, Tazab, Gregna, Grey Ghost II, Peerage, Lot, Beethowen.

The Lamington Plate—About 4 furlongs. Monaleen II, Double Chin, Airman, Starborn, Highwood, Jaddi, Boatsong, Portland, Lad, Princess IV, Topsail, Miller's daughter (late Lady Prim.)

The Arab Medium Plate,—Distance 1 mile. Young, Salamic, Harry Johnston, Mysore. British King, Guniea Merchant, Haify, Trustee, Yungi Duniya, Wellcome. Last Chance, Solar Star, Moorul Malik, Mustapha, Afzeer Jung, English Mail, Bund Garden, Mars.

The Aden Plate.—Distance 7 furlongs. Prince Charlie, Castaway, Duhallow, Aden, Rockbarton, Sir Edward, Occident, Nimar, The Tetrach. Munsoor Beg, Sadee Beg, Sidick, Little King, Fyzabad, Wrack, Berlin Girl, Wait and Look.

TENNIS IN SIND.

CLOSE OF CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Karachi, Aug. 25.

At the conclusion of the Sind Championship Lawn Tennis Tournament, General Shaw, commanding the Karachi Brigade, addressing a very large audience, said: "This year the Tournament has for the first time been thrown open to all clubs in India, Indian as well as European. The entries this year have been better than ever, especially in the Singles, and men's Doubles. With 24 Singles, 15 men's Doubles, and 10 Mixed Doubles, the committee have had their work cut out to get the matches finished during the six days alloted to the Tournament. Karachi, from all accounts, is rising in importance, and as we do not intend to leave tennis in the background we look forward to the increased importance in the years to come for the Sind Lawn Tennis Championship Tournament." The final of the Mixed Doubles was won by Mrs. Randle and Mr. Crawford, and the Men's Doubles went to Messrs Travers and Hawkes. Mr. Crawford carried away the championship for the Singles.

MILE CHAMPIONSHIP SWIM.

NEW PROFESSIONAL WORLD'S RECORD.

Tremendous interest was taken by the thousands of spectators surrounding the Clarence Recreation Ground reservoir at Bury, on Aug. 2, when David Billington, of England, and Oscar Dickman, of Australia, contested the world's professional mile swimming championship for £100 and a cup. Billington is aged twenty-eight, and Dickman is twenty-three. Between them they hold many records, and both anticipated lowering the mile record time.

The weather was beautiful, and the water surface perfect. The course was 110 yards long. Billington accomplished a magnificent performance. Striking water first, he gradually drew away, and using the trudgeon stroke at sixty-six to the minute, he won by one length, exactly in 24mins. 11 1-5secs, against Dickman's 25mins. 56 3-5secs.

Billington thus established a new world's professional record, beating Nuttall's time of 26min. 8sec. established in August, 1893, at Hollingworth Lake with the water at the same temperature, 65deg. Billington received a tremendous ovation on this being announced.

ERNEST BARRY'S NEW CUP.

The new "Sportsman" Cup which accompanies the English professional sculling championship, and which Ernest Barry won for the first time when he defeated Harry Pearce on July 21, was presented to him in mail week at the Star and Garter Hotel, Putney, by Mr. S. D. Muttlebury, the famous old Light Blue. Mr. W. H. Eyre, Thames R. C. presided.

Mr. Muttlebury said he had always admired Barry's sculling abilities. He was not a phenomenally strong man, but his sculling was the finest example he had ever seen. Although Pearce met a better man on the day, he would no doubt be glad that the title still remained under the old flag. He hoped Barry would remain champion for many years, and there was no reason why, from his age, he should not continue at the top for about another ten years.

He handed the cup to Barry amidst loud cheering, and the champion fittingly expressed his pleasure at receiving such a magnificent trophy from the hands of such a prominent amateur oarsman. He once more spoke most highly of Pearce's fine spirit of sportsmanship, and wished him a safe return to Australia.

Harry Pearce met with a great ovation upon rising. He was extremely pleased with the manner in which he had been treated in England, and he was convinced that any one coming from Australia or any of the Colonies to compete for the world's championship would be certain to receive fair play. He was pleased to see amateurs so prominently associated with professional sculling, and so long as that continued, so long would the sport prosper.

BRILLIANT CRICKET.

W. H. DENTON CREATES RECORDS AT LEYTON.

W. H. Denton, the twin brother of J. S. Denton, achieved a notable performance for Northamptonshire against Essex at Leyton, carrying his bat through the long innings and making the highest score of his career, and also a record individual score in Northamptonshire cricket. Denton was batting altogether for nearly six hours, and his hits included thirteen 4's, eighteen 3's, and thirty-four 2's.

Denton's score was the highest made this season by an amateur ; it has been exceeded once only by a professional, Braund having made 257 not out. As will be seen from the appended table, only five batsmen have exceeded two hundred in a single innings this year.

HIGHEST SCORES OF THE SEASON.

Braund	257*
W. H. Denton	230*
Woolley (F. E.)	224*
Tyldesley (J. T.)	210
Bowley	201*

*Signifies not out.

It is not a little curious that this innings of Denton's is more than double his previous highest total. Until the present occasion he had never made a century in county cricket, his previous best being 92 in the recent match with Yorkshire.

The attendance was comparatively small to-day when, in delightful weather, Denton, who had scored 170, and Walden continued the Northamptonshire innings, in which 352 runs had been scored for the loss of only six wickets. Runs came at a capital pace, both batsmen hitting in attractive style all round the wicket.

At 304 Walden had his middle stump hit, the partnership for the seventh wicket having yielded 80 runs in fifty minutes. With 9 added, Wells left, and then, with Buswell in, Denton reached his 200 out of 414, after batting five hours and five minutes.

Buswell helped to add 56 in half an hour, but after this the innings soon closed, Murdin being bowled at 476.

Essex had ten minutes batting before lunch and made 17 without loss.

FIRE IN NAGDEVI STREET.

An alarm of fire was raised last night by a native living on the ground floor of a house in Nagdevi street. The house belongs to one Soondrabai and was rented to several Hindus and Mahomedans. One of the rooms on the ground floor was occupied by a Mahomedan dyer who had lighted a segree underneath some pieces of recently dyed cloth. The cloth caught fire and in a short time the room was filled with a smoke. The fire engines from Bhuleshwar and Babulla Tank stations arrived in response to the alarm given, but their services were not required as the neighbours had before their arrival extinguished the flames. The damage was only trifling.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES, AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.		Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	August		h.	m.	ft.	in.
Tues.....	26	m	5	42	24	6
			4	57 a	24	2
Wed.....	27	m	7	19	24	10
			6	28 a	24	0
Thu	28	m	8	44	25	10
			8	1 a	24	6
Fri	29	m	9	32	27	0
			9	14 a	25	7
Sat	30	m	10	15	28	1
			10	13 a	26	10
Sun	31	m	10	55	29	0
			11	4 a	28	0

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.		Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.	
	Aug.		h.	m.	ft.	in.
Tues.....	26	m	11	25	22	2
			11	53 a	18	1
Wed.....	27		1	45 a	21	11
Thurs ...	28	m	1	15	17	7
			2	51 a	21	11
Fri	29	m	2	24	16	10
			3	38 a	19	8
Sat	30	m	3	19	16	0
			4	20 a	18	3
Sun	31	m	4	10	15	4
			5	0 a	16	11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

Aug.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
26 (Tuesday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 59m.
27 (Wednesday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 58m.
28 (Thursday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 58m.
29 (Friday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 57m.
30 (Saturday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 56m.
31 (Sunday)	do 6h. 23m.	do 6h. 55m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, Aug. 25th, 5h. 47-8m. a.m. ; New Moon, Sept. 1st, 2h. 8-1m. a.m. ; First Quarter, 7th, 6h. 35-7m. p.m. ; Full Moon, 15th, 1h. 15-9m. p.m.

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THE
Bombay Gazette
Tuesday, 26th August, 1913.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

THE question of a Channel Tunnel again rises to the surface of the sea of public questions that come up for the consideration of the mighty. Its last formal appearance was about eight years ago, when it was laid to rest by the negative decision of the Government delivered by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. For more than thirty years the party in favour of such a connection with France—a party that grows with the years—have quietly accepted each refusal of the Government to grant their prayer, but have just as quietly gone on with their propaganda hoping that eventually circumstances will assist their cause And at this juncture their hope seems justified. In the deputation, representing a Committee of at least ninety members, that waited on Mr. Asquith on August 5, we miss the name of Baron Emile Beaumont d'Erlanger, son of one of the most enthusiastic advocates of the Tunnel project, Baron d'Erlanger, who spent much of his energies and wealth in trying to realise his great scheme. But Mr. Arthur Fell, Mr. Russell Rea, T. P. O'Connor, Sir W. Byles, members of Parliament, and Colonel Yates, all spoke before Mr. Asquith in favour of constructing the Tunnel. They met with more encouragement than previous promoters of the project, for the Prime Minister assured them that, quite apart from their appearance before him, the Government was actually considering the question in all its bearing. The history of the scheme is a long one and on every occasion when it cropped up the Government of the country had taken the same view, that it was unnecessary and undesirable. Qualified military and strategical experts had been consulted on every phase of the subject. Lord Lansdowne and Mr. Chamberlain, chief members of a committee, formed in 1883, held that the interests of the country would not be promoted and might be seriously hampered if any such scheme were carried out. Military reasons were, it is true, potent in arriving at this decision, voiced by Lord Wolseley who was one of the most urgent opponents of the construction of a tunnel between England and France.

From 1883 to 1894, every year the Government unanimously rejected the same proposition. Mr. Asquith seemed disappointed that the deputation threw no new light on the question. Their chief arguments were the advisability of drawing closer the nations on either side of the Channel and the improvement of the British food supply in war and peace. We wonder if the French supporters of the tunnel project include the betterment of *their* food supply among the reasons convincing them of the tunnel's importance. Probably not, for solid British dishes have never appealed to the Gallic gastronomic *gout*. Mr. Asquith rather thought that the question of food supplies in war was one that could best be solved by an invincible navy, and the same might be said of the preservation of communications across the Channel. He admitted, however, that one new factor now existed in favour of a closer link with France, and that was the firm establishment of British friendship with that country. The enemy whom Lord Wolseley wished to keep at a distance is now a friend with whom we have cordial relations. The subject is once more to receive the diligent attention of the Committee of Imperial Defence in the light of the recent developments in naval and military warfare. To the lay mind the chances of the project seem good at the moment. Aerial navigation of divers types is proving that it can intervene in military and naval manœuvres far more effectively than was expected when aeroplanes first sailed in the air, and the making or non-making of this tunnel, therefore, loses much of its significance. Moreover the voluminous correspondence unmercifully criticising the London and Paris channel services, and filling columns of influential journals, prove much discontent with the present method of transit.

There are, of course, many ways of linking up France and England besides by a submarine passage. An article in the *Times* on train-ferries gives examples of the connection by this means of islands with the mainland in many parts of the world. Denmark, on account of its conformation, has found this method of crossing the water most convenient. Ferries there are of every length from one mile and a half to twenty-six, five miles more than the distance from Dover to Calais. From Copenhagen to Malmo, 19 miles, a train-ferry has carried passengers and goods for many years. Since 1872, the Sallingsund ferry is in operation. The trains ferry over the Baltic from Gjedsen in Denmark to Warnemunde in Germany, crosses 26 miles of water where heavy seas are common and establishes railway communication with the systems of Europe. It has been running for ten years. Its position according to the *Times* writer would suggest it as a model for a French-English ferry making, however, considerable allowances for the variation of tide in the Channel. Every precaution is taken on the Baltic ferry to render the transit safe. Two hours is the time allotted for doing the 26 miles, but more powerful boats could do it in less. The transference of train to boat takes from twelve to eighteen minutes, but it can be done in six. America has numerous train-ferries on the great Lakes and elsewhere, and, as usual, has done the work on a huge scale. One ferry route on Lake Michigan, established eight years ago, is over a stretch of 240 miles between Chicago and Peshtigo. Ninety, eighty and sixty miles are easily negociated in other places, special cables and other strong measures securing the carriages in transit where severe weather is met with. The Chesapeake Bay ferry is over 36 miles of a sea subject to strong winds, but passenger and cargo services cross it regularly and frequently. The New York Bay ferries have to deal with great variation in tides, but they manage it by means of the inclined plane. Some of the trains have to contend with ice, often four feet thick. But specially designed ships conquer that obstacle and do the journey so successfully that the Russian Government, after watching the process, decided on building an ice-breaking steamer for crossing Lake Baikal. The estimated cost of a train-ferry between England and France is two millions sterling, of a tunnel eight millions, and of a bridge twenty-two millions. Expert engineers consider all three plans feasible. If the train-ferry were adopted, it would not run its head against political and military opinion, as either of the other alternatives would, for in case of that war which seems now so utterly improbable, the train-ferry service could be quietly discontinued, whereas bridge or tunnel would have to be guarded or destroyed. But would the train-ferry mitigate the miseries of those who dread the instability of the Channel waves?

THE POETICAL PYE.

The fact that a poet-laureate died during the present year, and a new one has been appointed in his place invests with some interest the centenary of the death of another laureate this month. Henry James Pye was but a poor poet, and would have been forgotten long ago, but for the circumstance that he got the laurel wreath at the court of George III, yet his memory will probably be revived during this month of his centenary as the last of the purely court poets who turned out every year with mechanical regularity odes and other verses for the royal birthday and other similar occasions. In fact he was a court official bound to versify for the royal delectation by order. He got for his rhyming pains a poor salary and a dole of tierce of canary. Pye was the first to commute the latter, which was a relic of early days when poets were supposed to draw their inspiration from the bottle, for an addition to his fixed salary which small as it was had the reputation of getting hopelessly into arrears in the case of some previous laureates like Dryden. This was almost all that Pye did to improve the status of his office; otherwise he moved on in the same old rut prescribed by predecessors like Cibber and Whitehead. The stimulated birthday ode religiously made its appearance every year breathing the most irreproachable patriotic sentiment and full of dull platitudes, all expressed in the tersest language. His early efforts were so full of allusions to vocal groves and feathered choirs, the tricks of the rhyming trade they may be called, that a wit hit him off in the following lines which had great vogue: 'And when the pie was opened The birds began to sing; And wasn't that a dainty dish To set before a king?' Pye had assiduously cultivated the art of rhyming, and produced an ode on the birthday of the Prince of Wales in 1762, when he was only seventeen, and early giving a foretaste of the odes that were to flow from his pen in such ceaseless succession later on. Whitehead was then the reigning court poet and on his death in 1785, he unsuccessfully sought his place. But about the same time he entered Parliament and steadily supported Pitt then in the first year of his Prime Ministership and needing support this politic as well as political service obtained for him the coveted laureateship when next it fell vacant in 1790. The post in spite of having been held by such persons as Eusden and Whitehead, had still some reputable literary associations of its early days when Ben Jonson and Dryden shed lustre on it but Pye's appointment as a reward for political services effectually deprived it of even the little honour left, and the scorn with which he was hailed on all sides was very marked. He retired from Parliament but was soon made a police magistrate, in which capacity it must be said he proved himself diligent and intelligent, writing one of his most useful books on the duties of his office. For twenty-three years he was the Laureate but those were the years of the rise of romantic poetry and of such poets as Wordsworth and Coleridge and Scott, soon to be followed by Byron and Shelley and Keats. At such a time when England was so rich in real poetical talent it was really scandalous that Pye should be the official head and representative of English poetry. On his death in 1863 this was felt even in political circles and through the exertions of Canning and Peel who were in the Ministry of Lord Liverpool at the time the post of laureate was offered first to Scott who declined it, partly on account of the ridicule into which it had fallen in Pye's days, and then to Southey who consented to accept it. The stipulation about the birthday was at once abolished and the new laureate was left free to write poems on national occasions when he chose. Southey, by his long tenure of thirty years, was able to divest the post of nearly all its ridiculous traditions of a century. Pye was otherwise a good author and man as Scott said "the poetical Pye was respectable in everything but his poetry," but in that he was very nearly contemptible.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

We have from time to time referred in our sporting columns to the preparations for the Olympic Games to take place in Berlin in 1916 and to the need which has been urged at Home for a more adequate representation of British athleticism and for a more generous support of and unity of interest in the efforts to secure that representation. A British Olympic Games Fund, for which it is hoped to secure one hundred thousand pounds sterling, has now been started to this end, following an appeal by Earl Grey, Earl Roberts, Lord Harris, Lord Rothschild, Lord Strathcona and the Duke of Westminster. The fund has made a good start, and the expression by the King of his wish that every effort should be made to accomplish the purpose the fund has in view will no doubt make the responses to the appeal even more prompt. The Olympic Games stand for much more than ordinary sports competitions, as will be seen from the names of those who have started the fund. The games, which have such a fine history, are an index to national vitality, for, however great a country may be industrially, its people must retain a standard of physical fitness, or else the future for that country is, to say the least, problematical. These international trials of strength are intended to act as an incentive to participation in games, and it is by arousing interest in them that this aim can be accomplished. The evil of present day sport, more particularly in Europe and America, is that there are too many spectators, for a nation's vitality is not retained by watching games but by playing them. The keenness of the Germans to carry off most of the honours in the forthcoming Olympic encounters is an open secret, and they have set about securing their ambition in their usual thorough way, having, as we have already reported, decided to send a Commission to the United States with a view to studying athletic training methods there. The coaching of athletes is an expensive business, hence the starting of the British Fund. All Englishmen should be, and undoubtedly are, jealous of their reputation in athletics and every effort should be made to ensure that our representatives stand an equal chance at Berlin with those of other countries.

THE RAILWAY SERVANTS' SOCIETY.

It is interesting to see that, following the fashion, the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants is thinking of moving its headquarters to Delhi. At present, of course, they are in Bombay. The importance of Delhi as a railway centre is a point which has frequently been mentioned in the controversy which raged over the transfer of the capital, and we should imagine that its advantages as headquarters for any railway organisation would be admitted even in Calcutta. Whereas Bombay is a terminus into which two railways only run; Delhi is a station at which eight different lines converge and from his office there the secretary would get easily and quickly into touch with railway interests affecting the greater portion of the Indian continent. Apparently the main obstacle to the change is the fact that in Bombay, the Society has established a printing-press, and it does not care to face the expense of transferring this. Accordingly the conference of the Society, which has been sitting at Bangalore, has decided to do nothing for the present, but to consider the matter again next year. It is noticeable that there is nowadays a much more chastened tone to be observed in official communications and utterances. A very significant feature of the proceedings at Bangalore, was the determination which was expressed by the men that they, in future, are to be the arbiters whether a strike is required or no, and not a few trusted officials. After their experiences during the recent strike this is a very natural attitude for them to adopt, and we congratulate them on their decision. It will, we hope, obviate the recurrence of such a precipitate and unnecessary strike as the last, and tend generally to lessen the likelihood of strikes of a far-spreading character. Before a strike can be declared in future, a ballot must be taken and a three-fourths majority in its favour must be secured. This is practically a vote of censure on Mr. Rogers and those who with him decided to call the last strike, and on the general secretary it is having a very moderating effect. Nothing could have been more amiable than his reference to the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway on Saturday, and to the "misunderstanding" of which the men complain.

MILITARY MATTERS.

AN EQUINE CENSUS.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Aug. 8.

For some time past the Remount Department have been engaged in the work of taking a census of all the horses, that are or might be made available for military purposes throughout the United Kingdom. Separate figures have been prepared for each of the seven commands in England, Scotland, and Wales, and the horses have been tabulated under headings showing the class of work to which they are suited, riding, draught, heavy draught and pack, and allotted to Regulars and Territorials in accordance with requirements. The annual castings for Regulars average about 4000, and these can still be found without much difficulty, chiefly from Ireland. Generally speaking they are hunter class, but a bit undersized, and there seems no reason to believe that the supply will fail, so long as hunting continues to flourish. The advent of the motor, which has affected the supply of light draught horses, has had no perceptible influence on the numbers of heavy draught horses bred and kept. The War Office are, therefore, so far as possible substituting for transport work pairs of heavy for teams of four light draught horses. The increased, and ever increasing use of mechanical transport for military purposes also reduces the number of horses required by the Army Service Corps. So far, therefore, as peace requirements are concerned there seems on the showing of the Remount Department that there is no immediate cause for anxiety, as regards an adequate supply. The figures, which have now been compiled, show the total number of horses suitable for military purposes privately owned, a proportion of which not exceeding half could be made immediately available for service on mobilization. For Home defence and the expeditionary force about 140,000 would be required on the issue of orders for mobilization, and the census return shows that just on 463,000 horses have been enumerated. Of these, half, it is considered, could be at once taken for service without bringing the owners to a standstill in their business. This would suffice for mobilization and give a reserve of 90,000 to replace the wastage of war before it became necessary to draw upon the remaining 230,000. These figures are considered satisfactory by the powers that be, and they certainly work out better than was generally expected. As, however, they deal only with what could be done at a time of national emergency when impressment would be regularized and commandeering be permissible, they do not touch the problem, which every year becomes more and more difficult of solution, the provision of horses for training purposes for the mounted units of the Territorial Force. This is especially felt at present as regards the London corps, for which the now practically extinct horse'bus companies used to provide. The War Office recognise that the difficulty is increasing year by year, and that the time will come when it will be necessary to institute new methods to cope with requirements; but that time has not yet arrived and meanwhile sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.

AUSTRIAN AUGMENTATION.

It is little more than a year since the new defence law in the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy provided for increased recruiting, and it will be remembered that this measure was only passed after protracted struggles in both Parliaments. The dramatic appearance of the police in the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies and the ejection of the opposition was an incident that caused a good deal of excitement at the time. Despite this it is rumoured on good authority that a new Military Bill will be presented this autumn, and that it is now being pressed forward in the three military ministries of the Dual Monarchy—the joint Ministry of war and the Austrian and Hungarian Ministries of National Defence. The grounds upon which the necessity for the Bill is urged are the preparations either made or making in other European States and the altered balance of power in the Balkans. It is argued, that a higher peace establishment during the crisis following the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina would have rendered the military preparation less costly and less productive of economic injury, but at the same time it is recognised that quality is wanted as well as quantity. Increased training facilities are therefore aimed at as well as increased numbers. The peace strength of each company of infantry is to be raised from 120 to 130, whilst the corps stationed on the Russian and Balkan frontiers are to have even stronger companies. The field artillery is to be strengthened by the addition of sixth battery for every regiment, and the frontier regiments are to be kept approximately up to war strength. The heavy artillery is to be increased so that each Army Division shall be re-inforced by a division of heavy artillery equipped with a new barrel-recoil quick-firing gun, which is at present undergoing tests. The fortifications in Galicia are to be increased, and this will connote a corresponding increase in the strength of the garrison artillery. The cavalry in the Hungarian Landwehr is also marked for considerable additions, and additional artillery is to be allotted to the Landwehr both of Austria and Hungary. It is stated that the army will be increased by some 30,000 men and two Landwehren by 10,000 each. From the year 1917 onwards, by which time the increases resulting from last year's law and those now in contemplation will have been carried into effect the total recruiting levy of the army will reach a total of 262,000 annually, of which 103,000 will come from Hungary, the balance from Austria. The standing regular army which numbered in 1912 576,000 will be increased to 606,000, and the grand total including Landwehren will rise from the 820,000 of 1912 to 870,000 combatants.

MOTOR CYCLISTS.

In the recent army sanctioning the enlistment of motor cyclists to the number of 712 in the Territorial Force the War Office has recognised the importance of this branch of speedy transmission of message in the field. It seems, however, that the regulations as regards drills and musketry might with advantage have been a little more rigorous. The recruit has to put in twenty drills in his first year and fire a pistol course of six shots with each hand dismounted. During subsequent years he is only required to fire his annual twelve shot pistol course, and has not to attend any drills. Hitherto motor cyclists borne on the strength of corps have gone through the usual routine of musketry and drills, and efforts have generally been made to give them the higher training, which would render their reports of what they have seen and noted, whilst carrying messages, of some value to the staff regimental, brigade, or divisional, under which they are working. The tests as now prescribed limit their utility to efficiency as motor cyclists only, and so far as pistol practice is concerned are only likely to suffice to render them dangerous to themselves. Motor cyclists have always been ready to come forward for work at manœuvres in ample numbers, when required and would also be readily obtainable in the event of active service. Unless, therefore, those that enlist are properly trained, there is no obvious advantage in enlisting them.

AIR SERVICE.

It is evident that the Admiralty are pressing forward the naval air service with commendable activity. The First Lord has succeeded in obtaining a matter of about a quarter of a million from the Chancellor of the Exchequer, chiefly to be expended on air craft. It is understood that Messrs. Vickers and Co. are laying out several acres of land on Walney Island, Barrow, for the purpose of building all classes of air craft, and it may be safely assumed, that they would not be making these preparations and expending the capital involved in laying down expensive plant, if they had not good grounds to anticipate receiving orders sufficient to guarantee a modest return on their capital expenditure. That Messrs Armstrong, Whitworth and Co. intend to specialize in air craft construction at Elswick and Selby was announced by their chairman as far back as April last. They are already building aeroplane engines and as soon as the necessary plant has been installed will proceed to turn out both aeroplanes and airships. The time, therefore, is now in sight when the delays in delivery to which Colonel Seely so frequently advances for the non-fulfilment of his expectations as regards the acquisition of machines for the flying corps, will become less and less until they cease, except in the cases of labour troubles or in periods of unusual stress. The allotment of funds suggests that it has now been found possible to place the orders for the two rigid and six semi-rigid airships, the early acquisition of which was foreshadowed in Mr. Churchill's speech on the 18th of last month. But there is a good deal of difference between placing the orders and early acquisition, and it may well be questioned, whether any of the new airships will be in commission in time to take part in the naval manœuvres next year. It will be some time before our factories are in a position to rival the German output of eight or ten rigid airships a year, with a few semi-rigids and non-rigids thrown in. Still, when we look back at what has taken place under the auspices of the Admiralty in the matter of submarine there is every reason to be confident as to the result in the case of airships.

A CRAMPING EFFECT.

The Air-craft Factory has many uses, theoritical and practical, but for all that it has had a cramping effect on War Office policy as regards the development of the air service. The Admiralty have from the first kept clear of the Factory, and their independence has enabled them to make the better progress. The value of the sea-plane has been amply proved during the naval manœuvres just concluded, but the sea-plane is still far from having attained its full development. It has so far progressed more rapidly on the plane side of its amphibious being, than as regards flotation in anything except moderately smooth water. Before it can become a thoroughly useful adjunct to the navy it is necessary that it should become seaworthy in practically all weathers in addition to being air worthy. This involves extra weight, and weight awkwardly placed for aerial work. To carry this weight demands extra sustaining power, greater solidity of construction, and it is essential, that these should be attained without undue loss of speed. The problem is not insoluble; the solution may be arrived at earlier, than at present seems possible, and it would be only right that the lead should be taken by the nation that depends for its existence on the command of the sea. At all events it is evident that the Admiralty intend to have a good try towards the accomplishment of this end. Unlike Colonel Seely who says he cannot spend all that Mr. Lloyd George is willing to give him, the First Lord has valiantly asked for more, and has succeeded in getting it.

GERMAN ACTIVITY.

News from Berlin tends to confirm the rumour which has been for some time persistent in naval circles that a special German Cruiser Squadron will shortly be formed to be always available for the protection of imperilled German interests abroad. The cruiser "Yorck" is being reconstructed, and several small cruisers will be told off to make up the squadron at first, until it is possible to replace them by larger and more modern ships. This is a development which was bound to come sooner or later, and the German Navy League have for some time been urging the construction of additional battle cruisers for service in distant seas. As soon as the German Navy, which for many decades had been concentrated in the Baltic, overflowed into the North Sea, it was merely a question of time how soon it could be found necessary to show the flag in more distant waters. A few years ago two large armoured cruisers were sent to the Far East, and they cruise there in association with three light cruisers. Last year the battle cruiser "Goeben," a Dreadnought ship, was sent to the Mediterranean with four light cruisers. Hitherto, excepting China waters, the German has been represented overseas by a few light cruisers of no great fighting value. Now it is apparently intended to establish a flying squadron ready to support German diplomacy in any part of the world.

IMPERIAL SQUADRON.

The appearance of this new factor in the problem makes it all the more necessary, that the Imperial Squadron, to which the First Lord made allusion some months ago should not be allowed to remain a dream of the future. The concentration of the bulk of the fighting power of our navy within the new strategic area has left the representation in the outer seas very inadequate

(Continued on page 8.)

BALKAN WAR RE-OPENED.

BULGAR ATTACK ON TURKS.

WERS' DETERMINED ATTITUDE.

GREECE RE-ARMING.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 24.

It is officially stated that the Bulgarians attacked the Turkish advanced post at Ortakeuy, but were repulsed after a sharp engagement. The Turks captured a colonel and 123 soldiers.—Reuter.

DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS.

TALAAT BEY'S MISSION TO ADRIANOPLE.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

Ortakeuy, where the Bulgarians attacked the Turks, is twenty-five miles west of Adrianople.

Talaat Bey, the Turkish Minister of the Interior, has gone to Adrianople. It is variously stated that his object is to open negotiations with the Bulgarians to prevent further military imprudences beyond the River Maritza or the Bulgarian frontier, to ascertain the feeling of the army on the subject of the projected compromise with reference to Adrianople, and to impress on the army leaders the impossibility of any longer maintaining 300,000 men in Thrace.

DEVASTATION OF BULGARIAN TERRITORY.

SALONIKA, Aug. 25.

The devastation of the territories ceded to Bulgaria continues. Thus, the inhabitants of the Strumnitzâ distric burned the town and thirty-two villages, both Greek and Turkish, prior to withdrawing to territory assigned to Greece. The refugees from these territories already number 128,000.—Reuter.

THE PORTE AWAKENING.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 25.

Owing to the firm attitude of the Powers with regard to Adrianople, the Porte is beginning to realise that a direct understanding with Bulgaria offers the best chance of an exit from the present *impasse*. Negotiations have consequently been resumed with the Bulgarian Agent in Constantinople.

It is understood that the Porte will be unwavering on the question of Adrianople, but will make other concessions. The proposal for a direct Turco-Bulgarian understanding meets with encouragement in certain diplomatic quarters, but is opposed in others.—Reuter.

GREECE RE-ARMING.

ATHENS, Aug. 25.

Greece has already begun the work of re-arming. The General Staff will be re-constructed, the number of the divisions of the Army will be increased by twelve, war material will be renewed without delay, and new frontiers will be carefully fortified, while the Navy will be strengthened by new ships, a large arsenal and coastal fortifications.—Reuter.

STATE OF ALBANIA.

LONDON, Aug. 24.

The Albanian town of Delvino has organised a Committee of Defence. It is resolved to resist incorporation in the State of Albania.—Reuter.

RETURN OF TROOPS TO BELGRADE.

BELGRADE, Aug. 24.

The Servian Crown Prince made a ceremonious entry into the city to-day, at the head of 10,000 troops. The city was decorated with flags and trophies and the captured Turkish and Bulgarian guns.—Reuter.

HOPEFUL SPEECH OF FRENCH PREMIER.

PARIS, Aug. 25.

Speaking in the Department of Jura, yesterday, M. Pichon said everything led to the belief that we were reaching the end of the crisis, which had so often caused the danger of war between the great Powers. The need was now felt universally for an assured peace. The concerted action of Europe had ended in an unsatisfactory sort of settlement, but it sufficed since it restored peace and did not grant excessive advantages to one side nor did it crush the other.

Mr. Pichon eulogised the services of the Triple Entente in the work of peace.—Reuter.

JACK JOHNSON AGAIN.

CONSIDERABLE HOSTILITY IN LONDON.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

Considerable hostility has been aroused by the announcement that Jack Johnson will appear at two London music-halls to-night at a salary of a thousand pounds per week. The manager of the halls has so far not yielded to pressure to cancel the engagement.

Johnson, with his white wife and a party of pugilists, motored from Folkestone to London yesterday.

LATER.

It is announced that Jack Johnson's engagement has been postponed this week, as Johnson desires to answer criticisms and meet any allegations.—Reuter.

LINER REFLOATED.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The Rotterdamsche liner "Willis" has been refloated and has proceeded to Marseilles.—Reuter.

THE P. & O. Company's s.s. "Salsette," with the outward Mails of the 15th instant, left Aden at 6 p. m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at [illegible]

TOLL OF THE AIR.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO FRENCH AVIATOR.

KILLED DURING HYDROPLANE RACE.

PARIS, Aug. 25.

During a hydroplane race between Paris and Deauville, the aviator, M. Montalent, and his passenger were killed.—Reuter.

ULSTER PREPARATIONS.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT BEING ARRANGED.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The latest arrangements show that the coming tour of Sir Edward Carson in Ulster will consist largely of a series of inspections of Ulster volunteer corps.

A meeting of the Irish Unionist Parliamentary Party at Belfast, next month, will be followed by a six days' session of the Ulster Unionist Council, to make final preparations for the establishment of a provisional Government for Ulster immediately Home Rule becomes law.

Hitherto insurances have mainly been effected by large firms and property owners, but small owners are now following suit.

EXTENSIVE INSURANCE.

The *Daily Telegraph* says that the amount insured at Lloyd's against damage to property from civil war in Ulster is estimated at ten millions sterling.—Reuter.

WATERPLANE RACE.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT BY HAWKER.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

In calm weather, Hawker left Southampton in a renewed attempt to proceed round Britain by waterplane. He arrived safely at Ramsgate, being received by great crowds, and proceeded thence for Yarmouth.—Reuter.

THE BIG CHINESE LOAN.

OBSTRUCTIVE TACTICS OF FINANCE MINISTRY.

PEKIN, Aug. 25.

In consequence of complaints by Sir Richard Dane, Inspector-General of Salt Revenue, regarding the obstructive tactics of the Ministry of Finance in the collection of salt revenues, on which the Five-Power Loan is secured, the Ministers of the Five Powers have held a meeting and have deputed two Ministers to interview the Acting Minister of Finance with a view to arranging closer adherence to the terms of the loan agreement.—Reuter.

DISMISSAL OF ITALIAN RESERVISTS.

ATHENS, Aug. 24.

Seven classes of reservists have been dismissed from the colours.—Reuter.

GENERAL CANEVA.

VIENNA, Aug. 24.

General Caneva, the late Italian commander in Tripoli, has arrived at Ischl, as the guest of the Emperor, to follow the Austrian manœuvres.—Reuter.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

The death is announced of Lord Lawrence.

The death is announced of the French commander, General Negrier.

The death is announced of Major W. Bridges Webb.—Reuter.

[Lord John Hamilton Lawrence was the first Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, holding that office in 1858-59 during the Indian Mutiny. He was born at Simla in October, 1846, and was educated at Wellington College and Trinity College, Cambridge, passing as a barrister at Lincoln's Inn in 1872. He was made a G. C. B. and created a Baronet in 1858. From 1864 to 1868 he held office as Viceroy of India, and was created a Baron in 1869 after his retirement. He owns 10,000 acres of land in Hants, and his heir, the Hon. A. G. Lawrence, holds a commission as Captain in the 3rd battalion of the Bedfordshire Regiment]

[Major W. Bridges Webb, D. L., was a Director of the Metropolitan Life Assurance Society, Chairman of the Baltic Mercantile and Shipping Exchange Head of the firm of Dewar and Webb, and a member of the Tariff Commission. He was also a member of the committee of the City of London Territorial Association, vice-chairman of the Veteran Reserve, and a member of the committee of the City of London Conservative Association.]

The offices of the Burma Railways Company at Rangoon were closed yesterday as a mark of respect to the late Mr. Willcocks.

In connection with the Kodarpur political dacoity in Mymensingh, the police have arrested a young zemindar named Preonath Roy of the village of Dhonata and have brought him to the Tangail sub-division.

A gas geyser gives a supply of boiling water for a bath in a few minutes; a gas circulator keeps water constantly hot and available any hour of the day or night; there is no tedious wait for [illegible]

IMPERIAL UNITY.

WARMTH OF FEELING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

ANXIETY TO PARTICIPATE IN DEFENCE OF EMPIRE.

CAPETOWN, Aug. 25.

The banquet given to the officers of the Australian warships "Australia" and "Sydney" was remarkable for the fervent speeches on Imperial unity by three prominent Dutch South Africans, Sir Nicholas de Waal, Mr. W. P. Schereiner, and Mr. Justice Kotze.

They strongly combated General Hertzog's views on Imperialism, advocating an adequate participation of South Africa in the naval defence of the Empire.—Reuter.

INDIAN IMPORT AND EXCISE DUTIES.

SUGGESTED ABOLITION NOT PRACTICABLE.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

Sir Roper Lethbridge replies, to-day, to Mr. Tattersall's letter in the *Times* of Aug. 16, on the subject of import and excise duties in India.

Sir Roper Lethbridge says: "Mr. Tattersall knows as well as I that India cannot possibly afford to carry out the simultaneous abolition of import and excise duties, unless she is permitted by the Secretary of State to impose such a moderate taxation on imports from, and exports to, protectionist countries outside the Empire as she may find necessary. I hope that Mr. Tattersall and his friends are now prepared to consent to this."—Reuter.

[In his letter to the *Times*, Mr. Tattersall, referring to the prosperity of Indian finance, said that although the allegation that an increasing feeling against the cotton excise, which fostered disaffection, prevailed in India had not been proved, now was the time to abolish both the import and excise duties. One could not go without the other. India must make up her mind to it that both must go together.]

KIRKEE DEFAMATION SUIT.

CONTRACTORS CONVICTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 25.

Major Leslie, Cantonment Magistrate, to-day gave judgment in the case in which Hormasjee N. Merchant, assistant superintendent of the Kirkee Cantonment, charged Jaffar Baksh and Rawjee Ramjee Jagpat, two contractors, with defamation. The allegation was that the two men, who were contractors, at Kirkee, went to Col. Cadell, R.F.A., President of the Kirkee Cantonment Committee, while the latter was at Purandhar, and told him that Mr. Merchant refused to let them see the Secretary of the Kirkee Cantonment, unless he (Merchant) was paid some bribe. The hearing occupied many sittings. In his judgment, Major Leslie found both the accused guilty and sentenced them to a pay fine of Rs. 200 each, in default three months' imprisonment. Out of the fines, if collected, Rs. 200 was to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

PROPOSED BI-WEEKLY MAIL.

FAVOURED BY KARACHI CHAMBER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Aug. 25.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce have addressed the Government stating that in view of the suggestion made in the Press for two direct mails a week from London, the Chamber would welcome another weekly mail, provided the extra mail steamer came to Karachi.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN COFFEE PLANTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 25.

The death occured last night at the General Hospital, Madras, from blackwater fever, after a short but very severe illness, of Mr. William Wright, the well-known coffee planter of Shevaroys. Mr. Wright, who was only 43 years of age, served in the South African War with Lumsden's Horse and was awarded the Queen's medal with three clasps. He leaves a widow who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Dean of Madras, and one child. The interment takes place at St. Mary's cemetery this afternoon.

STUDY OF SANSKRIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

It is stated that, in connection with the Behar University, a Sanskrit College for the study of Sanskrit and Hindu philosophy will be established.

BURDWAN FLOOD FUNDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

The Burdwan floods are exciting sympathy from all quarters. From Gangtok the Maharaj Kumar has sent Rs. 50 for the relief of the sufferers and a subscription is being started by the local doctors.

PLAGUE IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 25.

Plague continues to increase, there having been six cases with four deaths on Saturday, and eight cases with seven [illegible] on Sunday.

PRINCESS INDIRA MARRIED.

QUIET CEREMONY IN LONDON.

BRIDE RECEIVED INTO BRAHMO RELIGION.

LONDON, Aug. 25.

Princess Indira and Prince Jitendra were quietly married to-day at Buckingham Palace Hotel. The ceremonies began with a reception of the Princess into the Brahmo religion. The bridegroom arrived shortly after, and the couple subsequently drove in separate cars to the registry office in Harrow Road for the civil ceremony. They then returned to the hotel where the religious ceremony, according to the Brahmo rites, was performed in the drawing-room.

The bride was dressed in pink. The bridegroom wore a lounge suit. Only a few guests were present, those attending the bride including Sir Krishna Gupta. The bridegroom was attended by his mother, who wore Indian roses of white silk with gold embroidery.

A wedding breakfast of thirty covers followed.

The Maharani of Cooch Behar held a reception at her residence in the afternoon, after which the couple proceeded to Maidenhead, where they will begin the honeymoon, going later to Cromer.—Reuter.

SANITARY CONFERENCE.

SESSIONS OPENED AT SIMLA YESTERDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 25.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor opened the Punjab Sanitary Conference this morning. In the course of his speech, His Honour said that a new era of sanitary effort was dawning in India, and there were signs of a nascent interest in the subject in the Press and among the more enlightened of the educated classes. He referred to the generosity of the Government of India in the matter of sanitary grants and briefly touched on several subjects in the agenda.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer, speaking on town planning, referred to Colonel Popham Young's bold suggestion for the recognition of a right to tax unearned increments in the town sites. His Honour, in conclusion, pointed out that the pioneers of the health movement in England were private individuals and appealed for such workers in India who could work out in practice the reconciliations between the demands of science and Indian customs and conditions.

The Conference then began their sittings under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Fenton, and among the resolutions Major Buck's motion for legislation for the improvement of village sanitation was negatived.

RECENT BANK OF BURMA CASE.

MOWER RELEASED OWING TO ILLNESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, Aug. 25.

S. A. Mower, late Director of the Bank of Burma, who had been sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Justice Twomey on his conviction of fraud in connection with the recent Bank of Burma case, at the April Sessions of the Chief Court, was released to-day, owing to serious illness, after undergoing two months and four days' imprisonment.

DROWNING ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 25.

On Saturday, the Captain and Chief Officer of the S S "Itinda" from Java, with their servants and others, went into the sea to bathe. There was a strong ebb tide at the time, and the bathers were soon in distress. When the Captain and the Chief Officer were on the point of being carried away by the waves, they were just rescued by means of a rope. The Captain's servant Julia Nova, by name, sank, and his body has not yet been recovered in spite of efforts on the part of the police.

CHANGE OF RAILWAY GAUGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Aug. 25.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce have received a letter from the Secretary to the Railway Board, stating in reply to the Chamber's letter, that the Jodhpur Durbar's proposals for an improved means of communication are confined to the conversion of the Hyderabad and Kachman Road section of the J.B.Railway from metre to board gauge adding that information regarding any proposals which the Railway Board may receive for improvements between Kachman Road and Delhi will be communicated to the Chamber in due course.

DALLAS COMEDY COMPANY.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE LAST NIGHT.

The Dallas Comedy Company brought their brief season in Bombay to a close last night, when that favourite play "Baby Mine" was again put on the boards. The presentation met with another exthusiastic reception, and the performers acquitted themselves most creditably. Owing to engagements elsewhere, the present season could not, unfortunately, be extended, but there is every likelihood of another visit before the Company finally returns to England.

His Excellency the Governor of Madras and Lady Pentland arrived in Madras, yesterday morning and leave by the s.s. "Manora" to-day for Colombo on their way to Simla. A G.

A NEW VICE.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE ON TEA DRINKING.

TRENCHANT COMMENT BY BANGALORE PLANTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Aug 25.

The annual four days' conference of the United Planters' Association of South India opened to-day, twenty-two delegates attending from thirteen affiliated planting bodies, besides Mr. E. C Abbott, chairman, and the Hon. Mr. Barber, plainting member of the Legislative Council. Mr. Scoble Nicholson, the Labour Commissioner of Ceylon, was present by special invitation.

When the report of Mr. Fletcher Norton, the secretary, had been read, the chairman delivered his opening address, which covered many topics interesting to the planters. Referring to the planting products during the past year, he said they had had many ups and downs, but on the whole they had done fairly well. The low price of rubber which had recently prevailed was, according to the best authority, only temporary and could be remedied by more careful standardisation. It was proposed to establish a factory for the manufacture of every article required by the users of the cultivated rubber. The recent fall in the price appeared to be attributable more to the political causes arising from a dispute between Brazil and the United States than to anything else.

Coffee planters had long ago learnt to regard with reasonable suspicion the estimates of Brazil crops circulated at this time of the year. The attempt to get the British Customs duty reduced had failed, and it was a question if the reduction would do the South Indian planters much good or if it would allow the market to be flooded by a quantity of cheap China tea. The remarkable feature of the debate in the House of Commons was Mr. Lloyd George's attack on tea drinking, which he declared had been responsible for the increase of tuberculosis throughout the country. This statement might have benefited his supporters who own the "Cocoa Press" and improved the value of any brewery shares in which the party funds were invested; but the statement had done the planters no harm, for the British public had responded with alacrity to the discovery of a new vice. The use of tea had largely increased, and the market was higher than it was before the Chancellor of the Exchequer spoke.

The Chairman also referred to the labour problem, characterizing the present situation in some districts as being in the nature of a crisis. The meeting then proceeded to hear the work of the planting member of the Council and the association's scientific officer's report for the past year.

AGRICULTURAL MEASURE.

EIGHT GALLONS BASKET AS THE STANDARD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Aug. 25.

The second day of the Burma Agricultural and Co-operative Conference was devoted to meetings of sub-committees which discussed various matters. The question of the standardisation of the present measures and the establisment of a single measure of capacity for all agricultural produce was discussed, and it was generally agreed that an eight-gallon basket as the standard measure was desirable.

The subject of seed selection was also discussed, and improvements were suggested to remedy the main defects of Burma rice. Deliberations on this subject were based on a note by Mr Mckerral, Deputy Director of Agriculture, who favoured the adoption of a plan of local distributing agencies in the shape of co-operative societies.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN.

HIS LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN HIMSELF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 25.

The Hon. Mr. J. H. Abbott left for Bangalore yesterday. On Saturday evening he visited Lallaguda railway colony, where Mr. Hosken, Acting Loco Superintendent, presided at a meeting held to welcome him. Mr. Hosken remarked that from 17 years' experience in the country he had found the Anglo-Indian very encouraging to work with and they made good volunteers, but he thought they lacked confidence in themselves and suffered from a sort of touchiness or looking out for insults or slights which were never intended, but he admitted that their book learning was better than the average man of the same standing brought out from home.

In the course of his reply, Mr. Abbott assured the audience that the grievance would be looked into and remedied, and outlined the policy of the League in that direction.

About 200 members have joined the League in the last three days in Hyderabad.

BANGALORE, Aug. 25.

Mr. Abbott who arrived in Bangalore to-day, paid his respects to the Maharaja of Mysore, and called at the Residency. He is to be accorded a public reception by the Anglo-Indian community at the Bowring Institute and to be specially entertained on Wednesday.

BURMA GOVERNMENT SECRETARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Aug. 25.

Mr. H. W. James, Superintending Engineer, Mandalay, will succeed Mr. St. G. Manners-Smith, C. I. E., who retires next month from the post of Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Burma Government in the Public Works Department.

Capt. E. C. Lentaigne, 4th Gurkhas, will assume the duties of Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor on the return from leave of Sir Harvey Adamson at the end of October.

POONA SEASON.

SPORTING AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 24.

POLO.

Practice for the polo tournament which commences on September 4 is now in full swing both on the old ground near the Gymkhana, and on the new one on the Racecourse, which after some years of preparation has at last been brought into use. The bright star of Poona polo is Captain Ritson of international fame, who is bringing a team from his Regiment, the Inniskilling Dragoons. This side should take a lot of stopping, but the presence of teams like the Poona Horse and the 26th Light Cavalry (last year's winners) will prevent anything in the nature of a walk over. Captain K. O. Goldie, whose excellence is better known in the Punjab than in these parts, is bringing a side from the Staff of Government House, while other entrants are the 14th Hussars, 33rd Light Cavalry and the 32nd Lancers, who are making the long journey from Jubbulpore. May their sporting enterprise be rewarded.

MR. KINCAID'S LECTURE.

On Monday evening last almost all the Poona Society went up to Government House to hear a lecture by Mr. Kincaid, Judge of Satara, on Poona and its history. On arrival we were received by A. D. C.'s, taken into the large ballroom where at one end there was a small stage and desk and a small screen for a few magic lantern illustrations. The Governor's band played in the gallery until the last of the guests had arrived, when Their Excellencies came down the room together preceded by their Staff to the strains of the National Anthem. The Governor then rose and said a few words introducing the lecturer. His Excellency's speech was received with applause, as also was the lecturer, who after a few introductory remarks settled down and gave us a very interesting history of the Mogul and Mahratta dynasties for about six centuries, mentioning the battles which took place in the time of the Peshwas in and around Poona and Satara. After speaking for about an hour he closed his lecture by thanking every one for their kind attention and indulgence and sat down amid applause. The lights were then turned on and His Excellency with Mrs. Claude Hill and Lady Willingdon with Sir Richard Lamb walked down the room, into the long dining-room where refreshments were laid out. After all the guests had left the throne room for refreshments, the whole room was hurriedly cleared by a staff of servants and the band struck up a valse much to everyone's delight. Their Excellencies generously gave us a small programme of right dances, and so ended a most enjoyable evening shortly after 1 a. m. Some of the gowns were very handsome, Her Excellency was in a handsome black satin with black tulle over white satin, she wore some handsome diamond sprays on the corsage, and in her hair a small band of diamonds, with a black aigrette in front.

CONCERT AT THE LADIES' CLUB.

On Thursday evening there was a really good concert given at the Ladies' Club in Queen's Gardens, in aid of the Panch Howds Mission. This Club was inaugurated by Lady Muir Mackenzie, and the members consist of Parsee, Hindu, Mahomedan ladies and also some European members. It is a large double storied building, and well adapted for the concert which was held in the upper flat. The whole building, I hear, was very kindly lent for the occasion, so as the room was very nearly full, let us hope the mission benefited largely. Shortly after 10 p. m. Their Excellencies arrived accompanied by Captain Goldie, A. D. C, and took their seats in the front row, and immediately the concert started, with a quartette from Messrs. Cowan, Wilkinson, Hider and Buree. Mr. Cowan has become quite well-known in Poona though he has only recently arrived. He has a really fine tenor voice and was a pupil of Randegger's, I understand. He has started a studio of music in the Coronation buildings where he has advertized to give lessons. I hope he will succeed in his enterprise as he thoroughly deserves to do, being most willing to lend a helping hand to all amateur performances. Mrs. Gamble, in black ninon with a white aigrette in her hair, sang two short songs, one being "Turn ye to me." Mr. Wright, of the 29th Lancers, stationed here, sang Sullivan's song "Take a pair of sparkling Eyes" and gave as an encore the "Indian desert Song." This officer certainly has a beautiful tenor voice which it is a treat to listen to. The room, unfortunately, was a difficult one to sing in, being long and low and having a cloth ceiling, which always seems to muffle the voice. Mrs. Davie looked pretty in a very lovely hand-painted pale blue chiffon dress, she sang most charmingly a delightful song called "Love's Awakening." She also was recalled to give an encore. Mr. Cowan then sang again Tosti's beautiful song "Good-bye" which was much appreciated. Mr. Sutton was the only instrumentalist and he played the violin very well. It was quite a treat to listen to him. The other vocalists were Mrs. Brayne who really has a beautiful voice, Mr. Burn, Mrs. Clifford Kay and Mrs. Watson, all of whom sang delightfully. The programme came to an end shortly before twelve, Their Excellencies remaining until the end. Everyone agreed it was a most enjoyable function, and, Poona is, indeed, lucky in having so much good musical talent in her midst. Judging from the audience I should say the funds of the Mission had benefited considerably.

NASSIK CHILDREN'S HOME.

On Monday afternoon, a Women's Meeting was held in the Council Hall on behalf of the Nassik Home for children. Ladies were asked to attend by invitation and Lady Willingdon took the chair. Lady Barrett was also present. She is much interested in this Home, and kindly lent Polo Vista last year for the meeting. There were three lady speakers who are in charge of these Homes, one being at Nassik, another at Bombay, and the other at Bangalore. These Homes do a great deal of good

(Continued on page 8.)

UNDER THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

MARITIME SENTIMENT.

SCENE IN PARLIAMENT.

MESSAGE FROM DR. MAWSON

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

*MELBOURNE, Aug. 11.

In opening the new clubhouse of the Holdfast Bay Yacht Club at Glenelg on Saturday his Excellency Admiral Bosanquet made eloquent reference to the Australian Navy and the necessity for the existence and spread of maritime sentiment throughout the Commonwealth. The Royal Australian Navy, he said, was now an established power to be reckoned with in any consideration or enumeration of the forces of the Empire. This force, the establishment of which had attracted great attention throughout the world, although at present in its infancy, gave promise of power in the future to assist in asserting the predominance of Australian determination and policy in the Eastern Hemisphere. The Australian Navy depended for its efficiency not only upon the assistance and support of the forces of the Empire, but upon the patriotic ardor and the maritime sentiment it would inspire in the Commonwealth. Every country which was entirely surrounded by the sea depended for its existence upon the adequacy of its seafaring population. They might have ships and armaments in great profusion, but it was the men that really counted, and not only the men, but the spirit which animated their actions. The men of the Royal Navy were always ready to go anywhere to deal instantly with any trouble that might arise in any part of the world, no matter what the distance, and so the Australian fleet would be an outpost, not only for local defence, but for the protection of the interests of the Empire in the Southern Seas. The first Lord of the Admiralty had lately said that the true division of labor between England and her Dominions was that the mother country should maintain sea supremacy against all comers at the decisive points, wherever they might be and that the Dominions should guard and patrol the rest of the Empire. Australia was taking up her share of the burden of the Empire and was providing ships, docks, and bases, but, above all, she was providing men for the fleet, to be trained under the discipline and regulations of the Royal Navy, to which the Royal Australian Navy was linked up. The result of the establishment and organisation of the Australian Navy was the kindling of great enthusiasm and national spirit throughout the Commonwealth, and this took practical form in the large sums of money voted and spent in national defence. Here, then, was the Holdfast Bay Yacht Club's patriotic sphere of action, to help in the encouragement of maritime sentiment, and to increase the numbers of the seafaring population work, which depended upon the influence of those who had means and inclination for sailing their yachts on the waters of St. Vincent's Gulf. The Premier (Hon. A. H. Peake) said they were particularly glad to see his Excellency at Glenelg, because they knew he had had a very distinguished career as a sailor, and that with anything which related to seafaring matters, anything that could help to develop the love which Britishers and their descendants had for the sea, his sympathies were fully in accord. They knew what sea power had meant to Great Britain, what it might mean to her in the future, and what it might possibly mean to Australia. They knew that out of the little anchorages and bays of the coast of Devon and other English counties went the men who gave the British their proud name as a seafaring race, and if at Glenelg, or in any other part of the State, by the establishment and encouragement of yacht clubs and that kind of thing, they could develop that love of water—sea water, he meant—(laughter)—he was sure his Excellency's sympathies were fully in that direction.

SCENE IN PARLIAMENT.

The adjournment of the New South Wales Legislative Assembly was followed by a scene of rare excitement in the lobby just outside the Chamber. During the debate on the Railway Appeal Bill Mr. Hollis and Mr. Cohen came into conflict, and some heat was apparently engendered by the more or less uncomplimentary references that were exchanged between them across the table. As members trooped out of the Chamber when the business of the late sitting had closed, the two burly members were observed near the door engaged in a further heated argument. The attitude and gestures of the two members attracted the attention of the latest recruit to the House, Mr. McGirr, who evidently thought that hostilities had begun between them, and that his Ministerial colleague needed reinforcements. According to statements of bystanders, Mr. McGirr, in the heat of the moment, made thrust at Mr. Cohen, who is a much younger man than Mr. Hollis, striking him on the shoulder. The attack made by Mr. McGirr was witnessed by Mr. Moxham, the Acting Opposition Whip, and was the signal for a rush on his part at Mr. McGirr. At this stage several Ministerial supporters seized Mr. McGirr, and Mr. Moxham was held back by other members. Mr. Cohen and Mr. Hollis were also separated. The utmost excitement prevailed, and the shouting brought all and sundry upon the scene. Mr. Moxham was seen in his shirt sleeves, minus his coat, and with his sleeves rolled up. The two Ministerial members had in the meantime been spirited away. Peace makers were, however, plentiful, and there was nobody disposed to act as "bottle" holders. The Premier, Ministers, and other prominent members of the House did their best to restore tranquillity, but the crowd did not melt away for some time after the passage-at-arms between the four members.

The scene undoutedly had its genesis in the disorderly conduct that characterised the proceedings in Committee on the Railway Appeal Bill.

The Deputy Chairman of Committees (Mr. Thrower) was not equal to the task of restoring order, though he several times raised his voice above

(* By Telegraph to Perth W.A.)

the din and threatened to take an extreme course against certain members Vulgar remarks were shouted across the floor, mimicry suggestive of cater-wauling was repeatedly indulged in and the uproar at times was suggestive of life in a taproom. What followed in the lobby was by no means unexpected from the disorder that had prevailed in the Chamber.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

The dreamers of thirty or forty years ago, who had hopes of the future of South Australia as a wine-producing and fruit-growing country, could hardly have expected that they would be as completely realised as they have been. Indeed, they would be justified in viewing with surprise the report of the Government Statist for 1912-13, published in our horticultural section to-day. They would find, for example, that the area under vineyards, which in 1875-6 was less than 5,000 acres, is now upwards of 25,000. During the past five years it has increased by over 3,000 acres. But our progress is perhaps best measured by that of other States. For years Victoria has been the chief viticultural State, and in the early eighties she had twice our own acreage under vines. But year by year we have been steadily rising to her level. Whether we have yet reached or passed it cannot be said, for her latest figures are not to hand; but in 1911-12, she had only 24,193 acres devoted to vines, and last season, as we have shown, that record was broken by South Australia. No other State comes near us in this matter. Though New South Wales had a long start, the area under vines in 1797 being given by Governor Hunter as 8 acres, she has not even to-day increased that acreage beyond a thousand times. Altogether, in 1911-12, the Commonwealth had 60,000 odd acres devoted to the vine. Never before in this State was the yield of grapes so abundant as it was last year, when 42,605 tons were gathered. The next largest yield, viz., 36,861 tons for 1910-11, represented an advance on every other season but the last. The great extension of vineyards tells, of course, in the statistics of wine production. Our grapes are not all, or nearly all, grown for wine. Over 14,000 tons were last season set apart for drying, and over 2,000 for table purposes and export. As for table grapes a very large quantity (not included in the present statistics) are grown in private gardens, and this lessons the demand for those grown for profit, with the result, no doubt, that grapes are cheaper than they might otherwise be. But after other requirements had been met, enough grapes were left for winemaking to produce not far short of four million gallons, an advance of no less than a million gallons on that of the previous year.

EXTENSIVE EXPORTS.

The exact figures relating to the export trade in wines from this State are not at present available, but the Government Statist estimates that last year our inter-State and oversea markets took 1,011,414 gallons, and that for the past five years our annual export trade has averaged 978,579 gallons. Considering the prejudice Australian wines have had to encounter since they were first placed on the London market the growth of our export trade is highly gratifying. Last year we sent oversea 461,414 gallons, which is a considerable advance on the 320,438 gallons exported so recently as 1908. The difference in the value of the export for the two years mentioned is the difference between £53,763 and £32,634 respectively. This increase is only what should be expected from the advertising our wines have had, and is merely a foretaste of what we are justified in hoping for as their superiority to many European brands becomes more widely recognised. Of our fruitgrowers generally it may be said that their industry now represents one of the most valuable of our assets. Our orchards are now producing £393,433, against £283,070 five years ago, the yield per acre being £23, against £19. Our trade with the other States is a large and growing one, but in default of exact figures Mr. Snoll can only speak of our exports oversea, which last year amounted to £80,896, against £61,819. The bulk of this traffic is represented by fresh fruits, but for dried fruits also there is an increasing demand. In smoothing the path of the grower in every possible way the community will participate in the resulting gain, and this applies more particularly to the producers of vegetables, the abundance, and cheapness of which is a matter of national concern. Vegetables, especially onions and potatoes, enter so largely into the diet of the people that it is impossible not to regret that more land is not devoted to their cultivation than the 9,179 under tillage last year. That area, it is true, represents an increase over the previous years of nearly two thousand acres, but no one imagines that soil suitable for vegetables is confined to the counties of Adelaide and Hindmarsh in the Central division and county Grey, in the South Eastern division.

THE FEDERAL ROLLS.

The checking of the certified rolls, which was authorised by the Federal Government, in order to ascertain the extent to which double voting had been indulged in at the recent elections, has been completed in 43 divisions, 16 of which are in Victoria, 11 in New South Wales, 3 in Queensland, 6 in South Australia, 3 in Western Australia, 4 in Tasmania. The total number of electors who voted for these divisions was 1,086,548, so that the number of persons whose names are marked off more than once on the official lists averages about 3 per division, or less than 3 per 1,000. Although the number of apparent duplications in proportion to the number of electors who voted is so far very small," said the chief electoral officer "I am satisfied that it would be very greatly reduced by the elimination of those names which have been wrongly marked at the polling as the result of misunderstanding and inadvertance, and that an exhaustive enquiry would show cases of actual fraud to have been extremely few. It should be borne in mind that nearly 23,000 officials were employed in conducting the recent elections at 7,441 polling places, and that 2,030,000 electors recorded their votes. The return from Bourke shows that there were only 65 apparent duplications. The reported duplications from the various divisions are as follow:—

New South Wales,—Calare 81, Darling 81, Eden Monaro 59, Hume 60, Illawarra 85, Newcastle 81, Richmond 52, Riverina 25, Robertson 82, Wentworth 81, West Sydney 39. Victoria—Ballaarat 176, Batman 26, Bendigo 50, Bourke 81, Corio 57, Echuca 78, Fawkner 50, Flinders 89, Grampians 81, Henty 49, Kooyong 59, Maribyrnong 65, Melbourne 18, Melbourne Ports 35, Wimmera 61, Yarra 48. Queensland,—Downs 83, Maranoo 29, Wide Bay 81. South Australia,—Adelaide 75, Angas 45, Barker 104, Grey 127, Hindmarsh 149, Wakefield 97. Western Australia,—Dampier 58, Kalgoorlie 134, Perth 116. Tasmania—Bass 87, Darwin 53, Denison 55, Franklin 53.

ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

The fact that for over a month no message had been received from Dr. Mawson and his party, who are wintering at South Bay, King George's Land, caused Professor David to fear that the wireless station must have failed to withstand terrific hurricans that prevail on that part of the Antarctic coast. That such was actually the case was proved by a message which Mr. Eitel, the secretary of the expedition, received from Dr. Mawson yesterday. The message reads:—"Adelie Land, August 4—The two top lengths of the wireless mast were blown down by the continuous hurricanes on June 8. We have so far experienced even less calm weather than last year, so that the work of reconstruction has been very slow. We have now a two-mast system, consisting of a main mast 90 feet high held in position with 18 stays, and a 35 feet southern mast. We experienced to-day the first calm weather since July 28, when we had a four hours' spell. All the members of the party are well and in good spirits. (Signed Mawson.)" In connection with the mishap to the ketch Rachel Cohen, carrying stores for the Mawson expedition party on Macquarie Island, a cablegram was sent to the Premier of New Zealand (Mr. Massey) suggesting that perhaps the Government steamer "Hinemoa" might tranship the stores from the Rachel Cohen at Stewart Island and carry them to Macquarie Island. Mr. Massey replied that the Hinemoa was not suitable, but offered to make the cable steamer Tutanekai available by Tuesday or Wednesday next, if that was not too late. Professor David, the administrator of the expedition replied thanking Mr. Massey for his prompt and generous response and intimating that Tuesday or Wednesday would be suitable. The Tutanekai will also take from the Bluff for Macquarie Island a number of sheep and a quantity of fruit. Mr. A. G. Sawyer, the wireless operator at Macquarie Island is to be allowed to return by the Tutanekai. His work will be done by Mr. Sandell the assistant operator on the island.

OLD-AGE PENSIONS.

The number of old-age pensioners in the Commonwealth was officially stated this week to be 83,436. Since the payment of the pensions was undertaken by the Federal Government, 111,423 claims have been granted, but deaths and cancellations have reduced the number by 27,987. There are also 13,600 invalid pensions in force. Since the system was inaugurated 16,771 claims have been granted, but in this case also deaths and cancellations have considerably reduced the total. A return issued yesterday by the Commissioner of Maternity Allowances showed that up to Saturday last the allowance had been claimed by 97,689 women. Of these, however, 721 had been rejected for various reasons, and 1,604 were still under consideration. The number of claims actually granted, therefore, was 95,364, involving an expenditure of £476,820. The system will not be in operation a year until October 10 next.

HORSE-BREEDING FARMS.

The proposal made at various times that horse breeding farms should be established in the Northern Territory by the Commonwealth for military purposes is regarded by the new Minister of Defence as entirely unnecessary. The department, he thinks, will be able to purchase all the horses it requires from the breeders. As a man who has had considerable experience in horse-breeding, he regards the farm project as expensive and unsuitable. Breeders, he says, know what class of horses are required, and what the average requirements of the Commonwealth are, and they can be relied upon to meet the demand.

NEW AUSTRALIANS.

The number of naturalised Australians in the Commonwealth was augmented by 211 during the past month. Of these 201 are men and 10 women. As usual, Germans, with 69, headed the list, and then followed Austrians with 23, Russians with 21, Italians with 20, Swedes with 16, and Norwegians and Greeks with 11. Of the total, 60 reside in New South Wales, 50 in Queensland, 41 in South Australia, 31 in Western Australia, 26 in Victoria, and three in Tasmania. The total number of persons who have taken out naturalisation papers since the beginning of the year is 1,379.

A.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, Aug. 23.

Captain J. R. Foster, R. A. M. C. has been granted 6 months' leave from August 4, 1913, reverting to the Home establishment at the expiration thereof.

Captain A. S. Cane, R A M C., has been appointed a specialist in the dermatology, 6th (Poona) Division.

Brigadier-General W. G. Hamilton, Deputy Adjutant General, is appointed a Brigade Commander and posted to the Southern Brigade.

Colonel J. MacWalter, Assistant Adjutant General, succeeds Brigadier-General Hamilton as Deputy Adjutant-General at Army Head-Quarters.

Lieutenant Chapman, No. 60 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is appointed to No. 71, Heavy Battery.

Major General G. A. Anderson assumed command of the Meerut Division on August 21, on arrival from Hongkong.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.

The Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Glasgow" which left Liverpool on the 2nd Aug. with the following passengers is due to arrive here on this afternoon. The passengers will be landed at the Carnac Bunder.

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Charleston, Mr. F.	McCulloch, Mr. S.
Conn, Mr. A.	McLaren, Mr. J.
Cooke, Mr. G. P.	Matthews, Mr. A. R.
Cooke, Mrs.	Phillips, Mr. W.
Downie, Mr. J. E.	Phillips, Mrs.
Fraser, Mrs. and infant	Porter, Mr. T. J.
Grace, Mr. M.	Thibaut, Mrs. M.
Jones, Mr. Owen A.	Trayner, Mr. E.
Judge, Mr. J.	Vivian, Mr. A. T.
Llewellyn Jones, Mr. E.	Walton, Mr. S.

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.

Curry, Mr. W.	Kelly, Miss

NAPLES TO BOMBAY.

Eeles, Lieut. C. A.

LIVERPOOL TO PORT SAID.

Moussu, Mr. J.

THE POONA SEASON.

(Continued from page 7.)

work in a quiet unobtrusive way, trying to rescue poor women and housing and caring for the children. In Bangalore, there is a large Home where these women are taken in and provided for and taught some handicraft, their children being allowed to stay on in the Home. It is in charge of Wantage Sisters out from England, who give up their entire lives to the work. The Home in Nassik is only a bungalow which was bought for the purpose about two years ago and is now found to be entirely inadequate for the largely increased numbers it has to provide for, Poona alone being responsible for at least 5 of the children. Lady Barrett then made a short speech and said no bag would be sent round at the meeting and they would find no one at the door begging for money, but a book would go round the next day, and would anyone, who could, subscribe towards this charity kindly state the amount of their donation in the book and their name. After which a vote of thanks was accorded to Lady Willingdon and the meeting closed.

JUBILEE CELEBRATION.

On Wednesday afternoon Their Excellencies accompained by Miss Beaumont-Nesbitt and Captain Jackson, A. D. C. attended the Golden Jubilee Celebrations of the Convent of Jesus and Mary. There was a large gathering present to meet them, among them being the Hon. Sir Richard Lamb, Hon. Mr. Pattani, Right Rev. Dr. Doering, S. J., Bishop of Poona, Lady Barrett, Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Baddeley, Lady Jamsetjee, Mrs. Gough, Captain and Mrs. Hamilton, Sirdar Nowrojee Pudamjee and many others. Their Excellencies were met on arrival by the Bishop of Poona and the Mother Superior of the Convent, Father Bruder and Sir Richard Lamb, and were conducted through a beautifully decorated courtyard to the Hall. The decorations were most beautifully done, and reflected great credit on all concerned, those who were chiefly responsible being the Good Sisters of the Convent and Mrs. Gough, who is an ardent worker among them. When Their Excellencies were seated the proceedings commenced with a Jubilee address which was recited in poetry by Miss Enid Blake and then Miss Fitzpatrick dressed as Domitella out of the historical play "Christians under Trojan" read an address to Their Excellencies on behalf of the pupils.

They then gave a small play of "Christians under Trojan" which was entirely performed by the ladies and girls of the school, and then the girls gave them some more recitations and music, both piano and violin. Their Excellencies stayed until the end and expressed much appreciation of the performance on leaving. Among the audience was Madam St. Lydia, a lady who was at the Convent when it was founded in 1863 and had worked for it for 40 years, after which she was transferred to Agra. She had come down on purpose to be present at the Jubilee of the Convent she loved so well.

BHIMA BRIDGE.

In the early part of Wednesday afternoon His Excellency received a deputation at the Council Hall introduced by Mr. Mountford I. C. S., Collector of Poona, of the Purandhur Municipality. The object of the deputation was to plead for the construction of a bridge over the Bhima river. After hearing the deputation His Excellency promised to give the matter his most careful attention.

CRICKET.

We have witnessed some big scoring in Poona during the last week, the wicket being essentially in favour of the batsmen. On Monday and Tuesday, the Bombay Islam Gymkhana played the Poona Gymkhana on the Gymkhana ground here. Poona losing the toss, the visitors elected to bat. By 4-15 they had put up a score of 219 for the loss of all their wickets. This included a score of 43 by Razak and 34 by Contractor and 29 by Vali Ahmed. For the attack Greig took 4 wickets for 56 runs and Haughton 3 for 50 runs. One of the features of this innings was the poor fielding of the home side which was responsible for many of the runs. At 4-30 Poona opened their innings and by the time stumps were drawn had made 127 for the loss of 5 wickets. Resuming play on Tuesday morning they brought their score to 185 before they were all disposed of which left them 34 runs to the bad on the first innings. Greig 42 and Love 44 were the two principal scorers in this innings The visitors going in the second time declared when they had made 203 for the loss of 3 wickets, Patel 100 and Contractor 49 being the chief scorers. At 5 o'clock Poona Gymkhana commenced their 2nd innings and by 6-15 when stumps were drawn they had put up 127 runs for the loss of 4 wickets, Haughton making 53, Greig 24 and Gould 22 not out, thus leaving the match a draw. It is a great pity that so many of the principle matches here perforce end in a draw. Two days is evidently not long enough for good cricket, and it is a point for consideration whether it would not be better to have 3 day matches even if it entailed fewer of them, or, failing that, let the issue of the match be decided on the first innings when the 2nd innings cannot be completed. There have been several other cricket matches in Poona during the last week. The 10th Brigade R. F. A. beat the Sappers and Miners' by 101 runs against 98. The Military Accounts Team beat the Poona Volunteers, scoring 118 runs to their 102.

POONA AND KIRKEE HOUNDS.

On Tuesday the hounds met at Harris bridge, a field of about thirty turning out including their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon, Sir Arthur and Lady Barrett, and General Aitken. Moving off to the right of the road the cultivation along the bank of the river was just drawn without result. This was somewhat of a disappointment as jack had been seen there a few days previously. A move was then made towards the north-east and shortly after crossing the old Bombay Road hounds picked up a line. The pack divided almost at once 2 1-2 couple of hounds running towards the north and the rest carrying a line towards the south. The Master selected the latter line and had the other hounds stopped. Scent was very poor and after going for a quarter of a mile gave out altogether. Drawing forwards the south hounds touched a line once or twice but could not work it and at 8 a.m. a move was made towards the meet, the Master drawing any likely looking coverts on the way back but unfortunately they were all drawn blank, the meet being reached about 8-30. On Thursday a field of nearly 80 turned out to the meet at Yerowda. Leaving the road towards the right a draw was made in the direction of the Aga Khan's Palace. Within half a mile from the meet hounds picked up a line which they carried first due east for half a mile, then north towards the Sisters. Close to the Lohogaon road, they swung right-handed and ran parallell to the Ahmednagar Road for half a mile, then swinging right again headed in the direction of Mundhwa. Within a mile of the Nagar Road they turned left and after a mile crossed the road and keeping parallel with it on the south side ran into view about 2 miles from the Aga Khan's Palace, killing their jack in another half mile in a clump of prickly pear after a run of over 35 minutes. The going the whole time was exceptionally good and scent was surprisingly good considering the dryness of the ground. Miss Fitz-Gibbon was presented with the brush and General Aitken with the mask. Drawing away from the hill in the direction of Poona, hounds soon picked up a line in the crops but were soon at fault. A jack was viewed by one of the field near the village of Vadgaon but it took refuge in the thick covert of cactus close to the village and hounds could make nothing of him and after some time were taken home. On arrival at the meet we found that excellent sportsman, the Raja of Akalkot, at home to breakfast and we did ample justice to the good things provided.

No meet was advertized for Saturday but the Master took advantage of a fall of rain on Friday and had an impromptu meet at the kennels to which some ten members of the hunt turned up. Close to the slaughter-house hounds picked up the line of a jack who gave a long hunting run. Heading in the direction of Katraj village he gave hounds all they knew to puzzle out the line and eventually they lost him in the thick scrub near the Katraj tank. After a slow hunting run of over an hour and a half Lady Barrett was the only lady present.

On Sunday we met at the 9th milestone on the Bombay Road which is, I think, about the best meet we have as the country to the north-west comprises the best going round here provided there has not been an undue amount of rain.

Drawing towards the north-west hounds soon picked up a line which they carried due west for nearly a mile, then swinging left-handed they took us north for half a mile before the line brought them back again right-handed in a circle. After nearly completing the circle, they swung to the left and shortly afterwards the line was crossed by a herd of chinkara. Hounds shewed a tendency to hunt the chink in preference to their old line but were soon stopped and righted with a lucky cast. Directly after this a small chink jumped up almost under the nose of a hound but this time hounds resisted temptation and stuck to the original line which they hunted steadily in a right-handed circle. During this portion of the run the fox was viewed once or twice but it was very difficult for hounds to keep to the line of it as the chink seemed to be everywhere. Close to the Old Bombay Road within 2 miles of the meet scent failed altogether after a run of 35 minutes, consisting of frequent sharp bursts, interspersed with checks. A draw was then made towards the Indrayani River but it was a good half hour before hounds could find. About two miles north-east of Nigri they began to feather on a line and soon afterwards the Master viewed a fox away. Running in a succession of large semi-circles he gave us a great run, one hound leaving the pack behind ran him for over two miles, at the end of which the Master had managed to get the rest of the pack up level. It was a treat to see them carry the line without a falter right through the stain of a herd of over 20 black buck which crossed the line within 150 yards of them. The going was perfect and the rain we had had during the morning made scent as good as one could wish. Hounds ran into view and fairly coursed the fox down running into him in the open at the extreme north end of the Vale of Tears which had evidently been his objective. This is the third fox killed this season. The brush was presented to Mrs. Quin and the mask to Captain Venn Ellis. The run was a very fast one of 30 minutes without a check. Amongst the 23 of the field who were right up at the kill I noticed four ladies, Mrs. Quin, Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Symons, and Mrs. Atkinson.

THE RACES.

There was the usual lunch on the racecourse last Saturday before the races, but, perhaps, on account of the uncertain state of the weather there was not so large an attendance on the course as usual. We were very fortunate with regard to the rain, as, although it had rained all the night before and part of the morning, the clouds held up until the last race but two which were the steeplechase, when the riders must have been drenched. It was very bad luck Terra firma falling only two fences from home. He was ridden by Captain Jackson who seemed to find him pulling even up to the fence at which he fell. Captain Meynell rode a very fine race on Mr. J. Crawford's Martha. Both Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon were present with a large party from Government House where they had a great many guests up for the week end, some of whom where out hunting the next morning. There were not so many pretty dresses worn as there were the week before, coat and skirts seemed more in vogue, probably on account of the inclement weather. Lady Willingdon was smartly gowned in a pale lemon-coloured soft coatee and skirt, the skirt being made in folds and the coat having a black velvet belt and short basque. With this she wore a pretty white net blouse with strappings of fancy trimming going over the shoulders,—she wore a large black hat with large ostrich feathers and a white veil. Mrs Davidson wore a well-cut white cloth coat and skirt with black hat, trimmed with masses of cerise ostrich plumes and she also had a touch of the same colour at her neck. Mrs. Baddeley looked well in an old rose gown with white muslin collar piped with black satin and a black satin belt and hat with black ribbon and deep red rose. Mrs Sweeny was in a pretty green muslin trimmed with white lace and a black hat with a white ostrich feather. Miss Claude Hill came with her father and wore a white flannel coat and skirt with a tiny black line running through it and a small white hat trimmed with cerise chiffon and a small spray of flowers. Mrs Beale wore a smart violet coat and skirt with violet silk hat of match trimmed with small yellow and red roses and figured ribbon. Mrs. Kennedy was in a blue cloth coat and skirt with lace at the neck and sleeves, and a small blue hat with ostrich feathers round, of the same colour and two uncurled yellow feathers standing up on one side.

One cannot but remark on the number of public servants, who, when in harness, are in the best of health, but the news of whose retirement is quickly followed by that of their death. The latest we have to mourn is Sir Edmund Fulton C.S.I., whose memory will live long in Poona for his kindly good nature and open-handed hospitality. We have had a slight scare of plague in the City, six cases being recorded in one day. The latest reports however point to the diminution of the outbreak.

THE BARRACKPORE DACOITY

LADY'S STORY OF DARING OUTRAGE.

In connection with the daring outrage last week in Barrackpore, details of which have already been published in the *Bombay Gazette*, Mrs. Barclay, an old Madrasi lady of over sixty years of age, made the following statement to a *Statesman* representative. Mrs. Barclay stated that she was getting an allowance of Rs. 150 per month from the legatees of the late Mr. Barclay who, by his will, had given her a life interest in the bungalow. Her trouble began with her servant Razak who had grown unmanageable for some time past. On June 10th last some unknown men attempted to break into the bungalow, and she suspected Razak to have been implicated in the matter. The servant, since his dismissal last month had threatened her with injury. As she was living alone in the house, she induced the *mehtar* and the *syce* to sleep in the verandah and, in fact, was obliged to appoint a *durwan* who fell ill and left her. At about 2 A M. on Wednesday she was aroused by the barking of her dogs. She got up and on opening the window of her bedroom caught sight of four heads. She challenged them whereupon they rushed up to the two main entrances which they forced open. Before she could realise the situation six of them appeared at the door and one of them, who had a large *kukri* in his hand, pointed the weapon at her and ordered her to make over to them all her money. Some of the men wore *lungis* while the rest wore *malkochas* and *gulpattas* after the fashion of decoits.

SERIOUS ASSAULT.

On her refusing to deliver the keys, one of them struck her down with a hard weapon. Her head began to bleed profusely, and she lay on the floor when the ruffians seized her by the hair and raised her. She implored the men not to kill her whereupon they dragged her to one of the side rooms where they tied her to the bed. The gang then ransacked the house by breaking open three almirahs and scattering the contents of the drawers on the floor. In one of the drawers lay her jewellery, consisting of *churis*, necklets, diamond and ruby rings and other articles in a silver tray, all valued at Rs. 3,000. Four of the gang mounted guard on the *mehtar* and the *syce* with open *kukris* in hand, while another took charge of the *males* in the outhouse. Two other men, Mrs. Barclay said, secured the dogs. After obtaining the loot the gang left by a back door and made for the riverside. She succeeded in freeing herself with great difficulty and sent one of her servants to her neighbour, Mr. Hanby, who informed the Police and Dr. Morgan.

The Police came up and recovered a regulation lathi, a *kukri* sheath and a match-box, which the dacoits had left behind them. Several men were paraded before Mrs. Barclay out of which, she said, she identified at least four.

MILITARY MATTERS.

(Continued from page 6.)

in comparison with the British interests involved, though sufficient perhaps having regard to the manner in which other Powers were represented. With the changed conditions, it will be necessary to reconsider the position, and to make arrangements accordingly to meet the altered conditions until such time as the local navies of the Dominion are in a position to assume the protector of Imperial interests in the outer seas. It looks very much as if, before the six months' grace that has been gained by the acceleration of the building programme has expired, the First Lord will find himself face to face with a situation which has increased in gravity in the meantime, and which will require something more than the laying down of the three Canadian ships to meet. Despite the alleged official absence of information there is little doubt that the ship-building programme of the Mediteranean members of the Triple Alliance are being carried out on the lines which have for sometime been unofficially stated, or perhaps even understated—and, however cordial our relations with France may be, it would constitute a new departure in our naval policy were we to allow our position in the Mediterranean to depend on anyone but ourselves. Prestige is not the intangible idea that some would have us believe. It is a solid commercial alert, and prestige on the sea cannot be neglected by a nation which has in the present year two million tons of merchant shipping under construction, to meet the ever-increasing demands of our carrying trade. High as our naval estimates have risen, they still represent but a small insurance premium on the volume of our sea-borne trade. We may regret the necessity that is being forced upon us to increase that premium, but the interests are vital, and the alternative unthinkable. With or without, though preferably with, the aid of the Dominions the flag must continue to be in the future as it has been in the past a guarantee of security.

CAPTAIN'S APPEAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 25.

Captain J. C. Spitta, who was tried and sentenced by court-martial at Cannanore, has submitted a lengthy memorial to the Government of India for a reconsideration of his case, and for forwarding the same to the Secretary of State.

H. M. S. "Fox," Commander F. W. Caulfield, R. N., arrived in harbour yesterday from Colombo which port she left on August 20.

ROUND ABOUT.

In a place like Bombay, having a constantly changing society, and where at least half the European population are mere birds of passage, and where every day one sees fresh faces and every week makes new acquaintances, one is continually confronted with the awkward problem of hurriedly deciding whether some newly introduced individual is desirable or the reverse. Personally, I have very little faith in the accuracy of first impression and I especially mistrust when they lean in an unfavourable direction. The reliability of love at first sight is sometimes doubtful; that of hate at first sight is usually absolutely untrustworthy. Though it must be admitted that the golden idol too often has but feet of day, how much oftener will not the careful searcher find that a repellent exterior, like the toad, conceals a jewel of tremendous worth? In matters of the kind trusting blindly to one's natural instincts lays oneself open to dangerous error and this especially because of one's liability to be influenced by untrue hearsay or exaggerated rumour. The 'I hear this about him' or 'I'm told that' should always be received with deep suspicion. *Cum grano salis*, as Cupid sapiently remarked when informed that Psyche had tried to catch him by dropping wax on his tail. There are, of course, certain definite and obvious types of human, beings whom even the ignoramus serving his novitiate in the school of discernment should have little difficulty in distinguishing, and consequently appraising according to his own personal predilections. These roughly may be divided into four classes—the bold bad ladies' men, the horsey gentlemen, the shifty Shylocks and the social failures. By their marks you should know them.

The news of the escape of Harry Thaw from the irksome confinement of an American mad house filled me with a sensation of immense relief that at last the victim of a grave injustice had revenged himself against the quibbles of the law. Thaw, in spite of clear-headed protestations of his sanity, was by the well-meant but foolish machinations of his friends plucked from the greedy clutches of the electric chair only to be consigned to the more fearful punishment of endless habitation in a living tomb. Was ever man less fortunate? Thousands of his compatriots, made desperate by detestable attentions to their wives have risen up in righteous anger and defended their honour by taking toll of their home's seducer's life. These almost to a man have to the confusion of the sanctimonius but to the enthusiastic plaudits of all cleanlivers, pleaded the magnificent ethics of the 'Unwritten Law'. They have pleaded them successfully. With Thaw it was otherwise. Almost certain of a verdict of acquittal, in stepped the doctors, and after learned examination and long drawn conference, with the hideous pedantry of their kind they pronounced the prisoner mad. Mad he may have been when he drew his pistol, when standing before him he thought he saw the creature who had caused him weeks of agony, had torn his being with such a dreadful jealousy, that his tortured soul, bursting the bounds of reason, sped forth a bullet to avenge the imagined ruin of his wife. Is this, however, not the madness that the 'Unwritten Law' excuses? Surely! It was the madness of a moment, such a madness as turns the wheels of justice, a madness that departed when the deed was done. The fact that Thaw has been again arrested and sent back to his asylum's bondage fills the heart with a tremendous sympathy. Unluckiest of men!

It is a disagreeable truth connected with our present-day society and one which most of our women folk are not only extremely loth to admit, but which if questioned they strenuously deny, that a large proportion of males of the upper or upper middle classes seem to prefer and find more entertainment in surreptitious acquaintanceship with women or girls who are their social inferiors, rather than in a legitimate intercourse with persons who by birth and training should be their natural equals. This is a truth which has been self-evident in every century and in every country, but in no century has it been so inexplicable, so unreasonable, or so inexcusable as in the present.

From the bad old days of more than two thousand years ago until about the eighteen hundreth year of the Christian era men's preference for women of a certain class was easily understandable. In the Graecian salons of the *hetaerae* for instance, they found immense relief from the banalities of foolish wives and stupid mothers, for there they met in intellectual contest the most astounding products of their country's civilisation. The *hetaerae*, social outcasts though they may have been, by their sisters derided and despised yet feared, carved for themselves a pinnacle whence they presided over the aristocracy of Ægean culture. The habitues of the gay *dicterion*, the flower of the Old World's clever manhood, conceded gladly to proteges of Aphrodite, built in the image of brilliant Phryne, a position never to be surpassed, never attained, by even the most aspiring claimants of modern feminism. Theirs was a power indeed; a power founded on the bedrock of substantial reason. Through the long ages following, however, in every nearer century until the present day, there has been a steady declination in the influence and reputation of ostracised womanhood. In reputation and influence that is—but not in popularity.

Although education has placed modern women of the respectable classes almost on an equal footing with their men it has not enabled them to wean their husbands from seeking the society of the submerged. Why is this? It is not as if the phenomenon were explicable on the simple grounds of a loose morality, for numerous masculine natures are amply satisfied with mere social intercourse with women of the status in question without desire for a more blamable intimacy. There is, I think, a less obvious reason for this rather lamentable state of affairs. The *cocotte*, *papillon de nuit* or *de jour*, 'little friend'—there is something infinitely sad in such an appellation—call her what you will—is usually found to possess an engaging frankness or ingenuousness in her manners and conversation, that makes her attain nearer to the ideal of a man's companion than the straight faced reserve too often assumed by her more fortunately brought up sister. The 'little friend' thinks like a man, speaks as a man would speak, has the generosity and sometimes the sense of honour of a man—and yet she is supremely feminine. She has been made partly male, partly animal, and partly woman That is why the weaker amongst men find her so dangerously attractive.

P. S.

BANKIPORE MOVEMENT.

TO CELEBRATE VISIT OF THE VICEROY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 25.

In connection with the forthcoming visit of the Viceroy to Bankipore a movement has been set on foot by the Hon'ble Maharaj Bahadur of Durbhanga, the Hon'ble Syed Ali Imam and others to commemorate His Excellency's visit by erecting statues of Lord and Lady Hardinge in a park called after His Excellency and establishing a library and a cosmopolitan club. The movement has also the support of Sir Charles Bayley. An appeal for funds will soon be issued.

POLICE COURTS.

RAID ON A GAMBLING DEN.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalwad, Inspector Smith charged a Syce, named Dullabh Ghatur, with keeping a common gaming house, and 22 others with gambling with cards and money.

All the accused pleaded guilty and the magistrate sentenced the first accused to pay a fine of Rs. 60; the second accused, who had one previous conviction, was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 50, and the rest were sentenced to a fine of Rs. 25 each.

The magistrate further ordered that a fourth of the fine should be given as a reward to the informant.

A THIEVING SERVANT.

Inspector Stenson charged one Shunkar Sittaram before Mr. G. R. Khairaj at the Mazagaon Police Court with stealing a gold watch and chain and currency notes valued at Rs. 391, belonging to his master, Mr. Dhunjisha Merwanji, proprietor of the Napier Foundery.

The evidence showed that, on Friday last, the complainant went out, leaving the accused at home. During his master's absence the accused stole the articles from his pocket and disappeared. He was arrested on Sunday by the police, when property of the value of Rs. 358 was found on him.

The accused pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to two months' hard labour.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.
Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 25th August.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Atrilla are subject to long delay and should be accepted at sender's risk (16-5-13).

Telegrams for Salonika can no longer be sent via Servian territory (17-7-13).

Private telegrams in code and cipher for Roumania are prohibited. This applies to Telegrams for Offices in Roumania (12-7-13).

Prohibition of Cipher or code language applies only to private messages destined for or transiting Bulgaria except telegrams exchanged between diplomatic legations (26-7-13).

Exchange of telegrams with Bulgarian offices at Salonika is suspended (9-7-13).

Telegrams for all places in Equador except Guayoil Santa Elena and Esmeralds should be accepted at sender's risk. Telegrams for Juan Del Sur in Nicaragua should be accepted without restrictions (31-7-13).

Greek telegraph offices are open for international traffic at Seres, Drama, Cavalla, Demirhissar, Neverkopion, Petrision, Drani in Macedonia. Traffic passes via Syra, Salonika. Rates are same as for European countries. Telegrams should be accepted at sender's risk (1-8-13).

Albanian office opened at Scutari. Rates same as for those for Turkey in Europe (5-8-13).

Turkish offices opened at Adrianople, Kirk Killisse, Babuesti and Rodosto at rates applicable to Turkey in Europe (7-8-13).

Until further notice telegrams for Turkey can be accepted if written in plain English, French, Turkish or German only (5-10-12).

Censorship is exercised on all plain telegrams for Venezuela without exception (8-8-13).

Owing to interruption Yangtze lines telegrams for China coast or countries beyond should not be accepted via Bhamo route until further orders (9-8-13).

Prohibition of cipher and code telegrams to Greece is now withdrawn (16-8-13).

Greek administration notify that correspondence with Chio Tenedos Lemnos Salonika Florina Koritza Volos Servia Elassona has been re-opened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to international service Seiligrad (Mustapha Pasha) Gorna Djoumai (Djoumai Bala) Lozengadi Kirk Kilisse Seres Demirhissar Dede Agbadj and Nevrokop charges for above-mentioned places same as for Europe (19-12-12).

Telegrams in secret language for Crete may now be accepted. This cancels a previous notification issued on 18th October last.

Bhamo route to China restored. (25-8-13).

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

ATTACK ON PRISON DOCTOR.

The following messages, which appear in the Australian papers are later than the mail :—

London, Aug. 9.

Yesterday Dr. Pearson, medical officer of Holloway Prison, in which convicted suffragettes are confined, was prisonally assailed by four women, outside the prison gate. They struck him on the hip, as a protest they declared against his treatment of female hunger-strikers.

London, Aug. 11.

The attempt on Saturday of a band of "militants" to horsewhip Dr.Pearson, medical officer of the Holloway Gaol, in revenge for the forcible feeding of suffragette prisoners had a humorous side.

The attack on Dr. Pearson had just commenced, when a rescue party of female prisoners, who had just served their sentences for ordinary offences, rushed up. There was a sharp fight, in which the suffragettes were signally routed. Indeed, it would have gone hard with them, had not the police come up in time to protect them from the fury of the Amazonian rescuers.

It appears that the very strongest antipathy is felt by ordinary female prisoners in Holloway against the suffragette prisoners, because the latter obtain release by hunger striking, while the former, having to serve their full sentences, were delighted to have an opportunity of practically avenging their grievance.

THE NECKLACE MYSTERY.

Paris, Aug. 11.

The mystery of the £150,000 pearl necklace which disappeared in transport from Mr. Salamon's in Pairs to Mr. Mayer in London, has entered upon a new phase.

A week ago it was reported in Paris that Mr. Prince, of Loyd's had offered to pay a French barrister £60,000 if he could recover the necklace, and that this barrister, Maitre Conby offered Mr. Salamons £20,000 for the recovery of the necklace on condition that he (Salamons) incriminated himself.

Mr. Salamons has now lodged a complaint of attempted blackmaling against Maitre Conby.

A PRINCE'S BAGGAGE.

London, Aug. 10.

Vice-Admiral Prince Louis of Battenburg yesterday reported to the police that a portion of his luggage, containing jewellery to the value of £5,000, had disappeared during a journey by train from Yorkshire to London. It was, however, discovered today that the missing luggage was safe at Kensington Palace, having been overlooked on the Prince's arrival there.

BRITISH TELEGRAPHS.

London, Aug. 11.

The Postmaster-General, Mr. Samuel, has issued a reply to the criticisms of the Parliamentary Committee on the telegraph service of Britain. In response to the Committee's complaints of insufficient service, he states that £3,000,000 will be spent on telegraph line extensions and reconstructions next year, and he will shortly introduce a Bill authorising the expenditure of £10,000,000 more.

BRITISH HARVEST.

London, Aug. 11.

The "Times" in a review of the British harvest, prospects, estimates the yields of the various crops, as on first of August, in the following ratio, as compared with the yields for 1912 :—

Wheat, 99.4 per cent.
Barley, 85.76 per cent.
Oats, 82.65 per cent.

SYNDICAL MOVEMENT IN ITALY.

Rome Aug. 11.

Serious socialist-labour troubles are affecting Italy. A vast number of syndicalist meetings, held throughout the country, have decided to support a general strike, if necessary. Over 500 arrests have been made in Milan, chiefly of dangerous characters, and this has prevented disorder spreading.

The majority of the working classes do not favour the syndicalists, but are forced to abstain from work, owing to the minority's violent coercive methods.

Many employers have preferred to close their factories, rather than expose them to attacks.

Public opinion blames the authorities for not arresting the syndicalist leaders, as directly the police and military go away from any place the work of destruction recommences.

THE RAND TROUBLES.

Johannesburg, Aug. 11.

The gold output of the Rand mines for July shows, owing to the late miners' strike, decrease of 389,475 oz., as compared with the output for June. Hundreds of men at Johannesburg, fearing that bad times are coming to the Rand, are leaving with their families for Australia, Canada, and Great Britain.

General Botha, Premier of South Africa, who had a great reception on visiting Johannesburg on Saturday, referred specially in the course of the speech at a party banquet to the late strike riots. He said:—"South Africa is a young nation,' and its people must not walk about with revolvers Mob law cannot be allowed. If capital be frightened away, it will go badly with the labourers and the general community alike."

General Botha then expressed regret that the Labour leaders refused to participate in the industrial Commission of inquiry. Unless better relations were established between employer and employed there would be no chance of avoiding a recurrence of the recent troubles. He intimated that the number of Cabinet Ministers would be increased to enable the people to keep in closer touch with Ministers.

THE DUMB SPEAKS.

London, Aug. 10.

An extraordinary case of voice recovery after 10 years of dumbness, is reported at Leeds. Frederick Deneson, a lad of 19, who became absolutely dumb after a severe attack of influenza when nine years old, was playing cricket on Saturday afternoon, when, in the excitement, of the game, to his great astonishment, he uttered a shout. Stealing away from the ground, he sought a retired spot in the woods, where after repeated trials he was convinced that his voice was restored, and wept for joy. He told no one of his vocal recovery until he had written home to announce the joyful news to his mother.

A MEXICAN JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

Vancouver, Aug. 9.

Some uneasiness is felt, in view of the friction between the United States and Japan, with respect to the mission of General Diaz, of Mexico, who is sailing from here to Tokio. It is however, understood that in view of the strained relations between America and Mexico, General Diaz may attempt to secure a Mexican Japanese alliance. The growing friendliness of the Japanese and Mexicans in recent months is giving great concern at Washington. It is also suggested that Diaz is taking to Tokio a proposal to secure certain concessions for Mexico in return for the Japanese being allowed to use Magdalena Bay as a naval base.

San Francisco, Aug. 9.

The Japanese in California are taking action to evade the anti-alien land law ; 99 Japanese land companies, with a total capital of £400,000, have been authorised since the passing of the Anti-Alien Land Act, which allows foreign corporations to hold land for 50 years. After September 9 of this year. however, Japanese will be entirely excluded from land ownership, whether as individuals or as corporations.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

London, Aug. 11.

The Washington correspondent of the "Daily Chronicle" telegraphs that President Woodrow Wilson does not aim in his Mexican mission scheme at simple mediation between Acting-President Huerta and the Mexicans. What he is doing is to make an effort to secure the resignation of Huerta, thus giving him a chance to "save his face." But if he refuses to resign the United States will give unofficial assistance to the Mexican constitutionalists, who President Wilson believes, will then be strong enough to overthrow Huerta.

RIOTING ON A LINER.

New York, Aug. 9.

The Cunard liner Pannoma arrived yesterday with a large number of immigrants from Southern Europe, comprising Greeks Serbs, Bulgars, and Turks. A sort of miniature war broke out in the steerage soon after they left Trieste. For the first few days general rioting prevailed. The Pannoma's captain then disarmed all steerage passengers, but the disturbances continued until nearly everyone participating in them was wounded.

The woman fought as fiercely as the men.

A NEW SKIN DISEASE.

London, Aug. 9

At the International Medical Congress in the Albert Hall yesterday an American doctor drew special attention to pellagra, described as a new skin disease. He said 3,000 Americans died of pellagra in 1912, and 50,000 were now suffering from it. They were mostly women who were tied to housework. The disease was of purely academic interest until six years ago, although it was known in Italy. Investigations showed it was fairly widespread in Scotland, and there had been isolated cases in the South of England, including Slough and Watford. The disease at first produces itching in the hands, usually in springtime. Later on the digestive organs are attacked and finally melancholia and insanity develop. It generally attributed to the fungi upon maize when largely used as an article of diet.

EMPIRE HOSPITAL.

London, Aug. 11.

It is announced that the new "Empire" Hospital at Westminster, intended mainly for the accommodation of overseas visitors to London, will be opened to paying patients in October next. The charges range from three guineas a week upwards, as compared with 15 guineas a week in the "Nursing Home."

IN BRIEF.

London. Aug. 10.

Probate was granted yesterday of the will of Miss Maria Mercey whose father was the inventor of the modern process of calico printing, and who left her a considerable fortune. The value of Miss Mercey's estate was sworn at £140.000 of which she bequeathed £130,000 to charities, principally in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Church.

CONGRESS OF MEDICINE.

The principal feature in the programme of the Congress of Medicine on Aug. 7, was the general address in surgery, delivered by Professor Harvey Cushing, of Harvard University. He made a vigorous defence of the practice of experimenting on living animals, reviewing the progress of surgery during the last thirty years, and pointing out the great alleviation of human suffering which resulted from the investigations of physiologists and scientific surgeons. Lieut.-Col. Sir David Bruce, C.B., F.R.S., the president of the Section of Tropical Medicine, in his opening address drew attention to the fact that when the International Congress of Medicine met in London, in 1881, there was no such section as that of tropical medicine and little was known of the subject. A discussion then took place on plague.

Major W. Glen Liston, C.I.E., senior member of the Indian Plague Research Commission, contrasted the epidemiological features of bubonic and pneumonic plague. Observations show that, apart from primary pneumonic plague, healthy animals can live beside animals infected with bubonic plague and in intimate contact with their excreta, yet without contracting the disease, provided fleas are absent. The bubonic type of plague, therefore, is not directly infectious to either man or animals, but communicable by fleas, perhaps, only ; in other words, no fleas, no plague. In pneumonic plague the Chinese Commission had made it clear that rat infection played no part. The disease was spread from man to man.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

DR. MAWSON'S EXPEDITION.

After a month's silence, a wireless message has been received from Dr. Mawson at his headquarters in the Antarctic, saying that continuous hurricanes had damaged the wireless mast, and its reconstruction had been slow. The members of his party were well.

M. S. OF ZOLA'S "NANA" FOUND.

It has become known that the long search by an American agent of Mme. Zola for the manuscript of Emile Zola's "Nana" has resulted in finding the original copy in the Morgan collection in New York. The manuscript is stated to be the only one of the works of Zola not owned by the French Government.

GIRL BELL-RINGER'S RECORD.

Miss Hilda Willson, of Leicester, although only fourteen years old, has created a world's record in bell-ringing. First, at Loughborough, she took part in a peal of 1,011 Stedman caters. Then she journeyed to Stamford Church, Nottinghamshire, and took part in a peal of double Norwich Major. Never before has a ringer of either sex recomplished a similar feat at such an age, the two performances meaning eight hours' ringing in all.

AWAKENING OF VESUVIUS.

Expert guides on Mount Vesuvius declare that they have heard several slight explosions and have seen molten lava rising up in the deep funnel formed in the bottom of the crater of the volcano. Simultaneously dense clouds of steam and smoke issued from the funeral. These phenomena show the gradual reawakening of volcanic activity.

LIVING CHAIN TO BATHER.

No one present being able to swim, a number of visitors at Robin Hood's Bay, near Whitby, waded into the sea and formed a chain of hands, hoping thus to reach Mr. J. F. Hesselden, a Leeds organist, who got into difficulties while swimming. The living chain was too short to reach him, and he was drowned.

13,000 MILES TO WED.

The parish church of Torpenhow, Cumberland, was in Mail week the scene of the marriage of Adolph Hanson and Eveline Jackson, of Auckland County, North Island, New Zealand. They had travelled 13,000 miles to be married in the church where twenty-five years ago the bride's parents were wed. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Jackson, natives of Torpenhow, accompanied their daughter and her betrothed from New Zealand.

BORN ON THE ATLANTIC.

Passengers in the Victorian, which arrived at Liverpool from Canada, subscribed £20 for a baby girl born during the voyage, while so many of the women on the saloon deck made clothing for the infant that another box had to be added to the mother's luggage. In accordance with on old sea custom, the child will take the name of the vessel as one of her Christian names.

MRS. CHURCHILL ROBBED.

Mrs. Winston Churchill has lost articles of clothing to the value of £50 as a result of the "bogus laundryman" trick. A man called at Admiralty House, the First Lord's official residence and asked for the week's linen. The maid saw no reason to be suspicious, and a large number of articles of personal clothing belonging to Mrs. Churchill were handed over to the man, with two tablecloths. Within less than an hour the genuine laundryman arrived, and the trick was discovered.

THE WRONG MR. CARNEGIE.

A curious mistake occured at Copenhagen in Mail week when an American subject, Mr. Carnegie, and his wife arrived in Copenhagen on a visit. A newspaper announced the arrival of Mr. Andrew Carnegie. Members of the staff of the American Legation went to the railway station to meet the visitor, and newspaper representatives went to his hotel to interview him. A large number of beggars also went to the hotel, to which letters and telegrams were addressed to Mr. Andrew Carnegie.

ABSOLUTION AT A FIRE.

Seven in the family of a pilot named Joseph Paquet, who lives on the Isle of Orleans, were burned to death in Mail week. As the flames consumed the wooden cottage the screams of the women, of whom there were four in the family, could be plainly heard within. The parish priest raising the Cross, uttered the words of the General Absolution for the dying. The men and women who were present knelt near the blazing pyre, and the sobs of spectators mingled with their prayers.

TURKEY TROT BAN.

Acting on information supplied by the Knights of Columbus, the Bishop of Nashville, in Tennessee (Dr. Byrne), has placed the ban of the Roman Catholic Church on the "turkey trot," the "tango" and all other "vile dances." In a statement the Bishop says : "Should any priest attempt to absolve a penitent who indulges in infamous dances, the absolution would be worthless and the confession would be a curse rather than a blessing." In obedience to the Bishop's order, all priests in the dioceses will call the attention of their flocks to the "heinous" character of the prescribed dances.

STORY OF THE CREATION.

Pennsylvania University is rejoicing in the possession of a tablet dug up in Nipur some years ago which has now been translated by Dr. Arno Poebel, who believes that he has unveiled the oldest story so far known of the creation of the world. The University tablet dates back to the reign of Hammurabi, about 7000 B.C. The record reads like a new version of Genesis, with the important difference that the Creator of the world is described as a goddess and not as a god.

Dr. Poebel, who is now engaged in checking his translation, says the tablet depicts a goddess quite clearly and speaks of two male gods as relative unimportant. The University authorities agree with Dr. Poebel that the tablet now deciphered gives probably the first story of the world's creation and also the most wonderfull accounts of civilisation in 7100 B.C.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

NERVE FROCKS.

Particular care is always necessary in choosing suitable evening frocks to take away on a holiday. Of course, it very much depends on the kind of holiday and the length of it, but in a general way one needs one or more high evening frocks suitable for dinner at the hotel and one or more decollete frocks for theatres, casino wear, dances and such like. The number and style of the dresses must be chosen in accordance with the largeness of the party or the amount of entertaining that is done, but the girl who goes away with a comparatively modest number of dresses should take special care that they are all quite simple. This does not mean that they should be dowdy. but it needs very little thought to realise that a frock of the overfashionable type or one of any particularly startling shade will be conspicuous at once; and consequently will soon be tired of by all. A simple, artistic frock of subdued colouring can, on the other hand, be worn dozens of times without anyone saying or, rather, wishing to say, "Oh, Miss L., do for goodness put on another frock ! We are all so utterly tired of that flaring yellow !" It must be borne in mind that at any house party the same company will be seen every night, and, although that may be endured with patience, the same frock, if it be a startling one is bound to get on everybody's nerves.

THE SOOTHING MAGPIE,

One of the safest frocks to take away either for hotel life or for a visit is the ever fashionable magpie. It is most pleasing and restful in company with frocks of brilliant colouring, it can't clash with anything, and one can see it every evening for a month without getting sick to death of it. A very original French magpie frock was made of black and white tulle very closely pleated. The skirt had three deep flounces of white tulle, the top one commencing just above the hips, being slightly shorter than the other two. In between the flounces came bands, about four or five inches wide of closely pleated black tulle stitched on flat to the white charmeuse underskirt, the edge of the white flounces just overlapping.

The corsage was mainly of the white tulle all closely pleated with flowing pleated frills finishing the elbow sleeves, and a pretty little turned-down collar of embroidered crepe at the neck. From the top of the bust line to the waist on original effect was given by a veiling of the black tulle, terminating at the waist and meeting the hip piece of black pleated tulle. An unusually large velvet and silk rose in various tones of deep orange was tucked into the waist.

A NEW SLEEVE.

The sleeves were entirely new, and were so pretty that they are worth making a special note of. The corsage itself came in a narrow strap over each shoulder, and then came a full transparent sleeve of white ninon put in with the new large armhole, which in this case reached from the top of the shoulder right away down to the waist. The armhole was, of course, on top of the dress, the seam being hidden by a narrow edging of white peads and round the bottom of the loose sleeve, which reached almost to the elbow, came a little wreath of flowers to match those on the skirt. A wreath of the same flowers was to be worn round the closely done hair and shoes and stockings to match the yellow satin underskirt completed this most effective yellow-and-white scheme.

For an older girl the following is a charming dinner dress for country house visits among fashionable people. The colour is best described as moonlight-blue tor it is chiefly of that exquisite shade of soft yet deep blue that is so familiar to visitors during summer evenings in Switzerland. The corsage and pretty short sleeves gathered down the outside are of moonlight-blue chiffon. There is a little vest of soft yellow and blue embroidery which continues for a short distance in the form of a narrow panel down the front of the skirt, and it is then hidden under the draperies and appears again edged with fringe at the foot of the skirt. The skirt draperies are quite unusually beautiful. They come in soft loose folds beginning some way below the hips, the ends being taken up to the waist, where they are hidden under the waistbelt. These skirt draperies are of moonlight-blue charmeuse shot with a much paler blue, the effect being as if shafts of light were every now and then thrown upon the wearer.

A COMING FASHION.

An original note showing the strong tendency towards fuller draperies on the hips is the long basque of accordion-pleated chiffon which comes round the sides and back of the frock. No jewellery of any kind was to be worn with this dress, but on each shoulder, as if catching up the sleeves, came a large oval-shaped sapphire (imitation). The same beautiful blue stones formed a waist buckle with a long drop, and another sapphire gleams in the hair. With this frock shoes and stockings of the darkest shade of blue are worn.

TRANSPARENT STOCKINGS.

Stockings both for day and evening wear are getting thinner and thinner. When flesh-pink stockings are worn, and they are great favourites with ultrafashionable folk, they give the appearance of not being stockings at all. In Paris there is a rumour that many of the "elegantes" are actually dispensing with stockings for evening wear, but if true this is not a fashion that will become popular in really aristocratic circles.

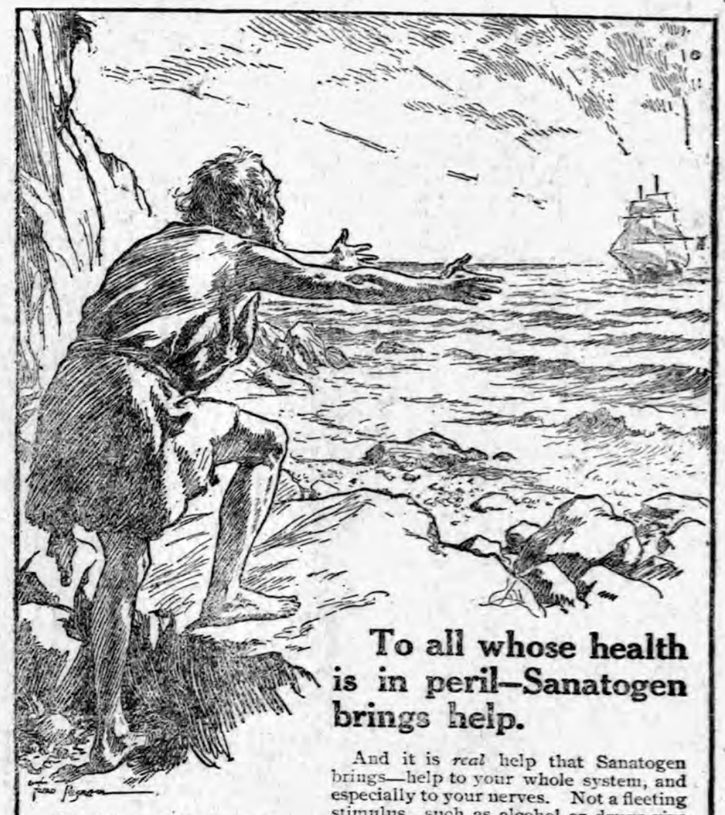
RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY. Metre Gauge System.

Approximate Returns of Traffic for week ended 9th August, 1913, on 1827·66 miles open

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week ...	Rs. 218000	Rs. 175000	Rs. 7000	Rs. 400000
Or per mile of Ry	219	9	4	219
For previous 18 weeks of half year...	0 448 5[illegible]	5058037	144800	2 9684417
Total for 19 weeks. ...	469952	5233037	151800	1008441
Comparison.				7
Total for cor. week of previous year *	227606	243258	2240	413704
Per mile of Ry. do...	125	133	1	25[illegible]
Total to cor. date do...	4341547	6901108	303210	1545865

Increase to the week ... Rs. 73,1 4.
Do. to date..... [illegible],1,1,1.4[illegible].



To all whose health is in peril—Sanatogen brings help.

And it is *real* help that Sanatogen brings—help to your whole system, and especially to your nerves. Not a fleeting stimulus—such as alcohol or drugs give—but steady improvement, day by day, with never a set-back, until you are really well again and no longer need help. Because Sanatogen is a true cell food, with special invigorating properties, and without any injurious effects. Try it and you will see !

The Bishop of Southampton writes : "It gives me great pleasure to bear my testimony to the value of Sanatogen as an invigorating tonic and restorative. It is undoubtedly beneficial."

The Hon. Sir F. A. Robertson, Judge of the Supreme Court, Lahore, Punjab, writes : "My experience with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some weeks during the most trying season of the year and found it a great strengthener."

Sir H. Hesketh Bell, K.C.M.G., writes : "For a man doing hard mental work in an enervating climate, there is no better invigorator than Sanatogen."

Mr. Shirley Tremearne (Editor of *Capital*, Calcutta) writes : "I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, which not only kept me up during a sharp attack of fever, but afterwards restored me once more to full vigour. In fact, I was better and stronger after this course of Sanatogen than before the attack."

Sanatogen THE FOOD-TONIC

Fortify your system by a short course of Sanatogen, and you may fearlessly laugh at the risk of getting run down during the excessive heat or suffering from diarrhœa, dysentery, and other complaints of the stomach and bowels. Moreover, your power to fight malaria, enteric, and other fevers will be greatly increased, so potent is the action of Sanatogen in raising the disease-resisting forces of your blood.

Or, if you are suffering from nervous debility, Sanatogen will quickly renew your nerve cells and remove such symptoms as headache, loss of sleep, indigestion, and easily-induced fatigue.

Start using Sanatogen to-day. It is sold at all Chemists and Bazaars, in bottles of two sizes. On receipt of a post-card, mentioning this paper, Messrs. A. Wulfing & Co., Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay, will send you an interesting Book which fully describes the nature and uses of Sanatogen.

The Ideal Remedy for Glossy or Greasy Complexions

"HAZELINE' SNOW"

(Trade Mark)

Greasy skins need this charming skin tonic and beautifier. It induces healthy action, cleanses the pores and makes the complexion clear and admirable.

Sold at all Chemists and Stores

Burroughs Wellcome & Co. London and Bombay

xx 623

Keeps the Skin Soft, Clear and Cool.

Icilma Cream is *different* to any other toilet preparation in the world—and has a *better effect*—because it (and it alone) contains the wonderful Icilma Natural Water. This stimulates the skin to healthy, natural action and keeps it always soft, clear and cool. For sunburn and prickly heat—as well as insect bites—it is most beneficial. Pure and fragrant—pleasant to use—leaves no trace on the skin—contains no animal fat—untouched by hand.

Icilma Cream

Of all good Chemists and Stores.

ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

MEN AND MATTERS.

A REMARKABLE TRIAL.

Not often has a stranger trial been seen even in the French Courts than that of the poetess, Mdme. Alice Crespy, for the murder of her lover. The suggestion of the prosecution is that she killed him in order to advertise her poems! The proceedings seem almost as strange as the alleged motive, for during one day's hearing the Public Prosecutor was found to be reading from the wrong deposition while cross-examining an important witness.

WHAT IS DEATH?

Among the many problems raised at the Medical Congress not the least curious is that of Dr. Soresi's experiment. By joining the circulating system of a live animal to that of one that had "bled to death," the dead animal was brought to life again. It is believed that the same process would be equally successful in the case of a human being. It is strange to reflect that even such deaths as would unhesitatingly be certified by a medical man may not be deaths at all.

AN ALL-ROUND ATHLETE.

Mr. W. H. B. Evans, who was killed while flying with Colonel Cody, was a great all-round athlete. At Malvern, playing with Mr. B. S. Foster, he won the Public School Racquets in 1900. He was an excellent cricketer, and was given his Blue for Oxford in 1902; while he also played for Hampshire, for the Gentlemen at Lord's, and for the Gentlemen of England against the Australians. Later he took up polo, and with more practice would undoubtedly have been one of the finest players in the world.

A FAMOUS ANCESTOR.

Lieutenant-Colonel Rodney, who died suddenly of heart disease while travelling from Portsmouth to West Kirby, was a grandson of the famous British naval commander, the first Baron Rodney. Liutenant-Colonel Rodney entered the Royal Marines as second lieutenant in 1854, and became a major 24 years later, retiring in 1880 with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. He had served with the Baltic Expedition in 1855, and lately was chairman of the Gosport bench of magistrates.

AN OLD STAGER.

Mr. Jonathan Dewhurst, who has died in his 77th year, was in his time a popular actor, although he had retired from the stage since 1886. He made his debut in in 1865, and was at the end of his career associated with the late Mr. Wilson Barrett, to whose Hamlet he played the Ghost in 1884. On leaving the boards, Mr. Dewhurst assumed the management of a well-known licenced house in the North of England.

RECORDING THE WINNER

If the system of photographing the finish of horse races just tried at the Maisons Laffitte course, and previously used in Belgium, was adopted generally disputes as to the actual winner of a race would apparently be abolished. In this system the winning horse automatically operates a camera by breaking a very thin wire stretched over the course just before the winning post, and the finish is thus mechanically recorded. The method is not intended to be the only method of judging, but to assist the judges in the event of a very close finish.

THE AUTHOR OF THE "SWORD SONG."

Germany celebrated in Mail week the centenary of the death of Karl Theodor Korner, author of the famous "Sword Song." Korner won fame as a poet and dramatist whilst yet in his teens, and was only twenty-two, in 1813, when he responded to the call to arms to free the Fatherland from the yoke of Napoleon. He fought with great distinction in Von Lutzow's corps of "Wild Huntsmen," writing many stirring songs about the camp fires and even on the battlefield. His masterpiece, the "Sword Song," was written early one August morning in the lines near Mecklenburg. Two hours later the gallant young soldier-poet was shot dead, when charging at the head of his corps.

KING'S TREASURES.

During the renovations now in progress at Buckingham Palace special precautions are to be taken for guarding the treasure vaults on the basement floor of the Palace. Few people even know of the existence of these vaults. They are three in number, and their contents are of almost fabulous value, comprising the vast accumulation of jewels, armour, statuary, pictures, furniture, and other art objects which have come into the possession of the Royal Family through various channels during the past two centuries, and for which no accommodation can be found in the public and State apartments of the Royal residences. Two of the vaults are of immense size, the largest measuring 300ft. by 260ft. These are used for the storage of furniture, pictures, &c. The third vault, much smaller and steel-lined throughout, is the jewel-room. The contents of this third vault may almost be termed priceless. Of gold ornaments alone there are over six thousand, weighing considerably over a ton in all, and many individual items would fetch thousands of pounds in the open market. Most of these treasures came to Queen Victoria as gifts from other sovereigns. Every single object in this vault is catalogued, and the whole collection is checked once a year under the supervision of the Keeper of the Privy Purse.

A NOVEL OCCUPATION.

Judging by an advertisement in a contemporary, the spread of petrol as a means of locomotion seems to afford many opportunities for novel ways of earning a livelihood. The advertisement, which emanates from a "young gentleman (25), married," asks for a situation as companion or secretarial-chauffeur, and mentions that the writer would be willing to undertake all running repairs, &c. Certainly for a young man with social qualities and an expert knowledge of motor-cars, there should be a lucrative opening in work of this kind.

SPOTS ON THE SUN are no cause of anxiety to itself though they may be to many a scientist; but spots on a lady's face are a source of much anxious thought to herself, though they may not be to the inventor of BENSON'S PIMPLE WASH, a most satisfactory and harmless preparation for Pimples, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches, Blackheads, etc.—MADON SONS & Co., Crowford Market, Bombay Phone No, 706.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

COLONEL CODY'S DOUBLE.

Colonel Cody had a singular facial resemblance to the famous French poet Frederic Mistral, and thereby hangs a rather touching dog story (says the "Daily Mail"). Some years ago at Arles a strange dog attached himself to Mistral. Why, Mistral did not know for years; but meeting Colonel Cody long afterwards and laughing at their close resemblance, he mentioned the incident of the dog.

The colonel then told him that the dog had been his—that he had been travelling in France and had lost it at Arles at the very date.

CONSOLING!

The Manchester cyclists were pushing their machines up the Patterdale side of the Kirkstone Pass the other day (says the "Manchester Guardian"), when they encountered a native, "Shall we be able to ride down the other side?" they asked him. "There's been more killed on this!" was the gruff answer.

HEAVY CHANGE.

Among some of the cinemas, where the low price of admission makes the serving of free teas impracticable, the question of small audiences is a pressing one.

The proprietor of one of these houses in a Lanarkshire village has just solved the problem to the satisfaction of himself and a portion of his clientele (says the "Glasgow News"). Nothing that his harvests were smallest on the nights preceding the pay-day, he intimated to the village, in a quite way, that, until further notice, payment in kind would be accepted when coin of the realm was not forthcoming.

Now it is no uncommon experience to see standing in the queues juveniles with jelly jars, bottles, etc. An amusing sidelight on the innovation fell to my lot in one of the local shops the other night. A miner threw back a small silver coin he had received as change from the attendant. "See's coappers for that," he said, "I'm gaun alang tae the pickter-hoose; an' ye never know when they'll start giein' ye yer chinge in jeely jaurs."

5s. FLY NET.

A very amusing story told in the "Referee" some little time ago is worth recalling even now.

The teller of the story and a lady were talking about the house-fly plague. "Oh," said she, "I've seen a five-shilling net advertised that will catch them all."

She had cut the advertisement out, and she produce it from her purse. It read: "The Destruction of Domestic Flies," 5s. net John Murray.

ROMANCE AND REALITY.

Miss Harriet King, a romantic young American girl, recently placed her name and address in a bottle, which she sealed and while out fishing in a motor-launch threw into the sea (says the New York correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph"). The girl asked that whoever found the bottle should communicate with her, and she admitted to her friends that "important things might happen."

The bottle floated from New York, and was finally found at Manteo, North Carolina, by a septuagenarian married negro, with twelve children.

The negro sent his portrait to Miss King, and hinted that the present state of his finances alone prohibited him from coming to New York to make the acquaintance of "so lovable and charming a young lady."

THE TWELVE APOSTLES.

Two visitors from the Midlands were gazing at the Gorsedd circle at the Eisteddfod. "Those stones," said the knowing one, "are the twelve Apostles. I can just remember one of them; it was old Dr. Price, of Llantrisant." So much for bardic history as they tell it in Birmingham.—"Western Mail."

UP-TO-DATE ELOPEMENT.

While her parents were paying farewell visits to friends on the eve of their departure Miss Lochraine Lee (says the Washington, D. C., correspondent of the "New York Evening Telegram") remained at home, packed her suit-case, and arranging a "dummy" in her bed, took a train for New York.

When her parents returned they looked in their daughter's room, and seeing a form on the bed, retired. In the morning they found a note from Miss Lee saying she had gone to New York to marry the man of her choice, Mr. Sidney Witherington. He met his fiance at the train, and they were married without delay.

POLITE FILIPINOS.

An official book is published by the Board of Education in Manila for the guidance of the American teachers who are trying to make perfect gentlemen out of the little Filipinos (says the "Daily Express" New York correspondent.)

Boys are the greatest offenders in the Philippines are elsewhere. Here is the special lessons for the conduct of the boy:—

Hands are to be out of pockets, coats are to be kept buttoned. Especially is this necessary if you wear a military coat with nothing but an undershirt beneath it.

Commonly it will be found in the Philippines that under the coats is nothing but boy.

The boy is to be taught to rise when women enther the room, to carry parcels, to take off the hat—all of these particularly hard injunctions in a community where women, while numerous, have not been considered.

A polite boy never neglects to be polite to his mother. If he walks with her he carries any parcels she may have. If he meets her he takes off his hat to her.

Thus shall the little Filipino grow to be, as good as Mark Twain's Buck Fanshaw who "never show his mother."

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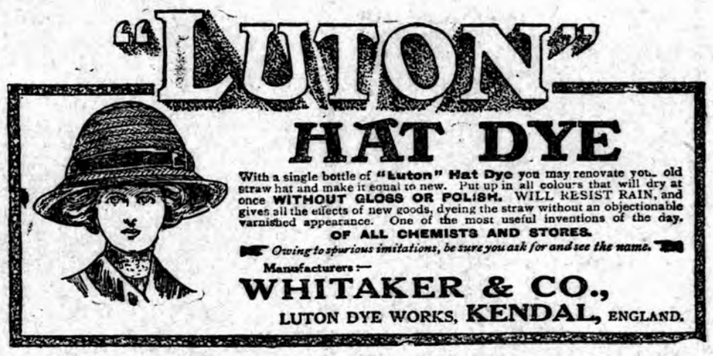
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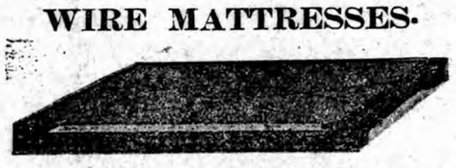

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IF YOU ARE SUFFERING

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By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties
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The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

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